

# Asterisk Documentation

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## Overview

A listing of new capabilities in Asterisk 10

## In Brief

Asterisk 10 introduces a number of new features since the previous 1.8 release. Highlights include:

- Advanced, high-performance wide and ultra-wideband conferencing application for 8-192kHz clients
- Re-architected media negotiation framework featuring support for an array of common sampling rates
- Support for SKYPE's SILK codec, offering narrow, wide and ultra-wideband audio
- Pass-ThroughSupport for the CELT low-latency audio codec at 32 and 48kHz
- Support for the SPEEX codec at 32kHz
- New receive-side jitter buffer capabilities
- CCSS Device State Information

## Detailed Listing

### Text Messaging

- Asterisk now has protocol independent support for processing text messages outside of a call. Messages are routed through the Asterisk dialplan. SIP MESSAGE and XMPP are currently supported. There are options in jabber.conf and sip.conf to allow enabling these features.
  - > jabber.conf: see the "sendtodialplan" and "context" options.
  - > sip.conf: see the "accept\_outofcall\_message", "auth\_message\_requests" and "outofcall\_message\_context" options.The MESSAGE() dialplan function and MessageSend() application have been added to go along with this functionality. More detailed usage information can be found on the Asterisk wiki (<http://wiki.asterisk.org/>).



## Parking

- parkedmusicclass can now be set for non-default parking lots.
- ParkedCall application can now specify a specific parkinglot.

## Asterisk Manager Interface

- PeerStatus now includes Address and Port.
- Added Hold events for when the remote party puts the call on and off hold for chan\_dahdi ISDN channels.
- Added new action MeetmeListRooms to list active conferences (shows same data as "meetme list" at the CLI).
- DAHDIShowChannels, SIPshowpeer, SIPpeers, and IAXpeers now contains a Description field that is set by 'description' in the channel configuration file.
- Added Uniqueid header to UserEvent.
- Added new action FilterAdd to control event filters for the current session. This requires the system permission and uses the same filter syntax as filters that can be defined in manager.conf

## Asterisk HTTP Server

- The HTTP Server can bind to IPv6 addresses.

## chan\_dahdi

- Busy tone patterns featuring 2 silence and 2 tone lengths can now be used with busydetect. usage example:  
busypattern=200,200,200,600

## CLI Changes

- New 'gtalk show settings' command showing the current settings loaded from gtalk.conf.
- The 'logger reload' command now supports an optional argument, specifying an alternate configuration file to use.
- 'dialplan add extension' command will now automatically create a context if the specified context does not exist with a message indicated it did so.
- 'sip show peers', 'iax show peers', and 'dahdi show peers' now contains a Description field which can be populated with 'description' in the channel configuration files (sip.conf, iax2.conf, and chan\_dahdi.conf).

## CDR

- The filter option in cdr\_adaptive\_odbc now supports negating the argument, thus allowing records which do NOT match the specified filter.

## CODECS

- Ability to define custom SILK formats in codecs.conf.
- Addition of speex32 audio format with translation.
- CELT codec pass-through support and ability to define custom CELT formats in codecs.conf.
- Ability to read raw signed linear files with sample rates ranging from 8khz - 192khz. The new file extensions introduced are .sln12, .sln24, .sln32, .sln44, .sln48, .sln96, .sln192.

## ConfBridge

- New highly optimized and customizable ConfBridge application capable of mixing audio at sample rates ranging from 8khz-96khz.
- CONFBRIDGE dialplan function capable of creating dynamic ConfBridge user and bridge profiles on a channel.
- CONFBRIDGE\_INFO dialplan function capable of retrieving information about a conference such as locked status and number of parties, admins, and marked users.
- Addition of video\_mode option in confbridge.conf for adding video support into a bridge profile.
- Addition of the follow\_talker video\_mode in confbridge.conf. This video mode dynamically switches the video feed to always display the loudest talker supplying video in the conference.

## Dialplan Variables

- Added ASTETCDIR, ASTMODDIR, ASTVARLIBDIR, ASTDBDIR, ASTKEYDIR, ASTDATADIR, ASTAGIDIR, ASTSPOOLDIR, ASTRUNDIR, ASTLOGDIR which hold the equivalent variables from asterisk.conf.

## Dialplan Functions

- Addition of the JITTERBUFFER dialplan function. This function allows for jitterbuffering to occur on the read side of a channel. By using this function conference applications such as ConfBridge and MeetMe can have the rx streams jitterbuffered before conference mixing occurs.
- Added DB\_KEYS, which lists the next set of keys in the Asterisk database hierarchy.
- Added STRREPLACE function. This function let's the user search a variable for a given string to replace with another string as many times as the user specifies or just throughout the whole string.
- Added option to CHANNEL(pickupgroup) allow reading and setting the pickupgroup of channel.

## libpri channel driver (chan\_dahdi) DAHDI changes

- Added moh\_signaling option to specify what to do when the channel's bridged peer puts the ISDN channel on hold.
- Added display\_send and display\_receive options to control how the display ie is handled. To send display text from the dialplan use the SendText() application when the option is enabled.
- Added mcid\_send option to allow sending a MCID request on a span.

## Calendaring

- Added setvar option to calendar.conf to allow setting channel variables on notification channels.
- Added "calendar show types" CLI command to list registered calendar connectors.

## MixMonitor

- Added two new options, r and t with file name arguments to record single direction (unmixed) audio recording separate from the bidirectional (mixed) recording. The mixed file name argument is optional now as long as at least one recording option is used.

## FollowMe

- Added a new option, l, which will disable local call optimization for channels involved with the FollowMe thread. Use this option to improve compatability for a FollowMe call with certain dialplan apps, options, and functions.

## CEL

- cel\_pgsqll now supports the 'extra' column for data added using the CELGenUserEvent() application.

## pbx\_lua

- Support for defining hints has been added to pbx\_lua. See the 'hints' table in the sample extensions.lua file for syntax details.
- Applications that perform jumps in the dialplan such as Goto will now execute properly. When pbx\_lua detects that the context, extension, or priority we are executing on has changed it will immediately return control to the asterisk PBX engine. Currently the engine cannot detect a Goto to the priority after the currently executing priority.
- An autoservice is now started by default for pbx\_lua channels. It can be stopped and restarted using the autoservice\_stop() and autoservice\_start() functions.

## res\_fax

- The ReceiveFAXStatus and SendFAXStatus manager events have been consolidated into a FAXStatus event with an 'Operation' header that will be either 'send', 'receive', or 'gateway'.
- T.38 gateway functionality has been added to res\_fax (and res\_fax\_spandsp). Set FAXOPT(gateway)=yes to enable this functionality on a channel. This feature will handle converting a fax call between an audio T.30 fax terminal and an IFP T.38 fax terminal.

## SIP Changes

- Add T38 support for REJECTED state where T.38 Negotiation is explicitly rejected.

## Queue changes

- Added general option `negative_penalty_invalid` default off. when set members are seen as invalid/logged out when there penalty is negative. For realtime members when set remove from queue will set penalty to -1.
- Added queue option `autopausedelay` when `autopause` is enabled it will be delayed for this number of seconds since last successful call if there was no prior call the agent will be autopaused immediately.
- Added member option `ignorebusy` this when set and `ringinuse` is not will allow per member control of multiple calls as `ringinuse` does for the Queue.

## Applications

- Added 'v' option to MeetMe to play voicemail greetings when a user joins/leaves a MeetMe conference
- Added ability to include '@parkinglot' to ParkedCall extension in order to specify a specific parkinglot on which to search the extension.

## Asterisk Database

- The internal Asterisk database has been switched from Berkeley DB 1.86 to SQLite 3. An existing Berkeley `astdb` file can be converted with the `astdb2sqlite3` utility in the UTILS section of `menuselect`. If an existing `astdb` is found and no `astdb.sqlite3` exists, `astdb2sqlite3` will be compiled automatically. Asterisk will convert an existing `astdb` to the SQLite3 version automatically at runtime.

## Asterisk Modules

- Modules marked as deprecated are no longer marked as building by default. Enabling these modules is still available via `menuselect`.

# Asterisk 10 Command Reference

This page is the top level page for all of the Asterisk 10 applications, functions, manager actions, and AGI commands that are kept in the XML based documentation that is included with Asterisk 10.

## Asterisk 10 AGI Commands

### Asterisk 10 AGICommand\_ANSWER

#### ANSWER

##### Synopsis

Answer channel

##### Description

Answers channel if not already in answer state. Returns -1 on channel failure, or 0 if successful.

##### Syntax

ANSWER

##### Arguments

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 AGICommand\\_HANGUP](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 AGICommand\_ASYNCAGI BREAK

### ASYNCAGI BREAK

#### Synopsis

Interrupts Async AGI

#### Description

Interrupts expected flow of Async AGI commands and returns control to previous source (typically, the PBX dialplan).

#### Syntax

```
ASYNCAGI BREAK
```

#### Arguments

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 AGICommand\\_HANGUP](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 AGICommand\_CHANNEL STATUS

### CHANNEL STATUS

#### Synopsis

Returns status of the connected channel.

#### Description

Returns the status of the specified *channelname*. If no channel name is given then returns the status of the current channel.

Return values:

Channel is down and available.

Channel is down, but reserved.

Channel is off hook.

Digits (or equivalent) have been dialed.

Line is ringing.

Remote end is ringing.

Line is up.

Line is busy.

#### Syntax

```
CHANNEL STATUS [CHANNELNAME]
```

#### Arguments

- CHANNELNAME

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 AGICommand\_CONTROL STREAM FILE

### CONTROL STREAM FILE

#### Synopsis

Sends audio file on channel and allows the listener to control the stream.

#### Description

Send the given file, allowing playback to be controlled by the given digits, if any. Use double quotes for the digits if you wish none to be permitted. Returns 0 if playback completes without a digit being pressed, or the ASCII numerical value of the digit if one was pressed, or -1 on error or if the channel was disconnected.

#### Syntax

```
CONTROL STREAM FILE FILENAME ESCAPE_DIGITS [SKIPMS] [FFCHAR]  
[REWCHR] [PAUSECHR]
```

#### Arguments

- `FILENAME` - The file extension must not be included in the filename.
- `ESCAPE_DIGITS`
- `SKIPMS`
- `FFCHAR` - Defaults to \*
- `REWCHR` - Defaults to #
- `PAUSECHR`

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 AGICommand\_DATABASE DEL

### DATABASE DEL

#### Synopsis

Removes database key/value

#### Description

Deletes an entry in the Asterisk database for a given *family* and *key*.

Returns 1 if successful, 0 otherwise.

#### Syntax

```
DATABASE DEL FAMILY KEY
```

#### Arguments

- `FAMILY`
- `KEY`

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 AGICommand\_DATABASE DELTREE

### DATABASE DELTREE

#### Synopsis

Removes database keytree/value

### Description

Deletes a *family* or specific *keytree* within a *family* in the Asterisk database.

Returns 1 if successful, 0 otherwise.

### Syntax

```
DATABASE DELTREE FAMILY [KEYTREE]
```

### Arguments

- FAMILY
- KEYTREE

### See Also

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 AGICommand\_DATABASE GET

### DATABASE GET

#### Synopsis

Gets database value

#### Description

Retrieves an entry in the Asterisk database for a given *family* and *key*.

Returns 0 if *key* is not set. Returns 1 if *key* is set and returns the variable in parenthesis.

Example return code: 200 result=1 (testvariable)

### Syntax

```
DATABASE GET FAMILY KEY
```

### Arguments

- FAMILY
- KEY

### See Also

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 AGICommand\_DATABASE PUT

### DATABASE PUT

#### Synopsis

Adds/updates database value

#### Description

Adds or updates an entry in the Asterisk database for a given *family*, *key*, and *value*.

Returns 1 if successful, 0 otherwise.

#### Syntax

```
DATABASE PUT FAMILY KEY VALUE
```

#### Arguments

- FAMILY
- KEY
- VALUE

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 AGICommand\_EXEC

### EXEC

#### Synopsis

Executes a given Application

#### Description

Executes *application* with given *options*.

Returns whatever the *application* returns, or -2 on failure to find *application*.

#### Syntax

```
EXEC APPLICATION OPTIONS
```



#### Arguments

- APPLICATION
- OPTIONS

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 AGICommand\_GET DATA

### GET DATA

#### Synopsis

Prompts for DTMF on a channel

#### Description

Stream the given *file*, and receive DTMF data.

Returns the digits received from the channel at the other end.

#### Syntax

```
GET DATA FILE [TIMEOUT] [MAXDIGITS]
```

#### Arguments

- FILE
- TIMEOUT
- MAXDIGITS

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 AGICommand\_GET FULL VARIABLE

### GET FULL VARIABLE

#### Synopsis

Evaluates a channel expression

#### Description

Returns 0 if *variablename* is not set or channel does not exist. Returns 1 if *variablename* is set and returns the variable in parenthesis. Understands complex variable names and builtin variables, unlike GET VARIABLE.

Example return code: 200 result=1 (testvariable)

#### Syntax

```
GET FULL VARIABLE VARIABLENAME [CHANNEL_NAME]
```

#### Arguments

- VARIABLENAME
- CHANNEL\_NAME

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 AGICommand\_GET OPTION

### GET OPTION

#### Synopsis

Stream file, prompt for DTMF, with timeout.

#### Description

Behaves similar to STREAM FILE but used with a timeout option.

#### Syntax

```
GET OPTION FILENAME ESCAPE_DIGITS [TIMEOUT]
```

#### Arguments

- FILENAME
- ESCAPE\_DIGITS
- TIMEOUT

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 AGICommand\\_STREAM FILE](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 AGICommand\_GET VARIABLE

### GET VARIABLE

#### Synopsis

Gets a channel variable.

#### Description

Returns 0 if *variablename* is not set. Returns 1 if *variablename* is set and returns the variable in parentheses.

Example return code: 200 result=1 (testvariable)

#### Syntax

```
GET VARIABLE VARIABLENAME
```

#### Arguments

- VARIABLENAME

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 AGICommand\_GOSUB

### GOSUB

#### Synopsis

Cause the channel to execute the specified dialplan subroutine.

#### Description

Cause the channel to execute the specified dialplan subroutine, returning to the dialplan with execution of a Return().

#### Syntax

```
GOSUB CONTEXT EXTENSION PRIORITY [OPTIONAL-ARGUMENT]
```

#### Arguments

- CONTEXT
- EXTENSION

- PRIORITY
- OPTIONAL-ARGUMENT

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 AGICommand\_HANGUP

### HANGUP

#### Synopsis

Hangup a channel.

#### Description

Hangs up the specified channel. If no channel name is given, hangs up the current channel

#### Syntax

```
HANGUP [ CHANNELNAME ]
```

#### Arguments

- CHANNELNAME

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 AGICommand\_NOOP

### NOOP

#### Synopsis

Does nothing.

#### Description

Does nothing.

#### Syntax

```
NOOP
```

#### Arguments

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 AGICommand\_RECEIVE CHAR

### RECEIVE CHAR

#### Synopsis

Receives one character from channels supporting it.

#### Description

Receives a character of text on a channel. Most channels do not support the reception of text. Returns the decimal value of the character if one is received, or 0 if the channel does not support text reception. Returns -1 only on error/hangup.

#### Syntax

```
RECEIVE CHAR TIMEOUT
```

#### Arguments

- `TIMEOUT` - The maximum time to wait for input in milliseconds, or 0 for infinite. Most channels

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 AGICommand\_RECEIVE TEXT

### RECEIVE TEXT

#### Synopsis

Receives text from channels supporting it.

#### Description

Receives a string of text on a channel. Most channels do not support the reception of text. Returns -1 for failure or 1 for success, and the string in parenthesis.

#### Syntax

```
RECEIVE TEXT TIMEOUT
```

#### Arguments

- `TIMEOUT` - The timeout to be the maximum time to wait for input in milliseconds, or 0 for infinite.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 AGICommand\_RECORD FILE

### RECORD FILE

#### Synopsis

Records to a given file.

#### Description

Record to a file until a given dtmf digit in the sequence is received. Returns -1 on hangup or error. The format will specify what kind of file will be recorded. The *timeout* is the maximum record time in milliseconds, or -1 for no *timeout*. *offset samples* is optional, and, if provided, will seek to the offset without exceeding the end of the file. *silence* is the number of seconds of silence allowed before the function returns despite the lack of dtmf digits or reaching *timeout*. *silence* value must be preceded by *s=* and is also optional.

#### Syntax

```
RECORD FILE FILENAME FORMAT ESCAPE_DIGITS TIMEOUT [OFFSET_SAMPLES]  
[BEEP] [S=SILENCE]
```

#### Arguments

- `FILENAME`
- `FORMAT`
- `ESCAPE_DIGITS`
- `TIMEOUT`
- `OFFSET_SAMPLES`
- `BEEP`
- `S=SILENCE`

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 AGICommand\_SAY ALPHA

### SAY ALPHA

#### Synopsis

Says a given character string.

#### Description

Say a given character string, returning early if any of the given DTMF digits are received on the channel. Returns 0 if playback completes without a digit being pressed, or the ASCII numerical value of the digit if one was pressed or -1 on error/hangup.

#### Syntax

```
SAY ALPHA NUMBER ESCAPE_DIGITS
```

#### Arguments

- NUMBER
- ESCAPE\_DIGITS

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 AGICommand\_SAY DATE

### SAY DATE

#### Synopsis

Says a given date.

#### Description

Say a given date, returning early if any of the given DTMF digits are received on the channel. Returns 0 if playback completes without a digit being pressed, or the ASCII numerical value of the digit if one was pressed or -1 on error/hangup.

#### Syntax

```
SAY DATE DATE ESCAPE_DIGITS
```

### Arguments

- `DATE` - Is number of seconds elapsed since 00:00:00 on January 1, 1970. Coordinated Universal Time (UTC).
- `ESCAPE_DIGITS`

### See Also

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 AGICommand\_SAY DATETIME

### SAY DATETIME

#### Synopsis

Says a given time as specified by the format given.

#### Description

Say a given time, returning early if any of the given DTMF digits are received on the channel. Returns 0 if playback completes without a digit being pressed, or the ASCII numerical value of the digit if one was pressed or -1 on error/hangup.

#### Syntax

```
SAY DATETIME TIME ESCAPE_DIGITS [FORMAT] [TIMEZONE]
```

### Arguments

- `TIME` - Is number of seconds elapsed since 00:00:00 on January 1, 1970, Coordinated Universal Time (UTC)
- `ESCAPE_DIGITS`
- `FORMAT` - Is the format the time should be said in. See `voicemail.conf` (defaults to `ABdY 'digits/at' Imp`).
- `TIMEZONE` - Acceptable values can be found in `/usr/share/zoneinfo` Defaults to machine default.

### See Also

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 AGICommand\_SAY DIGITS

### SAY DIGITS

#### Synopsis

Says a given digit string.

#### Description



Say a given digit string, returning early if any of the given DTMF digits are received on the channel. Returns 0 if playback completes without a digit being pressed, or the ASCII numerical value of the digit if one was pressed or -1 on error/hangup.

#### Syntax

```
SAY DIGITS NUMBER ESCAPE_DIGITS
```

#### Arguments

- NUMBER
- ESCAPE\_DIGITS

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 AGICommand\_SAY NUMBER

### SAY NUMBER

#### Synopsis

Says a given number.

#### Description

Say a given number, returning early if any of the given DTMF digits are received on the channel. Returns 0 if playback completes without a digit being pressed, or the ASCII numerical value of the digit if one was pressed or -1 on error/hangup.

#### Syntax

```
SAY NUMBER NUMBER ESCAPE_DIGITS [GENDER]
```

#### Arguments

- NUMBER
- ESCAPE\_DIGITS
- GENDER

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 AGICommand\_SAY PHONETIC

## SAY PHONETIC

### Synopsis

Says a given character string with phonetics.

### Description

Say a given character string with phonetics, returning early if any of the given DTMF digits are received on the channel. Returns 0 if playback completes without a digit pressed, the ASCII numerical value of the digit if one was pressed, or -1 on error/hangup.

### Syntax

```
SAY PHONETIC STRING ESCAPE_DIGITS
```

### Arguments

- STRING
- ESCAPE\_DIGITS

### See Also

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 AGICommand\_SAY TIME

## SAY TIME

### Synopsis

Says a given time.

### Description

Say a given time, returning early if any of the given DTMF digits are received on the channel. Returns 0 if playback completes without a digit being pressed, or the ASCII numerical value of the digit if one was pressed or -1 on error/hangup.

### Syntax

```
SAY TIME TIME ESCAPE_DIGITS
```

### Arguments

- TIME - Is number of seconds elapsed since 00:00:00 on January 1, 1970. Coordinated Universal Time (UTC).
- ESCAPE\_DIGITS

## See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 AGICommand\_SEND IMAGE

## SEND IMAGE

### Synopsis

Sends images to channels supporting it.

### Description

Sends the given image on a channel. Most channels do not support the transmission of images. Returns 0 if image is sent, or if the channel does not support image transmission. Returns -1 only on error/hangup. Image names should not include extensions.

### Syntax

```
SEND IMAGE IMAGE
```

### Arguments

- IMAGE

## See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 AGICommand\_SEND TEXT

## SEND TEXT

### Synopsis

Sends text to channels supporting it.

### Description

Sends the given text on a channel. Most channels do not support the transmission of text. Returns 0 if text is sent, or if the channel does not support text transmission. Returns -1 only on error/hangup.

### Syntax

```
SEND TEXT TEXT_TO_SEND
```

#### Arguments

- `TEXT_TO_SEND` - Text consisting of greater than one word should be placed in quotes since the command only accepts a single argument.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 AGICommand\_SET AUTOHANGUP

### SET AUTOHANGUP

#### Synopsis

Autohangup channel in some time.

#### Description

Cause the channel to automatically hangup at *time* seconds in the future. Of course it can be hungup before then as well. Setting to 0 will cause the autohangup feature to be disabled on this channel.

#### Syntax

```
SET AUTOHANGUP TIME
```

#### Arguments

- `TIME`

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 AGICommand\_SET CALLERID

### SET CALLERID

#### Synopsis

Sets callerid for the current channel.

### Description

Changes the callerid of the current channel.

### Syntax

```
SET CALLERID NUMBER
```

### Arguments

- NUMBER

### See Also

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 AGICommand\_SET CONTEXT

### SET CONTEXT

#### Synopsis

Sets channel context.

#### Description

Sets the context for continuation upon exiting the application.

#### Syntax

```
SET CONTEXT DESIRED_CONTEXT
```

#### Arguments

- DESIRED\_CONTEXT

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 AGICommand\_SET EXTENSION

### SET EXTENSION

#### Synopsis

Changes channel extension.

#### Description

Changes the extension for continuation upon exiting the application.

#### Syntax

```
SET EXTENSION NEW_EXTENSION
```

#### Arguments

- NEW\_EXTENSION

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 AGICommand\_SET MUSIC

### SET MUSIC

#### Synopsis

Enable/Disable Music on hold generator

#### Description

Enables/Disables the music on hold generator. If *class* is not specified, then the `default` music on hold class will be used.

Always returns 0.

#### Syntax

```
SET MUSIC UNNAMED_PARAMETER CLASS
```

#### Arguments

- UNNAMED\_PARAMETER
  - Unnamed Option
  - Unnamed Option
- CLASS

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 AGICommand\_SET PRIORITY

### SET PRIORITY

#### Synopsis

Set channel dialplan priority.

#### Description

Changes the priority for continuation upon exiting the application. The priority must be a valid priority or label.

#### Syntax

```
SET PRIORITY PRIORITY
```

#### Arguments

- PRIORITY

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 AGICommand\_SET VARIABLE

### SET VARIABLE

#### Synopsis

Sets a channel variable.

#### Description

Sets a variable to the current channel.

#### Syntax

```
SET VARIABLE VARIABLENAME VALUE
```

#### Arguments

- VARIABLENAME
- VALUE

#### See Also

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 AGICommand\_SPEECH ACTIVATE GRAMMAR

### SPEECH ACTIVATE GRAMMAR

#### Synopsis

Activates a grammar.

#### Description

Activates the specified grammar on the speech object.

#### Syntax

```
SPEECH ACTIVATE GRAMMAR GRAMMAR_NAME
```

#### Arguments

- GRAMMAR\_NAME

#### See Also

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 AGICommand\_SPEECH CREATE

### SPEECH CREATE

#### Synopsis

Creates a speech object.

#### Description

Create a speech object to be used by the other Speech AGI commands.

#### Syntax

```
SPEECH CREATE ENGINE
```

#### Arguments

- ENGINE



#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 AGICommand\_SPEECH DEACTIVATE GRAMMAR

### SPEECH DEACTIVATE GRAMMAR

#### Synopsis

Deactivates a grammar.

#### Description

Deactivates the specified grammar on the speech object.

#### Syntax

```
SPEECH DEACTIVATE GRAMMAR GRAMMAR_NAME
```

#### Arguments

- GRAMMAR\_NAME

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 AGICommand\_SPEECH DESTROY

### SPEECH DESTROY

#### Synopsis

Destroys a speech object.

#### Description

Destroy the speech object created by `SPEECH CREATE`.

#### Syntax

```
SPEECH DESTROY
```

#### Arguments

## See Also

[Asterisk 10 AGICommand\\_SPEECH CREATE](#)

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 AGICommand\_SPEECH LOAD GRAMMAR

## SPEECH LOAD GRAMMAR

### Synopsis

Loads a grammar.

### Description

Loads the specified grammar as the specified name.

### Syntax

```
SPEECH LOAD GRAMMAR GRAMMAR_NAME PATH_TO_GRAMMAR
```

### Arguments

- GRAMMAR\_NAME
- PATH\_TO\_GRAMMAR

## See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 AGICommand\_SPEECH RECOGNIZE

## SPEECH RECOGNIZE

### Synopsis

Recognizes speech.

### Description

Plays back given *prompt* while listening for speech and dtmf.

### Syntax

```
SPEECH RECOGNIZE PROMPT TIMEOUT [OFFSET]
```

#### Arguments

- PROMPT
- TIMEOUT
- OFFSET

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 AGICommand\_SPEECH SET

### SPEECH SET

#### Synopsis

Sets a speech engine setting.

#### Description

Set an engine-specific setting.

#### Syntax

```
SPEECH SET NAME VALUE
```

#### Arguments

- SPEECH SET
- VALUE

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 AGICommand\_SPEECH UNLOAD GRAMMAR

### SPEECH UNLOAD GRAMMAR

#### Synopsis

Unloads a grammar.

#### Description

Unloads the specified grammar.

#### Syntax

```
SPEECH UNLOAD GRAMMAR GRAMMAR_NAME
```

#### Arguments

- GRAMMAR\_NAME

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 AGICommand\_STREAM FILE

### STREAM FILE

#### Synopsis

Sends audio file on channel.

#### Description

Send the given file, allowing playback to be interrupted by the given digits, if any. Returns 0 if playback completes without a digit being pressed, or the ASCII numerical value of the digit if one was pressed, or -1 on error or if the channel was disconnected.

#### Syntax

```
STREAM FILE FILENAME ESCAPE_DIGITS [SAMPLE_OFFSET]
```

#### Arguments

- FILENAME - File name to play. The file extension must not be included in the *filename*.
- ESCAPE\_DIGITS - Use double quotes for the digits if you wish none to be permitted.
- SAMPLE\_OFFSET - If sample offset is provided then the audio will seek to sample offset before play starts.

#### See Also

## Asterisk 10 AGICommand\_CONTROL STREAM FILE

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 AGICommand\_TDD MODE

## TDD MODE

### Synopsis

Toggles TDD mode (for the deaf).

### Description

Enable/Disable TDD transmission/reception on a channel. Returns 1 if successful, or 0 if channel is not TDD-capable.

### Syntax

```
TDD MODE BOOLEAN
```

### Arguments

- BOOLEAN
  - on
  - off

### See Also

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 AGICommand\_VERBOSE

### VERBOSE

### Synopsis

Logs a message to the asterisk verbose log.

### Description

Sends *message* to the console via verbose message system. *level* is the verbose level (1-4). Always returns 1

### Syntax

```
VERBOSE MESSAGE LEVEL
```

### Arguments

- MESSAGE
- LEVEL

### See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 AGICommand\_WAIT FOR DIGIT

## WAIT FOR DIGIT

### Synopsis

Waits for a digit to be pressed.

### Description

Waits up to *timeout* milliseconds for channel to receive a DTMF digit. Returns `-1` on channel failure, `0` if no digit is received in the timeout, or the numerical value of the ascii of the digit if one is received. Use `-1` for the *timeout* value if you desire the call to block indefinitely.

### Syntax

```
WAIT FOR DIGIT TIMEOUT
```

### Arguments

- `TIMEOUT`

### See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 AMI Actions

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_AbsoluteTimeout

### AbsoluteTimeout

### Synopsis

Set absolute timeout.

### Description

Hangup a channel after a certain time. Acknowledges set time with `Timeout` Set message.

### Syntax

```
Action: AbsoluteTimeout
[ActionID:] <value>
Channel: <value>
Timeout: <value>
```

#### Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- `Channel` - Channel name to hangup.
- `Timeout` - Maximum duration of the call (sec).

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_AgentLogoff

### AgentLogoff

#### Synopsis

Sets an agent as no longer logged in.

#### Description

Sets an agent as no longer logged in.

#### Syntax

```
Action: AgentLogoff
[ActionID:] <value>
Agent: <value>
[Soft:] <value>
```

#### Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- `Agent` - Agent ID of the agent to log off.
- `Soft` - Set to `true` to not hangup existing calls.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_Agents

## Agents

### Synopsis

Lists agents and their status.

### Description

Will list info about all possible agents.

### Syntax

```
Action: Agents  
[ActionID:] <value>
```

### Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.

### See Also

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_AGI

### AGI

### Synopsis

Add an AGI command to execute by Async AGI.

### Description

Add an AGI command to the execute queue of the channel in Async AGI.

### Syntax

```
Action: AGI  
[ActionID:] <value>  
Channel: <value>  
Command: <value>  
[CommandID:] <value>
```

### Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- `Channel` - Channel that is currently in Async AGI.
- `Command` - Application to execute.



- `CommandID` - This will be sent back in `CommandID` header of AsyncAGI exec event notification.

## See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_AOCMessage

## AOCMessage

### Synopsis

Generate an Advice of Charge message on a channel.

### Description

Generates an AOC-D or AOC-E message on a channel.

### Syntax

```
Action: AOCMessage
[ActionID:] <value>
Channel: <value>
[ChannelPrefix:] <value>
MsgType: <value>
ChargeType: <value>
[UnitAmount(0):] <value>
[UnitType(0):] <value>
[CurrencyName:] <value>
[CurrencyAmount:] <value>
[CurrencyMultiplier:] <value>
[TotalType:] <value>
[AOCBillingId:] <value>
[ChargingAssociationId:] <value>
[ChargingAssociationNumber:] <value>
[ChargingAssociationPlan:] <value>
```

### Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- `Channel` - Channel name to generate the AOC message on.
- `ChannelPrefix` - Partial channel prefix. By using this option one can match the beginning part of a channel name without having to put the entire name in. For example if a channel name is SIP/snom-00000001 and this value is set to SIP/snom, then that channel matches and the message will be sent. Note however that only the first matched channel has the message sent on it.
- `MsgType` - Defines what type of AOC message to create, AOC-D or AOC-E
  - D
  - E
- `ChargeType` - Defines what kind of charge this message represents.
  - NA
  - FREE

- Currency
  - Unit
- UnitAmount(0) - This represents the amount of units charged. The ETSI AOC standard specifies that this value along with the optional UnitType value are entries in a list. To accommodate this these values take an index value starting at 0 which can be used to generate this list of unit entries. For Example, If two unit entries were required this could be achieved by setting the parameter UnitAmount(0)=1234 and UnitAmount(1)=5678. Note that UnitAmount at index 0 is required when ChargeType=Unit, all other entries in the list are optional.
- UnitType(0) - Defines the type of unit. ETSI AOC standard specifies this as an integer value between 1 and 16, but this value is left open to accept any positive integer. Like the UnitAmount parameter, this value represents a list entry and has an index parameter that starts at 0.
- CurrencyName - Specifies the currency's name. Note that this value is truncated after 10 characters.
- CurrencyAmount - Specifies the charge unit amount as a positive integer. This value is required when ChargeType==Currency.
- CurrencyMultiplier - Specifies the currency multiplier. This value is required when ChargeType==Currency.
  - OneThousandth
  - OneHundredth
  - OneTenth
  - One
  - Ten
  - Hundred
  - Thousand
- TotalType - Defines what kind of AOC-D total is represented.
  - Total
  - SubTotal
- AOCBillingId - Represents a billing ID associated with an AOC-D or AOC-E message. Note that only the first 3 items of the enum are valid AOC-D billing IDs
  - Normal
  - ReverseCharge
  - CreditCard
  - CallFwdUnconditional
  - CallFwdBusy
  - CallFwdNoReply
  - CallDeflection
  - CallTransfer
- ChargingAssociationId - Charging association identifier. This is optional for AOC-E and can be set to any value between -32768 and 32767
- ChargingAssociationNumber - Represents the charging association party number. This value is optional for AOC-E.
- ChargingAssociationPlan - Integer representing the charging plan associated with the ChargingAssociationNumber. The value is bits 7 through 1 of the Q.931 octet containing the type-of-number and numbering-plan-identification fields.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_Atxfer

### Atxfer

#### Synopsis

Attended transfer.

#### Description

Attended transfer.

#### Syntax

```
Action: Atxfer
[ActionID:] <value>
Channel: <value>
Exten: <value>
Context: <value>
Priority: <value>
```

#### Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- `Channel` - Transferer's channel.
- `Exten` - Extension to transfer to.
- `Context` - Context to transfer to.
- `Priority` - Priority to transfer to.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_Bridge

### Bridge

#### Synopsis

Bridge two channels already in the PBX.

#### Description

Bridge together two channels already in the PBX.

#### Syntax

```
Action: Bridge
[ActionID:] <value>
Channel1: <value>
Channel2: <value>
[Tone:] <value>
```

#### Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- `Channel1` - Channel to Bridge to Channel2.
- `Channel2` - Channel to Bridge to Channel1.
- `Tone` - Play courtesy tone to Channel 2.
  - yes
  - no

#### See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_Challenge

## Challenge

### Synopsis

Generate Challenge for MD5 Auth.

### Description

Generate a challenge for MD5 authentication.

### Syntax

```
Action: Challenge  
[ActionID:] <value>  
AuthType: <value>
```

### Arguments

- **ActionID** - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- **AuthType** - Digest algorithm to use in the challenge. Valid values are:
  - MD5

### See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_ChangeMonitor

## ChangeMonitor

### Synopsis

Change monitoring filename of a channel.

### Description

This action may be used to change the file started by a previous 'Monitor' action.

### Syntax

```
Action: ChangeMonitor
[ActionID:] <value>
Channel: <value>
File: <value>
```

#### Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- `Channel` - Used to specify the channel to record.
- `File` - Is the new name of the file created in the monitor spool directory.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_Command

### Command

#### Synopsis

Execute Asterisk CLI Command.

#### Description

Run a CLI command.

#### Syntax

```
Action: Command
[ActionID:] <value>
Command: <value>
```

#### Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- `Command` - Asterisk CLI command to run.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_ConfbridgeKick

### ConfbridgeKick

## Synopsis

Kick a Confbridge user.

## Description

## Syntax

```
Action: ConfbridgeKick  
[ActionID:] <value>  
Conference: <value>  
Channel: <value>
```

## Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- `Conference`
- `Channel`

## See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_ConfbridgeList

## ConfbridgeList

## Synopsis

List participants in a conference.

## Description

Lists all users in a particular ConfBridge conference. ConfbridgeList will follow as separate events, followed by a final event called ConfbridgeListComplete.

## Syntax

```
Action: ConfbridgeList  
[ActionID:] <value>  
[Conference:] <value>
```

## Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- `Conference` - Conference number.

## See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_ConfbridgeListRooms

## ConfbridgeListRooms

### Synopsis

List active conferences.

### Description

Lists data about all active conferences. ConfbridgeListRooms will follow as separate events, followed by a final event called ConfbridgeListRoomsComplete.

### Syntax

```
Action: ConfbridgeListRooms  
[ActionID:] <value>
```

### Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.

### See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_ConfbridgeLock

## ConfbridgeLock

### Synopsis

Lock a Confbridge conference.

### Description

### Syntax

```
Action: ConfbridgeLock  
[ActionID:] <value>  
Conference: <value>
```

### Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- `Conference`

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_ConfbridgeMute

### ConfbridgeMute

#### Synopsis

Mute a Confbridge user.

#### Description

#### Syntax

```
Action: ConfbridgeMute  
[ActionID:] <value>  
Conference: <value>  
Channel: <value>
```

#### Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- `Conference`
- `Channel`

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_ConfbridgeSetSingleVideoSrc

### ConfbridgeSetSingleVideoSrc

#### Synopsis

Set a conference user as the single video source distributed to all other participants.

#### Description

#### Syntax



```
Action: ConfbridgeSetSingleVideoSrc
[ActionID:] <value>
Conference: <value>
Channel: <value>
```

#### Arguments

- ActionID - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- Conference
- Channel

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_ConfbridgeStartRecord

### ConfbridgeStartRecord

#### Synopsis

Start recording a Confbridge conference.

#### Description

Start recording a conference. If recording is already present an error will be returned. If RecordFile is not provided, the default record file specified in the conference's bridge profile will be used, if that is not present either a file will automatically be generated in the monitor directory.

#### Syntax

```
Action: ConfbridgeStartRecord
[ActionID:] <value>
Conference: <value>
[RecordFile:] <value>
```

#### Arguments

- ActionID - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- Conference
- RecordFile

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_ConfbridgeStopRecord

### ConfbridgeStopRecord

#### Synopsis

Stop recording a Confbridge conference.

#### Description

#### Syntax

```
Action: ConfbridgeStopRecord  
[ActionID:] <value>  
Conference: <value>
```

#### Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- `Conference`

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_ConfbridgeUnlock

### ConfbridgeUnlock

#### Synopsis

Unlock a Confbridge conference.

#### Description

#### Syntax

```
Action: ConfbridgeUnlock  
[ActionID:] <value>  
Conference: <value>
```

#### Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- `Conference`

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_ConfbridgeUnmute

### ConfbridgeUnmute

#### Synopsis

Unmute a Confbridge user.

#### Description

#### Syntax

```
Action: ConfbridgeUnmute  
[ActionID:] <value>  
Conference: <value>  
Channel: <value>
```

#### Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- `Conference`
- `Channel`

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_CoreSettings

### CoreSettings

#### Synopsis

Show PBX core settings (version etc).

#### Description

Query for Core PBX settings.

#### Syntax

```
Action: CoreSettings  
[ActionID:] <value>
```

#### Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_CoreShowChannels

### CoreShowChannels

#### Synopsis

List currently active channels.

#### Description

List currently defined channels and some information about them.

#### Syntax

```
Action: CoreShowChannels  
[ActionID:] <value>
```

#### Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_CoreStatus

### CoreStatus

#### Synopsis

Show PBX core status variables.

#### Description

Query for Core PBX status.

#### Syntax

```
Action: CoreStatus  
[ActionID:] <value>
```

#### Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_CreateConfig

### CreateConfig

#### Synopsis

Creates an empty file in the configuration directory.

#### Description

This action will create an empty file in the configuration directory. This action is intended to be used before an UpdateConfig action.

#### Syntax

```
Action: CreateConfig  
[ActionID:] <value>  
Filename: <value>
```

#### Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- `Filename` - The configuration filename to create (e.g. `foo.conf` ).

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_DAHDI DialOffhook

### DAHDI DialOffhook

#### Synopsis

Dial over DAHDI channel while offhook.

#### Description

Generate DTMF control frames to the bridged peer.

#### Syntax

```
Action: DAHDIDialOffhook  
[ActionID:] <value>  
DAHDIChannel: <value>  
Number: <value>
```

#### Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- `DAHDIChannel` - DAHDI channel number to dial digits.
- `Number` - Digits to dial.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_DAHDIDNDoff

### DAHDIDNDoff

#### Synopsis

Toggle DAHDI channel Do Not Disturb status OFF.

#### Description

Equivalent to the CLI command "dahdi set dnd Equivalent to the CLI command "dahdi set dnd None - channel off".

Feature only supported by analog channels.Feature only supported by analog channels.

#### Syntax

```
Action: DAHDIDNDoff  
[ActionID:] <value>  
DAHDIChannel: <value>
```

#### Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- `DAHDIChannel` - DAHDI channel number to set DND off.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_DAHDIDNDon

### DAHDIIDNDon

#### Synopsis

Toggle DAHDI channel Do Not Disturb status ON.

#### Description

Equivalent to the CLI command "dahdi set dnd Equivalent to the CLI command "dahdi set dnd None - channel on".

Feature only supported by analog channels.Feature only supported by analog channels.

#### Syntax

```
Action: DAHDIDNDon  
[ActionID:] <value>  
DAHDIChannel: <value>
```

#### Arguments

- ActionID - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- DAHDIChannel - DAHDI channel number to set DND on.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_DAHDIHangup

### DAHDIHangup

#### Synopsis

Hangup DAHDI Channel.

#### Description

Simulate an on-hook event by the user connected to the channel.

Valid only for analog channels.Valid only for analog channels.

#### Syntax

```
Action: DAHDIDHangup  
[ActionID:] <value>  
DAHDIDChannel: <value>
```

#### Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- `DAHDIDChannel` - DAHDI channel number to hangup.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_DAHDIRestart

### DAHDIRestart

#### Synopsis

Fully Restart DAHDI channels (terminates calls).

#### Description

Equivalent to the CLI command "dahdi restart".

#### Syntax

```
Action: DAHDIRestart  
[ActionID:] <value>
```

#### Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_DAHDIShowChannels

### DAHDIShowChannels



## Synopsis

Show status of DAHDI channels.

## Description

Similar to the CLI command "dahdi show channels".

## Syntax

```
Action: DAHDIShowChannels  
[ActionID:] <value>  
[DAHDIChannel:] <value>
```

## Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- `DAHDIChannel` - Specify the specific channel number to show. Show all channels if zero or not present.

## See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_DAHDITransfer

## DAHDITransfer

## Synopsis

Transfer DAHDI Channel.

## Description

Simulate a flash hook event by the user connected to the channel.

Valid only for analog channels. Valid only for analog channels.

## Syntax

```
Action: DAHDITransfer  
[ActionID:] <value>  
DAHDIChannel: <value>
```

## Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- `DAHDIChannel` - DAHDI channel number to transfer.

## See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_DataGet

## DataGet

### Synopsis

Retrieve the data api tree.

### Description

Retrieve the data api tree.

### Syntax

```
Action: DataGet  
[ActionID:] <value>  
Path: <value>  
[Search:] <value>  
[Filter:] <value>
```

### Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- `Path`
- `Search`
- `Filter`

## See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_DBDel

## DBDel

### Synopsis

Delete DB entry.

### Description

### Syntax

```
Action: DBDel
[ActionID:] <value>
Family: <value>
Key: <value>
```

#### Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- `Family`
- `Key`

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_DBDelTree

### DBDelTree

#### Synopsis

Delete DB Tree.

#### Description

#### Syntax

```
Action: DBDelTree
[ActionID:] <value>
Family: <value>
[Key:] <value>
```

#### Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- `Family`
- `Key`

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_DBGet

### DBGet

## Synopsis

Get DB Entry.

## Description

## Syntax

```
Action: DBGet  
[ActionID:] <value>  
Family: <value>  
Key: <value>
```

## Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- `Family`
- `Key`

## See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_DBPut

## DBPut

## Synopsis

Put DB entry.

## Description

## Syntax

```
Action: DBPut  
[ActionID:] <value>  
Family: <value>  
Key: <value>  
[Val:] <value>
```

## Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- `Family`
- `Key`
- `Val`

## See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_Events

## Events

### Synopsis

Control Event Flow.

### Description

Enable/Disable sending of events to this manager client.

### Syntax

```
Action: Events  
[ActionID:] <value>  
EventMask: <value>
```

### Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- `EventMask`
  - `on` - If all events should be sent.
  - `off` - If no events should be sent.
  - `system,call,log,...` - To select which flags events should have to be sent.

### See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_ExtensionState

## ExtensionState

### Synopsis

Check Extension Status.

### Description

Report the extension state for given extension. If the extension has a hint, will use devicestate to check the status of the device connected to the extension.

Will return an `Extension Status` message. The response will include the hint for the

extension and the status.

#### Syntax

```
Action: ExtensionState  
[ActionID:] <value>  
Exten: <value>  
Context: <value>
```

#### Arguments

- **ActionID** - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- **Exten** - Extension to check state on.
- **Context** - Context for extension.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_Filter

### Filter

#### Synopsis

Dynamically add filters for the current manager session.

#### Description

The filters added are only used for the current session. Once the connection is closed the filters are removed.

This comand requires the system permission because this command can be used to create filters that may bypass filters defined in manager.conf

#### Syntax

```
Action: Filter  
[ActionID:] <value>  
[Operation:] <value>  
[Filter:] <value>
```

#### Arguments

- **ActionID** - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- **Operation**
  - **Add** - Add a filter.
- **Filter** - Filters can be whitelist or blacklist Example whitelist filter: "Event: Newchannel" Example blacklist filter: "!Channel: DAHDI.\*"  
This filter option is used to whitelist or blacklist events per user to be reported with regular expressions and are allowed if both the regex

matches and the user has read access as defined in manager.conf. Filters are assumed to be for whitelisting unless preceded by an exclamation point, which marks it as being black. Evaluation of the filters is as follows: - If no filters are configured all events are reported as normal. - If there are white filters only: implied black all filter processed first, then white filters. - If there are black filters only: implied white all filter processed first, then black filters. - If there are both white and black filters: implied black all filter processed first, then white filters, and lastly black filters.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_FilterList

### FilterList

#### Synopsis

Show current event filters for this session

#### Description

The filters displayed are for the current session. Only those filters defined in manager.conf will be present upon starting a new session.

#### Syntax

```
Action: FilterList
```

#### Arguments

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_GetConfig

### GetConfig

#### Synopsis

Retrieve configuration.

#### Description

This action will dump the contents of a configuration file by category and contents or optionally by specified category only.

#### Syntax

```
Action: GetConfig  
[ActionID:] <value>  
Filename: <value>  
[Category:] <value>
```

#### Arguments

- **ActionID** - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- **Filename** - Configuration filename (e.g. `foo.conf` ).
- **Category** - Category in configuration file.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_GetConfigJSON

### GetConfigJSON

#### Synopsis

Retrieve configuration (JSON format).

#### Description

This action will dump the contents of a configuration file by category and contents in JSON format. This only makes sense to be used using rawman over the HTTP interface.

#### Syntax

```
Action: GetConfigJSON  
[ActionID:] <value>  
Filename: <value>
```

#### Arguments

- **ActionID** - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- **Filename** - Configuration filename (e.g. `foo.conf` ).

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_Getvar



## Getvar

### Synopsis

Gets a channel variable.

### Description

Get the value of a global or local channel variable.

### Syntax

```
Action: Getvar  
[ActionID:] <value>  
[Channel:] <value>  
Variable: <value>
```

### Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- `Channel` - Channel to read variable from.
- `Variable` - Variable name.

### See Also

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_Hangup

### Hangup

### Synopsis

Hangup channel.

### Description

Hangup a channel.

### Syntax

```
Action: Hangup  
[ActionID:] <value>  
Channel: <value>  
[Cause:] <value>
```

### Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- `Channel` - The channel name to be hangup.
- `Cause` - Numeric hangup cause.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_IAXnetstats

### IAXnetstats

#### Synopsis

Show IAX Netstats.

#### Description

Show IAX channels network statistics.

#### Syntax

```
Action: IAXnetstats
```

#### Arguments

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_IAXpeerlist

### IAXpeerlist

#### Synopsis

List IAX Peers.

#### Description

List all the IAX peers.

#### Syntax

```
Action: IAXpeerlist  
[ActionID:] <value>
```

#### Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_IAXpeers

### IAXpeers

#### Synopsis

List IAX peers.

#### Description

#### Syntax

```
Action: IAXpeers  
[ActionID:] <value>
```

#### Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_IAXregistry

### IAXregistry

#### Synopsis

Show IAX registrations.

#### Description

Show IAX registrations.

#### Syntax

```
Action: IAXregistry  
[ActionID:] <value>
```

#### Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_JabberSend

### JabberSend

#### Synopsis

Sends a message to a Jabber Client.

#### Description

Sends a message to a Jabber Client.

#### Syntax

```
Action: JabberSend  
[ActionID:] <value>  
Jabber: <value>  
JID: <value>  
Message: <value>
```

#### Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- `Jabber` - Client or transport Asterisk uses to connect to JABBER.
- `JID` - XMPP/Jabber JID (Name) of recipient.
- `Message` - Message to be sent to the buddy.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_ListCategories

### ListCategories

## Synopsis

List categories in configuration file.

## Description

This action will dump the categories in a given file.

## Syntax

```
Action: ListCategories  
[ActionID:] <value>  
Filename: <value>
```

## Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- `Filename` - Configuration filename (e.g. `foo.conf`).

## See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_ListCommands

## ListCommands

## Synopsis

List available manager commands.

## Description

Returns the action name and synopsis for every action that is available to the user.

## Syntax

```
Action: ListCommands  
[ActionID:] <value>
```

## Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.

## See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_LocalOptimizeAway

### LocalOptimizeAway

#### Synopsis

Optimize away a local channel when possible.

#### Description

A local channel created with "/n" will not automatically optimize away. Calling this command on the local channel will clear that flag and allow it to optimize away if it's bridged or when it becomes bridged.

#### Syntax

```
Action: LocalOptimizeAway  
[ActionID:] <value>  
Channel: <value>
```

#### Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- `Channel` - The channel name to optimize away.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_Login

### Login

#### Synopsis

Login Manager.

#### Description

Login Manager.

#### Syntax

```
Action: Login
[ActionID:] <value>
Username: <value>
[Secret:] <value>
```

#### Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- `Username` - Username to login with as specified in `manager.conf`.
- `Secret` - Secret to login with as specified in `manager.conf`.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_Logoff

### Logoff

#### Synopsis

Logoff Manager.

#### Description

Logoff the current manager session.

#### Syntax

```
Action: Logoff
[ActionID:] <value>
```

#### Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_MailboxCount

### MailboxCount

#### Synopsis

Check Mailbox Message Count.

#### Description

Checks a voicemail account for new messages.

Returns number of urgent, new and old messages.

Message: Mailbox Message Count

Mailbox: *mailboxid*

UrgentMessages: *count*

NewMessages: *count*

OldMessages: *count*

#### Syntax

```
Action: MailboxCount  
[ActionID:] <value>  
Mailbox: <value>
```

#### Arguments

- *ActionID* - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- *Mailbox* - Full mailbox ID *mailbox @ vm-context*.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_MailboxStatus

### MailboxStatus

#### Synopsis

Check mailbox.

#### Description

Checks a voicemail account for status.

Returns number of messages.



Message: Mailbox Status.

Mailbox: *mailboxid*.

Waiting: *count*.

#### Syntax

```
Action: MailboxStatus  
[ActionID:] <value>  
Mailbox: <value>
```

#### Arguments

- *ActionID* - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- *Mailbox* - Full mailbox ID *mailbox* @ *vm-context*.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_MeetmeList

### MeetmeList

#### Synopsis

List participants in a conference.

#### Description

Lists all users in a particular MeetMe conference. MeetmeList will follow as separate events, followed by a final event called MeetmeListComplete.

#### Syntax

```
Action: MeetmeList  
[ActionID:] <value>  
[Conference:] <value>
```

#### Arguments

- *ActionID* - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- *Conference* - Conference number.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_MeetmeListRooms

### MeetmeListRooms

#### Synopsis

List active conferences.

#### Description

Lists data about all active conferences. MeetmeListRooms will follow as separate events, followed by a final event called MeetmeListRoomsComplete.

#### Syntax

```
Action: MeetmeListRooms  
[ActionID:] <value>
```

#### Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_MeetmeMute

### MeetmeMute

#### Synopsis

Mute a Meetme user.

#### Description

#### Syntax

```
Action: MeetmeMute  
[ActionID:] <value>  
Meetme: <value>  
Usernum: <value>
```

#### Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- `Meetme`
- `Usernum`

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_MeetmeUnmute

### MeetmeUnmute

#### Synopsis

Unmute a Meetme user.

#### Description

#### Syntax

```
Action: MeetmeUnmute
[ActionID:] <value>
Meetme: <value>
Usernum: <value>
```

#### Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- `Meetme`
- `Usernum`

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_MixMonitorMute

### MixMonitorMute

#### Synopsis

Mute / unMute a Mixmonitor recording.

#### Description

This action may be used to mute a MixMonitor recording.

## Syntax

```
Action: MixMonitorMute  
[ActionID:] <value>  
Channel: <value>  
[Direction:] <value>  
[State:] <value>
```

## Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- `Channel` - Used to specify the channel to mute.
- `Direction` - Which part of the recording to mute: read, write or both (from channel, to channel or both channels).
- `State` - Turn mute on or off : 1 to turn on, 0 to turn off.

## See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_ModuleCheck

## ModuleCheck

## Synopsis

Check if module is loaded.

## Description

Checks if Asterisk module is loaded. Will return Success/Failure. For success returns, the module revision number is included.

## Syntax

```
Action: ModuleCheck  
Module: <value>
```

## Arguments

- `Module` - Asterisk module name (not including extension).

## See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_ModuleLoad

## ModuleLoad

### Synopsis

Module management.

### Description

Loads, unloads or reloads an Asterisk module in a running system.

### Syntax

```
Action: ModuleLoad  
[ActionID:] <value>  
[Module:] <value>  
LoadType: <value>
```

### Arguments

- **ActionID** - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- **Module** - Asterisk module name (including.so extension) or subsystem identifier:
  - cdr
  - enum
  - dnsmgr
  - extconfig
  - manager
  - rtp
  - http
- **LoadType** - The operation to be done on module. If no module is specified for a reload loadtype, all modules are reloaded.
  - load
  - unload
  - reload

### See Also

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_Monitor

### Monitor

### Synopsis

Monitor a channel.

### Description

This action may be used to record the audio on a specified channel.

### Syntax

```
Action: Monitor
[ActionID:] <value>
Channel: <value>
[File:] <value>
[Format:] <value>
[Mix:] <value>
```

#### Arguments

- **ActionID** - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- **Channel** - Used to specify the channel to record.
- **File** - Is the name of the file created in the monitor spool directory. Defaults to the same name as the channel (with slashes replaced with dashes).
- **Format** - Is the audio recording format. Defaults to wav.
- **Mix** - Boolean parameter as to whether to mix the input and output channels together after the recording is finished.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_Originate

### Originate

#### Synopsis

Originate a call.

#### Description

Generates an outgoing call to a *Extension / Context / Priority* or *Application / Data*

#### Syntax

```
Action: Originate
[ActionID:] <value>
Channel: <value>
[Exten:] <value>
[Context:] <value>
[Priority:] <value>
[Application:] <value>
[Data:] <value>
[Timeout:] <value>
[CallerID:] <value>
[Variable:] <value>
[Account:] <value>
[Async:] <value>
[Codecs:] <value>
```

### Arguments

- **ActionID** - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- **Channel** - Channel name to call.
- **Exten** - Extension to use (requires Context and Priority )
- **Context** - Context to use (requires Exten and Priority )
- **Priority** - Priority to use (requires Exten and Context )
- **Application** - Application to execute.
- **Data** - Data to use (requires Application ).
- **Timeout** - How long to wait for call to be answered (in ms.).
- **CallerID** - Caller ID to be set on the outgoing channel.
- **Variable** - Channel variable to set, multiple Variable: headers are allowed.
- **Account** - Account code.
- **Async** - Set to `true` for fast origination.
- **Codecs** - Comma-separated list of codecs to use for this call.

### See Also

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_Park

### Park

#### Synopsis

Park a channel.

#### Description

Park a channel.

#### Syntax

```
Action: Park
[ActionID:] <value>
Channel: <value>
Channel2: <value>
[Timeout:] <value>
[Parkinglot:] <value>
```

#### Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- `Channel` - Channel name to park.
- `Channel2` - Channel to return to if timeout.
- `Timeout` - Number of milliseconds to wait before callback.
- `Parkinglot` - Specify in which parking lot to park the channel.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_ParkedCalls

### ParkedCalls

#### Synopsis

List parked calls.

#### Description

List parked calls.

#### Syntax

```
Action: ParkedCalls
[ActionID:] <value>
```

#### Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_PauseMonitor



## PauseMonitor

### Synopsis

Pause monitoring of a channel.

### Description

This action may be used to temporarily stop the recording of a channel.

### Syntax

```
Action: PauseMonitor  
[ActionID:] <value>  
Channel: <value>
```

### Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- `Channel` - Used to specify the channel to record.

### See Also

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_Ping

### Ping

### Synopsis

Keepalive command.

### Description

A 'Ping' action will elicit a 'Pong' response. Used to keep the manager connection open.

### Syntax

```
Action: Ping  
[ActionID:] <value>
```

### Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.

### See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_PlayDTMF

## PlayDTMF

### Synopsis

Play DTMF signal on a specific channel.

### Description

Plays a dtmf digit on the specified channel.

### Syntax

```
Action: PlayDTMF  
[ActionID:] <value>  
Channel: <value>  
Digit: <value>
```

### Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- `Channel` - Channel name to send digit to.
- `Digit` - The DTMF digit to play.

### See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_PRIShowSpans

## PRIShowSpans

### Synopsis

Show status of PRI spans.

### Description

Similar to the CLI command "pri show spans".

### Syntax

```
Action: PRIShowSpans
[ActionID:] <value>
[Span:] <value>
```

#### Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- `Span` - Specify the specific span to show. Show all spans if zero or not present.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_QueueAdd

### QueueAdd

#### Synopsis

Add interface to queue.

#### Description

#### Syntax

```
Action: QueueAdd
[ActionID:] <value>
Queue: <value>
Interface: <value>
[Penalty:] <value>
[Paused:] <value>
[MemberName:] <value>
[StateInterface:] <value>
```

#### Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- `Queue`
- `Interface`
- `Penalty`
- `Paused`
- `MemberName`
- `StateInterface`

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_QueueLog

### QueueLog

#### Synopsis

Adds custom entry in queue\_log.

#### Description

#### Syntax

```
Action: QueueLog
[ActionID:] <value>
Queue: <value>
Event: <value>
[Uniqueid:] <value>
[Interface:] <value>
[Message:] <value>
```

#### Arguments

- ActionID - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- Queue
- Event
- Uniqueid
- Interface
- Message

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_QueuePause

### QueuePause

#### Synopsis

Makes a queue member temporarily unavailable.

#### Description

#### Syntax

```
Action: QueuePause
[ActionID:] <value>
Interface: <value>
Paused: <value>
[Queue:] <value>
[Reason:] <value>
```

#### Arguments

- ActionID - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- Interface
- Paused
- Queue
- Reason

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_QueuePenalty

### QueuePenalty

#### Synopsis

Set the penalty for a queue member.

#### Description

#### Syntax

```
Action: QueuePenalty
[ActionID:] <value>
Interface: <value>
Penalty: <value>
[Queue:] <value>
```

#### Arguments

- ActionID - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- Interface
- Penalty
- Queue

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_QueueReload

### QueueReload

#### Synopsis

Reload a queue, queues, or any sub-section of a queue or queues.

#### Description

#### Syntax

```
Action: QueueReload
[ActionID:] <value>
[Queue:] <value>
[Members:] <value>
[Rules:] <value>
[Parameters:] <value>
```

#### Arguments

- ActionID - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- Queue
- Members
  - yes
  - no
- Rules
  - yes
  - no
- Parameters
  - yes
  - no

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_QueueRemove

### QueueRemove

#### Synopsis

Remove interface from queue.

#### Description

#### Syntax

```
Action: QueueRemove
[ActionID:] <value>
Queue: <value>
Interface: <value>
```

#### Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- `Queue`
- `Interface`

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_QueueReset

### QueueReset

#### Synopsis

Reset queue statistics.

#### Description

#### Syntax

```
Action: QueueReset
[ActionID:] <value>
[Queue:] <value>
```

#### Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- `Queue`

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_QueueRule

### QueueRule

#### Synopsis

Queue Rules.

#### Description

#### Syntax

```
Action: QueueRule  
[ActionID:] <value>  
[Rule:] <value>
```

#### Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- `Rule`

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_Queues

### Queues

#### Synopsis

Queues.

#### Description

#### Syntax

```
Action: Queues
```

#### Arguments

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_QueueStatus

### QueueStatus

#### Synopsis

Show queue status.



## Description

## Syntax

```
Action: QueueStatus  
[ActionID:] <value>  
[Queue:] <value>  
[Member:] <value>
```

## Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- `Queue`
- `Member`

## See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_QueueSummary

## QueueSummary

## Synopsis

Show queue summary.

## Description

## Syntax

```
Action: QueueSummary  
[ActionID:] <value>  
[Queue:] <value>
```

## Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- `Queue`

## See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_Redirect

## Redirect

### Synopsis

Redirect (transfer) a call.

### Description

Redirect (transfer) a call.

### Syntax

```
Action: Redirect
[ActionID:] <value>
Channel: <value>
[ExtraChannel:] <value>
Exten: <value>
[ExtraExten:] <value>
Context: <value>
[ExtraContext:] <value>
Priority: <value>
[ExtraPriority:] <value>
```

### Arguments

- **ActionID** - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- **Channel** - Channel to redirect.
- **ExtraChannel** - Second call leg to transfer (optional).
- **Exten** - Extension to transfer to.
- **ExtraExten** - Extension to transfer extrachannel to (optional).
- **Context** - Context to transfer to.
- **ExtraContext** - Context to transfer extrachannel to (optional).
- **Priority** - Priority to transfer to.
- **ExtraPriority** - Priority to transfer extrachannel to (optional).

### See Also

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_Reload

### Reload

### Synopsis

Send a reload event.

### Description

Send a reload event.

## Syntax

```
Action: Reload  
[ActionID:] <value>  
[Module:] <value>
```

## Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- `Module` - Name of the module to reload.

## See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_SendText

## SendText

## Synopsis

Send text message to channel.

## Description

Sends A Text Message to a channel while in a call.

## Syntax

```
Action: SendText  
[ActionID:] <value>  
Channel: <value>  
Message: <value>
```

## Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- `Channel` - Channel to send message to.
- `Message` - Message to send.

## See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_Setvar

## Setvar

### Synopsis

Set a channel variable.

### Description

Set a global or local channel variable.

### Syntax

```
Action: Setvar  
[ActionID:] <value>  
[Channel:] <value>  
Variable: <value>  
Value: <value>
```

### Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- `Channel` - Channel to set variable for.
- `Variable` - Variable name.
- `Value` - Variable value.

### See Also

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_ShowDialPlan

### ShowDialPlan

### Synopsis

Show dialplan contexts and extensions

### Description

Show dialplan contexts and extensions. Be aware that showing the full dialplan may take a lot of capacity.

### Syntax

```
Action: ShowDialPlan
[ActionID:] <value>
[Extension:] <value>
[Context:] <value>
```

#### Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- `Extension` - Show a specific extension.
- `Context` - Show a specific context.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_SIPnotify

### SIPnotify

#### Synopsis

Send a SIP notify.

#### Description

Sends a SIP Notify event.

All parameters for this event must be specified in the body of this request via multiple Variable: name=value sequences.

#### Syntax

```
Action: SIPnotify
[ActionID:] <value>
Channel: <value>
Variable: <value>
```

#### Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- `Channel` - Peer to receive the notify.
- `Variable` - At least one variable pair must be specified. *name = value*

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_SIPpeers

### SIPpeers

#### Synopsis

List SIP peers (text format).

#### Description

Lists SIP peers in text format with details on current status. Peerlist will follow as separate events, followed by a final event called PeerlistComplete.

#### Syntax

```
Action: SIPpeers  
[ActionID:] <value>
```

#### Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_SIPqualifypeer

### SIPqualifypeer

#### Synopsis

Qualify SIP peers.

#### Description

Qualify a SIP peer.

#### Syntax

```
Action: SIPqualifypeer  
[ActionID:] <value>  
Peer: <value>
```

#### Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- `Peer` - The peer name you want to qualify.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_SIPshowpeer

### SIPshowpeer

#### Synopsis

show SIP peer (text format).

#### Description

Show one SIP peer with details on current status.

#### Syntax

```
Action: SIPshowpeer  
[ActionID:] <value>  
Peer: <value>
```

#### Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- `Peer` - The peer name you want to check.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_SIPshowregistry

### SIPshowregistry

#### Synopsis

Show SIP registrations (text format).

#### Description

Lists all registration requests and status. Registrations will follow as separate events. followed by a final event called RegistrationsComplete.

## Syntax

```
Action: SIPshowregistry  
[ActionID:] <value>
```

## Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.

## See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_SKINNYdevices

## SKINNYdevices

## Synopsis

List SKINNY devices (text format).

## Description

Lists Skinny devices in text format with details on current status. Devicelist will follow as separate events, followed by a final event called DevicelistComplete.

## Syntax

```
Action: SKINNYdevices  
[ActionID:] <value>
```

## Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.

## See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_SKINNYlines

## SKINNYlines

## Synopsis



List SKINNY lines (text format).

#### Description

Lists Skinny lines in text format with details on current status. Linelist will follow as separate events, followed by a final event called LinelistComplete.

#### Syntax

```
Action: SKINNYlines  
[ActionID:] <value>
```

#### Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_SKINNYshowdevice

### SKINNYshowdevice

#### Synopsis

Show SKINNY device (text format).

#### Description

Show one SKINNY device with details on current status.

#### Syntax

```
Action: SKINNYshowdevice  
[ActionID:] <value>  
Device: <value>
```

#### Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- `Device` - The device name you want to check.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_SKINNYshowline

### SKINNYshowline

#### Synopsis

Show SKINNY line (text format).

#### Description

Show one SKINNY line with details on current status.

#### Syntax

```
Action: SKINNYshowline  
[ActionID:] <value>  
Line: <value>
```

#### Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- `Line` - The line name you want to check.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_Status

### Status

#### Synopsis

List channel status.

#### Description

Will return the status information of each channel along with the value for the specified channel variables.

#### Syntax

```
Action: Status  
[ActionID:] <value>  
Channel: <value>  
[Variables:] <value>
```

#### Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- `Channel` - The name of the channel to query for status.
- `Variables` - Comma , separated list of variable to include.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_StopMonitor

### StopMonitor

#### Synopsis

Stop monitoring a channel.

#### Description

This action may be used to end a previously started 'Monitor' action.

#### Syntax

```
Action: StopMonitor  
[ActionID:] <value>  
Channel: <value>
```

#### Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- `Channel` - The name of the channel monitored.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_UnpauseMonitor

### UnpauseMonitor

#### Synopsis

Unpause monitoring of a channel.

#### Description

This action may be used to re-enable recording of a channel after calling PauseMonitor.

#### Syntax

```
Action: UnpauseMonitor  
[ActionID:] <value>  
Channel: <value>
```

#### Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- `Channel` - Used to specify the channel to record.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_UpdateConfig

### UpdateConfig

#### Synopsis

Update basic configuration.

#### Description

This action will modify, create, or delete configuration elements in Asterisk configuration files.

#### Syntax

```
Action: UpdateConfig  
[ActionID:] <value>  
SrcFilename: <value>  
DstFilename: <value>  
[Reload:] <value>  
[Action-XXXXXX:] <value>  
[Cat-XXXXXX:] <value>  
[Var-XXXXXX:] <value>  
[Value-XXXXXX:] <value>  
[Match-XXXXXX:] <value>  
[Line-XXXXXX:] <value>
```

#### Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- `SrcFilename` - Configuration filename to read (e.g. `foo.conf`).
- `DstFilename` - Configuration filename to write (e.g. `foo.conf`).

- Reload - Whether or not a reload should take place (or name of specific module).
- Action-XXXXXX - Action to take. X's represent 6 digit number beginning with 000000.
  - NewCat
  - RenameCat
  - DelCat
  - EmptyCat
  - Update
  - Delete
  - Append
  - Insert
- Cat-XXXXXX - Category to operate on. X's represent 6 digit number beginning with 000000.
- Var-XXXXXX - Variable to work on. X's represent 6 digit number beginning with 000000.
- Value-XXXXXX - Value to work on. X's represent 6 digit number beginning with 000000.
- Match-XXXXXX - Extra match required to match line. X's represent 6 digit number beginning with 000000.
- Line-XXXXXX - Line in category to operate on (used with delete and insert actions). X's represent 6 digit number beginning with 000000.

## See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_UserEvent

## UserEvent

### Synopsis

Send an arbitrary event.

### Description

Send an event to manager sessions.

### Syntax

```
Action: UserEvent
[ActionID:] <value>
UserEvent: <value>
[Header1:] <value>
[HeaderN:] <value>
```

### Arguments

- ActionID - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- UserEvent - Event string to send.
- Header1 - Content1.
- HeaderN - ContentN.

## See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_VoicemailUsersList

### VoicemailUsersList

#### Synopsis

List All Voicemail User Information.

#### Description

#### Syntax

```
Action: VoicemailUsersList  
[ActionID:] <value>
```

#### Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 ManagerAction\_WaitEvent

### WaitEvent

#### Synopsis

Wait for an event to occur.

#### Description

This action will elicit a `Success` response. Whenever a manager event is queued. Once `WaitEvent` has been called on an HTTP manager session, events will be generated and queued.

#### Syntax

```
Action: WaitEvent  
[ActionID:] <value>  
Timeout: <value>
```

#### Arguments

- `ActionID` - ActionID for this transaction. Will be returned.
- `Timeout` - Maximum time (in seconds) to wait for events, `-1` means forever.

#### See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 Dialplan Applications

## Asterisk 10 Application\_AddQueueMember

### AddQueueMember()

#### Synopsis

Dynamically adds queue members.

#### Description

Dynamically adds interface to an existing queue. If the interface is already in the queue it will return an error.

This application sets the following channel variable upon completion:

- AQMSTATUS - The status of the attempt to add a queue member as a text string.
  - ADDED
  - MEMBERALREADY
  - NOSUCHQUEUE

#### Syntax

```
AddQueueMember(queueName[,interface[,penalty[,options[,memberName[,stateinterface]]]]
```

#### Arguments

- queueName
- interface
- penalty
- options
- memberName
- stateinterface

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_Queue](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_QueueLog](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_AddQueueMember](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_RemoveQueueMember](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_PauseQueueMember](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_UnpauseQueueMember](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_QUEUE\\_VARIABLES](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_QUEUE\\_MEMBER](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_QUEUE\\_MEMBER\\_COUNT](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_QUEUE\\_EXISTS](#)

[Asterisk 10 Function\\_QUEUE\\_WAITING\\_COUNT](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_QUEUE\\_MEMBER\\_LIST](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_QUEUE\\_MEMBER\\_PENALTY](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_ADSIProg

### ADSIProg()

#### Synopsis

Load Asterisk ADSI Scripts into phone

#### Description

This application programs an ADSI Phone with the given script

#### Syntax

```
ADSIProg([script])
```

#### Arguments

- `script` - adsi script to use. If not given uses the default script `asterisk.adsi`

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_GetCPEID](#)  
`adsi.conf`

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_AELSub

### AELSub()

#### Synopsis

Launch subroutine built with AEL

#### Description

Execute the named subroutine, defined in AEL, from another dialplan language, such as `extensions.conf`, `Realtime extensions`, or `Lua`.



The purpose of this application is to provide a sane entry point into AEL subroutines, the implementation of which may change from time to time.

#### Syntax

```
AELSub(routine[,args])
```

#### Arguments

- `routine` - Named subroutine to execute.
- `args`

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_AgentLogin

### AgentLogin()

#### Synopsis

Call agent login.

#### Description

Asks the agent to login to the system. Always returns `-1`. While logged in, the agent can receive calls and will hear a `beep` when a new call comes in. The agent can dump the call by pressing the star key.

#### Syntax

```
AgentLogin([AgentNo[,options]])
```

#### Arguments

- `AgentNo`
- `options`
  - `s` - silent login - do not announce the login ok segment after agent logged on/off

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_Queue](#)

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_AddQueueMember](#)

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_RemoveQueueMember](#)

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_PauseQueueMember](#)

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_UnpauseQueueMember](#)

[Asterisk 10 Function\\_AGENT](#)

agents.conf  
queues.conf

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_AgentMonitorOutgoing

### AgentMonitorOutgoing()

#### Synopsis

Record agent's outgoing call.

#### Description

Tries to figure out the id of the agent who is placing outgoing call based on comparison of the callerid of the current interface and the global variable placed by the AgentCallbackLogin application. That's why it should be used only with the AgentCallbackLogin app. Uses the monitoring functions in chan\_agent instead of Monitor application. That has to be configured in the agents.conf file.

Normally the app returns 0 unless the options are passed.

#### Syntax

```
AgentMonitorOutgoing([options])
```

#### Arguments

- **options**
  - **d** - make the app return -1 if there is an error condition.
  - **c** - change the CDR so that the source of the call is Agent/agent\_id
  - **n** - don't generate the warnings when there is no callerid or the agentid is not known. It's handy if you want to have one context for agent and non-agent calls.

#### See Also

agents.conf

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_AGI

### AGI()

#### Synopsis

Executes an AGI compliant application.

#### Description

Executes an Asterisk Gateway Interface compliant program on a channel. AGI allows Asterisk to launch external programs written in any language to control a telephony channel, play audio, read DTMF digits, etc. by communicating with the AGI protocol on **stdin** and **stdout**. As of 1.6.0, this channel will not stop dialplan execution on hangup inside of this application. Dialplan execution will continue normally, even upon hangup until the AGI application signals a desire to stop (either by exiting or, in the case of a net script, by closing the connection). A locally executed AGI script will receive SIGHUP on hangup from the channel except when using DeadAGI. A fast AGI server will correspondingly receive a HANGUP inline with the command dialog. Both of these signals may be disabled by setting the Executes an Asterisk Gateway Interface compliant program on a channel. AGI allows Asterisk to launch external programs written in any language to control a telephony channel, play audio, read DTMF digits, etc. by communicating with the AGI protocol on `None - AGISIGHUP` channel variable to `no` before executing the AGI application.

Use the CLI command `agi show commands` to list available agi commands.

This application sets the following channel variable upon completion:

- `AGISTATUS` - The status of the attempt to the run the AGI script text string, one of:
  - `SUCCESS`
  - `FAILURE`
  - `NOTFOUND`
  - `HANGUP`

#### Syntax

```
AGI(command[,arg1[,arg2]])
```

#### Arguments

- `command`
- `args`
  - `arg1`
  - `arg2`

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_EAGI](#)

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_DeadAGI](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_AlarmReceiver

### AlarmReceiver()

## Synopsis

Provide support for receiving alarm reports from a burglar or fire alarm panel.

## Description

This application should be called whenever there is an alarm panel calling in to dump its events. The application will handshake with the alarm panel, and receive events, validate them, handshake them, and store them until the panel hangs up. Once the panel hangs up, the application will run the system command specified by the `eventcmd` setting in `alarmreceiver.conf` and pipe the events to the standard input of the application. The configuration file also contains settings for DTMF timing, and for the loudness of the acknowledgement tones.

Only 1 signalling format is supported at this time: Ademco Contact ID. Only 1 signalling format is supported at this time: Ademco Contact ID.

## Syntax

```
AlarmReceiver()
```

## Arguments

## See Also

`alarmreceiver.conf`

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 Application\_AMD

## AMD()

## Synopsis

Attempt to detect answering machines.

## Description

This application attempts to detect answering machines at the beginning of outbound calls. Simply call this application after the call has been answered (outbound only, of course).

When loaded, AMD reads `amd.conf` and uses the parameters specified as default values. Those default values get overwritten when the calling AMD with parameters.

This application sets the following channel variables:

- `AMDSTATUS` - This is the status of the answering machine detection

- MACHINE
- HUMAN
- NOTSURE
- HANGUP
- AMDCAUSE - Indicates the cause that led to the conclusion
  - TOOLONG - Total Time.
  - INITIALSILENCE - Silence Duration - Initial Silence.
  - HUMAN - Silence Duration - afterGreetingSilence.
  - LONGGREETING - Voice Duration - Greeting.
  - MAXWORDLENGTH - Word Count - maximum number of words.

## Syntax

```
AMD([initialSilence[,greeting[,afterGreetingSilence[,totalAnalysis
Time[,miniumWordLength[,betweenWordSilence[,maximumNumberOfWords[,sile
```

## Arguments

- `initialSilence` - Is maximum initial silence duration before greeting. If this is exceeded set as MACHINE
- `greeting` - is the maximum length of a greeting. If this is exceeded set as MACHINE
- `afterGreetingSilence` - Is the silence after detecting a greeting. If this is exceeded set as HUMAN
- `totalAnalysis Time` - Is the maximum time allowed for the algorithm to decide HUMAN or MACHINE
- `miniumWordLength` - Is the minimum duration of Voice considered to be a word
- `betweenWordSilence` - Is the minimum duration of silence after a word to consider the audio that follows to be a new word
- `maximumNumberOfWords` - Is the maximum number of words in a greeting If this is exceeded set as MACHINE
- `silenceThreshold` - How long do we consider silence
- `maximumWordLength` - Is the maximum duration of a word to accept. If exceeded set as MACHINE

## See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_WaitForSilence](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_WaitForNoise](#)

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 Application\_Answer

## Answer()

### Synopsis

Answer a channel if ringing.

### Description

If the call has not been answered, this application will answer it. Otherwise, it has no effect on the call.

## Syntax

```
Answer([delay[,nocdr]])
```

## Arguments

- `delay` - Asterisk will wait this number of milliseconds before returning to the dialplan after answering the call.
- `nocdr` - Asterisk will send an answer signal to the calling phone, but will not set the disposition or answer time in the CDR for this call.

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_Hangup](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_Authenticate

### Authenticate()

#### Synopsis

Authenticate a user

#### Description

This application asks the caller to enter a given password in order to continue dialplan execution.

If the password begins with the `/` character, it is interpreted as a file which contains a list of valid passwords, listed 1 password per line in the file.

When using a database key, the value associated with the key can be anything.

Users have three attempts to authenticate before the channel is hung up.

#### Syntax

```
Authenticate(password[,options[,maxdigits[,prompt]])
```

#### Arguments

- `password` - Password the user should know
- `options`
  - `a` - Set the channels' account code to the password that is entered
  - `d` - Interpret the given path as database key, not a literal file
  - `m` - Interpret the given path as a file which contains a list of account codes and password hashes delimited with `:`, listed one per line in the file. When one of the passwords is matched, the channel will have its account code set to the corresponding account code in the file.
  - `r` - Remove the database key upon successful entry (valid with `d` only)
- `maxdigits` - maximum acceptable number of digits. Stops reading after maxdigits have been entered (without requiring the user to press the `#` key). Defaults to 0 - no limit - wait for the user press the `#` key.
- `prompt` - Override the agent-pass prompt file.

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_VMAuthenticate](#)

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_DISA](#)

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 Application\_BackGround

## BackGround()

### Synopsis

Play an audio file while waiting for digits of an extension to go to.

### Description

This application will play the given list of files (**do not put extension**) while waiting for an extension to be dialed by the calling channel. To continue waiting for digits after this application has finished playing files, the `WaitExten` application should be used.

If one of the requested sound files does not exist, call processing will be terminated.

This application sets the following channel variable upon completion:

- `BACKGROUNDSTATUS` - The status of the background attempt as a text string.
  - `SUCCESS`
  - `FAILED`

### Syntax

```
BackGround(filename1[&filename2[&...]][,options[,langoverride[,context]]]
```

### Arguments

- `filenames`
  - `filename1`
  - `filename2`
- `options`
  - `s` - Causes the playback of the message to be skipped if the channel is not in the `up` state (i.e. it hasn't been answered yet). If this happens, the application will return immediately.
  - `n` - Don't answer the channel before playing the files.
  - `m` - Only break if a digit hit matches a one digit extension in the destination context.
- `langoverride` - Explicitly specifies which language to attempt to use for the requested sound files.
- `context` - This is the dialplan context that this application will use when exiting to a dialed extension.

### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_ControlPlayback](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_WaitExten](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_BackgroundDetect](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_TIMEOUT](#)

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_BackgroundDetect

### BackgroundDetect()

#### Synopsis

Background a file with talk detect.

#### Description

Plays back *filename*, waiting for interruption from a given digit (the digit must start the beginning of a valid extension, or it will be ignored). During the playback of the file, audio is monitored in the receive direction, and if a period of non-silence which is greater than *min* ms yet less than *max* ms is followed by silence for at least *sil* ms, which occurs during the first *analysistime* ms, then the audio playback is aborted and processing jumps to the *talk* extension, if available.

#### Syntax

```
BackgroundDetect(filename[,sil[,min[,max[,analysistime]]]])
```

#### Arguments

- *filename*
- *sil* - If not specified, defaults to 1000.
- *min* - If not specified, defaults to 100.
- *max* - If not specified, defaults to infinity.
- *analysistime* - If not specified, defaults to infinity.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_Bridge

### Bridge()

#### Synopsis

Bridge two channels.

#### Description

Allows the ability to bridge two channels via the dialplan.

This application sets the following channel variable upon completion:

- BRIDGERESULT - The result of the bridge attempt as a text string.
  - SUCCESS
  - FAILURE
  - LOOP




- NONEXISTENT
- INCOMPATIBLE

## Syntax

```
Bridge(channel[,options])
```

## Arguments

- `channel` - The current channel is bridged to the specified *channel*.
- `options`
  - `p` - Play a courtesy tone to *channel*.
  - `h` - Allow the called party to hang up by sending the \*DTMF digit.
  - `H` - Allow the calling party to hang up by pressing the \*DTMF digit.
  - `k` - Allow the called party to enable parking of the call by sending the DTMF sequence defined for call parking in `features.conf`.
  - `K` - Allow the calling party to enable parking of the call by sending the DTMF sequence defined for call parking in `features.conf`.
  - `L(x:y:z)` - Limit the call to *x* ms. Play a warning when *y* ms are left. Repeat the warning every *z* ms. The following special variables can be used with this option: Play sounds to the caller. yes|no (default yes) Play sounds to the callee. yes|no File to play when time is up. File to play when call begins. File to play as warning if *y* is defined. The default is to say the time remaining.
  - `S`  - Hang up the call after *x* seconds **after** the called party has answered the call.
  - `t` - Allow the called party to transfer the calling party by sending the DTMF sequence defined in `features.conf`.
  - `T` - Allow the calling party to transfer the called party by sending the DTMF sequence defined in `features.conf`.
  - `w` - Allow the called party to enable recording of the call by sending the DTMF sequence defined for one-touch recording in `features.conf`.
  - `W` - Allow the calling party to enable recording of the call by sending the DTMF sequence defined for one-touch recording in `features.conf`.
  - `x` - Cause the called party to be hung up after the bridge, instead of being restarted in the dialplan.

## See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 Application\_Busy

## Busy()

## Synopsis

Indicate the Busy condition.

## Description

This application will indicate the busy condition to the calling channel.

## Syntax

```
Busy([timeout])
```

## Arguments

- `timeout` - If specified, the calling channel will be hung up after the specified number of seconds. Otherwise, this application will wait until the calling channel hangs up.

## See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_Congestion](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_Progress](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_PlayTones](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_Hangup](#)

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 Application\_CallCompletionCancel

## CallCompletionCancel()

### Synopsis

Cancel call completion service

### Description

Cancel a Call Completion Request.

This application sets the following channel variables:

- CC\_CANCEL\_RESULT - This is the returned status of the cancel.
  - SUCCESS
  - FAIL
- CC\_CANCEL\_REASON - This is the reason the cancel failed.
  - NO\_CORE\_INSTANCE
  - NOT\_GENERIC
  - UNSPECIFIED

### Syntax

```
CallCompletionCancel()
```

### Arguments

## See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 Application\_CallCompletionRequest

## CallCompletionRequest()

### Synopsis

Request call completion service for previous call

#### Description

Request call completion service for a previously failed call attempt.

This application sets the following channel variables:

- CC\_REQUEST\_RESULT - This is the returned status of the request.
  - SUCCESS
  - FAIL
- CC\_REQUEST\_REASON - This is the reason the request failed.
  - NO\_CORE\_INSTANCE
  - NOT\_GENERIC
  - TOO\_MANY\_REQUESTS
  - UNSPECIFIED

#### Syntax

```
CallCompletionRequest()
```

#### Arguments

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_CELGenUserEvent

### CELGenUserEvent()

#### Synopsis

Generates a CEL User Defined Event.

#### Description

A CEL event will be immediately generated by this channel, with the supplied name for a type.

#### Syntax

```
CELGenUserEvent(event-name[,extra])
```

#### Arguments

- event-name
  - event-name
  - extra - Extra text to be included with the event.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_ChangeMonitor

### ChangeMonitor()

#### Synopsis

Change monitoring filename of a channel.

#### Description

Changes monitoring filename of a channel. Has no effect if the channel is not monitored.

#### Syntax

```
ChangeMonitor(filename_base)
```

#### Arguments

- `filename_base` - The new filename base to use for monitoring this channel.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_ChansAvail

### ChansAvail()

#### Synopsis

Check channel availability

#### Description

This application will check to see if any of the specified channels are available.

This application sets the following channel variables:

- `AVAILCHAN` - The name of the available channel, if one exists
- `AVAILORIGCHAN` - The canonical channel name that was used to create the channel
- `AVAILSTATUS` - The device state for the device
- `AVAILCAUSECODE` - The cause code returned when requesting the channel

#### Syntax

```
ChanIsAvail([Technology2/Resource2[&...]][,options])
```

#### Arguments

- *Technology/Resource* - Specification of the device(s) to check. These must be in the format of *Technology/Resource*, where *Technology* represents a particular channel driver, and *Resource* represents a resource available to that particular channel driver.
  - *Technology2/Resource2* - Optional extra devices to check If you need more then one enter them as *Technology2/Resource2&Technology3/Resource3&....*
- *options*
  - *a* - Check for all available channels, not only the first one
  - *s* - Consider the channel unavailable if the channel is in use at all
  - *t* - Simply checks if specified channels exist in the channel list

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_ChannelRedirect

### ChannelRedirect()

#### Synopsis

Redirects given channel to a dialplan target

#### Description

Sends the specified channel to the specified extension priority

This application sets the following channel variables upon completion

- *CHANNELREDIRECT\_STATUS* -
  - *NOCHANNEL*
  - *SUCCESS* Are set to the result of the redirection

#### Syntax

```
ChannelRedirect(channel[,context[,extension,priority]])
```

#### Arguments

- *channel*
- *context*
- *extension*
- *priority*

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 Application\_Chanspy

## ChanSpy()

### Synopsis

Listen to a channel, and optionally whisper into it.

### Description

This application is used to listen to the audio from an Asterisk channel. This includes the audio coming in and out of the channel being spied on. If the `chanprefix` parameter is specified, only channels beginning with this string will be spied upon.

While spying, the following actions may be performed:

- Dialing `#` cycles the volume level.
- Dialing `*` will stop spying and look for another channel to spy on.
- Dialing a series of digits followed by `#` builds a channel name to append to 'chanprefix'. For example, executing `ChanSpy(Agent)` and then dialing the digits '1234#' while spying will begin spying on the channel 'Agent/1234'. Note that this feature will be overridden if the 'd' option is used

The `X` option supersedes the three features above in that if a valid single digit extension exists in the correct context `ChanSpy` will exit to it. This also disables choosing a channel based on `chanprefix` and a digit sequence.

### Syntax

```
ChanSpy([chanprefix[,options]])
```

### Arguments

- `chanprefix`
- `options`
  - `b` - Only spy on channels involved in a bridged call.
  - `B` - Instead of whispering on a single channel barge in on both channels involved in the call.
  - `c`
    - `digit` - Specify a DTMF digit that can be used to spy on the next available channel.
  - `d` - Override the typical numeric DTMF functionality and instead use DTMF to switch between spy modes.
    - `4` - spy mode
    - `5` - whisper mode
    - `6` - barge mode
  - `e` - Enable **enforced** mode, so the spying channel can only monitor extensions whose name is in the `ext`: delimited list.
    - `ext`
  - `E` - Exit when the spied-on channel hangs up.
  - `g` - both both `grp` and `SPYGROUP` can contain either a single group or a colon-delimited list of groups, such as `sales:support:accounting`.
    - `grp` - Only spy on channels in which one or more of the groups listed in `grp` matches one or more groups from the `SPYGROUP` variable set on the channel to be spied upon.
  - `n` - Say the name of the person being spied on if that person has recorded his/her name. If a context is specified, then that voicemail context will be searched when retrieving the name, otherwise the `default` context be used when searching for the name (i.e. if `SIP/1000` is the channel being spied on and no mailbox is specified, then `1000` will be used when searching for the name).
    - `mailbox`
    - `context`
  - `o` - Only listen to audio coming from this channel.

- `q` - Don't play a beep when beginning to spy on a channel, or speak the selected channel name.
- `r` - Record the session to the monitor spool directory. An optional base for the filename may be specified. The default is `chanspy`.
  - `basename`
- `s` - Skip the playback of the channel type (i.e. SIP, IAX, etc) when speaking the selected channel name.
- `S` - Stop when no more channels are left to spy on.
- `v` - Adjust the initial volume in the range from -4 to 4. A negative value refers to a quieter setting.
  - `value`
- `w` - Enable `whisper` mode, so the spying channel can talk to the spied-on channel.
- `W` - Enable `private whisper` mode, so the spying channel can talk to the spied-on channel but cannot listen to that channel.
- `x`
  - `digit` - Specify a DTMF digit that can be used to exit the application.
- `X` - Allow the user to exit ChanSpy to a valid single digit numeric extension in the current context or the context specified by the `SPY_EXIT_CONTEXT` channel variable. The name of the last channel that was spied on will be stored in the `SPY_CHANNEL` variable.
- 4 - spy mode
- 5 - whisper mode
- 6 - barge mode

#### See Also

## Asterisk 10 Application\_ExtenSpy

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_ClearHash

### ClearHash()

#### Synopsis

Clear the keys from a specified `hashname`.

#### Description

Clears all keys out of the specified *hashname*.

#### Syntax

```
ClearHash(hashname)
```

#### Arguments

- `hashname`

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_ConfBridge

## ConfBridge()

### Synopsis

Conference bridge application.

### Description

Enters the user into a specified conference bridge. The user can exit the conference by hangup or DTMF menu option.

### Syntax

```
ConfBridge([confno[,bridge_profile[,user_profile[,menu]]]])
```

### Arguments

- `confno` - The conference number
- `bridge_profile` - The bridge profile name from `confbridge.conf`. When left blank, a dynamically built bridge profile created by the `CONFBRIDGE` dialplan function is searched for on the channel and used. If no dynamic profile is present, the 'default\_bridge' profile found in `confbridge.conf` is used. It is important to note that while user profiles may be unique for each participant, mixing bridge profiles on a single conference is *NOT* recommended and will produce undefined results.
- `user_profile` - The user profile name from `confbridge.conf`. When left blank, a dynamically built user profile created by the `CONFBRIDGE` dialplan function is searched for on the channel and used. If no dynamic profile is present, the 'default\_user' profile found in `confbridge.conf` is used.
- `menu` - The name of the DTMF menu in `confbridge.conf` to be applied to this channel. No menu is applied by default if this option is left blank.

### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_ConfBridge](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_CONFBRIDGE](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_CONFBRIDGE\\_INFO](#)

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_Congestion

### Congestion()

### Synopsis

Indicate the Congestion condition.

### Description

This application will indicate the congestion condition to the calling channel.

### Syntax



```
Congestion([timeout])
```

#### Arguments

- `timeout` - If specified, the calling channel will be hung up after the specified number of seconds. Otherwise, this application will wait until the calling channel hangs up.

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_Busy](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_Progress](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_PlayTones](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_Hangup](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_ContinueWhile

### ContinueWhile()

#### Synopsis

Restart a While loop.

#### Description

Returns to the top of the while loop and re-evaluates the conditional.

#### Syntax

```
ContinueWhile()
```

#### Arguments

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_While](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_EndWhile](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_ExitWhile](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_ControlPlayback

## ControlPlayback()

### Synopsis

Play a file with fast forward and rewind.

### Description

This application will play back the given *filename*.

It sets the following channel variables upon completion:

- CPLAYBACKSTATUS - Contains the status of the attempt as a text string
  - SUCCESS
  - USERSTOPPED
  - ERROR
- CPLAYBACKOFFSET - Contains the offset in ms into the file where playback was at when it stopped. -1 is end of file.
- CPLAYBACKSTOPKEY - If the playback is stopped by the user this variable contains the key that was pressed.

### Syntax

```
ControlPlayback( filename[ ,skipms[ ,ff[ ,rew[ ,stop[ ,pause[ ,restart[ ,options
```

### Arguments

- filename
- skipms - This is number of milliseconds to skip when rewinding or fast-forwarding.
- ff - Fast-forward when this DTMF digit is received. (defaults to # )
- rew - Rewind when this DTMF digit is received. (defaults to \* )
- stop - Stop playback when this DTMF digit is received.
- pause - Pause playback when this DTMF digit is received.
- restart - Restart playback when this DTMF digit is received.
- options
  - o
    - time - Start at *time* ms from the beginning of the file.

### See Also

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_DAHDIAcceptR2Call

### DAHDIAcceptR2Call()

### Synopsis

Accept an R2 call if its not already accepted (you still need to answer it)

### Description

This application will Accept the R2 call either with charge or no charge.

### Syntax

```
DAHDIAcceptR2Call ( charge )
```

#### Arguments

- `charge` - Yes or No. Whether you want to accept the call with charge or without charge.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_DAHDI Barge

### DAHDI Barge()

#### Synopsis

Barge in (monitor) DAHDI channel.

#### Description

Barges in on a specified DAHDI *channel* or prompts if one is not specified. Returns -1 when caller user hangs up and is independent of the state of the channel being monitored.

#### Syntax

```
DAHDI Barge ( [ channel ] )
```

#### Arguments

- `channel` - Channel to barge.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_DAHDI RAS

### DAHDI RAS()

#### Synopsis

Executes DAHDI ISDN RAS application.

#### Description

Executes a RAS server using pppd on the given channel. The channel must be a clear channel (i.e. PRI source) and a DAHDI channel to be able to use this function (No modem emulation is included).

Your pppd must be patched to be DAHDI aware.

#### Syntax

```
DAHDIRAS( args )
```

#### Arguments

- `args` - A list of parameters to pass to the pppd daemon, separated by `,` characters.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_DAHDIScan

### DAHDIScan()

#### Synopsis

Scan DAHDI channels to monitor calls.

#### Description

Allows a call center manager to monitor DAHDI channels in a convenient way. Use `#` to select the next channel and use `*` to exit.

#### Syntax

```
DAHDIScan( [group] )
```

#### Arguments

- `group` - Limit scanning to a channel *group* by setting this option.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_DAHDISendCallreroutingFacility

## DAHDI\_SendCallreroutingFacility()

### Synopsis

Send an ISDN call rerouting/deflection facility message.

### Description

This application will send an ISDN switch specific call rerouting/deflection facility message over the current channel. Supported switches depend upon the version of libpri in use.

### Syntax

```
DAHDI_SendCallreroutingFacility(destination[,original[,reason]])
```

### Arguments

- `destination` - Destination number.
- `original` - Original called number.
- `reason` - Diversion reason, if not specified defaults to `unknown`

### See Also

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_DAHDI\_SendKeypadFacility

### DAHDI\_SendKeypadFacility()

### Synopsis

Send digits out of band over a PRI.

### Description

This application will send the given string of digits in a Keypad Facility IE over the current channel.

### Syntax

```
DAHDI_SendKeypadFacility(digits)
```

### Arguments

- `digits`

### See Also

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_DateTime

### DateTime()

#### Synopsis

Says a specified time in a custom format.

#### Description

Say the date and time in a specified format.

#### Syntax

```
DateTime([unixtime[,timezone[,format]])
```

#### Arguments

- `unixtime` - time, in seconds since Jan 1, 1970. May be negative. Defaults to now.
- `timezone` - timezone, see `/usr/share/zoneinfo` for a list. Defaults to machine default.
- `format` - a format the time is to be said in. See `voicemail.conf`. Defaults to `ABdY "digits/at" IMP`

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_DBdel

### DBdel()

#### Synopsis

Delete a key from the asterisk database.

#### Description

This application will delete a *key* from the Asterisk database.

This application has been DEPRECATED in favor of the `DB_DELETE` function. This application has been DEPRECATED in favor of the `DB_DELETE` function.

#### Syntax

```
DBdel(family,key)
```

#### Arguments

- family
- key

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Function\\_DB\\_DELETE](#)

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_DBdeltree](#)

[Asterisk 10 Function\\_DB](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_DBdeltree

### DBdeltree()

#### Synopsis

Delete a family or keytree from the asterisk database.

#### Description

This application will delete a *family* or *keytree* from the Asterisk database.

#### Syntax

```
DBdeltree(family[,keytree])
```

#### Arguments

- family
- keytree

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Function\\_DB\\_DELETE](#)

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_DBdel](#)

[Asterisk 10 Function\\_DB](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_DeadAGI

### DeadAGI()

#### Synopsis

Executes AGI on a hungup channel.

#### Description

Executes an Asterisk Gateway Interface compliant program on a channel. AGI allows Asterisk to launch external programs written in any language to control a telephony channel, play audio, read DTMF digits, etc. by communicating with the AGI protocol on **stdin** and **stdout**. As of 1.6.0, this channel will not stop dialplan execution on hangup inside of this application. Dialplan execution will continue normally, even upon hangup until the AGI application signals a desire to stop (either by exiting or, in the case of a net script, by closing the connection). A locally executed AGI script will receive SIGHUP on hangup from the channel except when using DeadAGI. A fast AGI server will correspondingly receive a HANGUP inline with the command dialog. Both of these signals may be disabled by setting the Executes an Asterisk Gateway Interface compliant program on a channel. AGI allows Asterisk to launch external programs written in any language to control a telephony channel, play audio, read DTMF digits, etc. by communicating with the AGI protocol on `None - AGISIGHUP` channel variable to `no` before executing the AGI application.

Use the CLI command `agi show commands` to list available agi commands.

This application sets the following channel variable upon completion:

- `AGISTATUS` - The status of the attempt to the run the AGI script text string, one of:
  - `SUCCESS`
  - `FAILURE`
  - `NOTFOUND`
  - `HANGUP`

#### Syntax

```
DeadAGI ( command[ , arg1[ , arg2 ] ] )
```

#### Arguments

- `command`
- `args`
  - `arg1`
  - `arg2`

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_AGI](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_EAGI](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_Dial

### Dial()



## Synopsis

Attempt to connect to another device or endpoint and bridge the call.

## Description

This application will place calls to one or more specified channels. As soon as one of the requested channels answers, the originating channel will be answered, if it has not already been answered. These two channels will then be active in a bridged call. All other channels that were requested will then be hung up.

Unless there is a timeout specified, the Dial application will wait indefinitely until one of the called channels answers, the user hangs up, or if all of the called channels are busy or unavailable. Dialplan executing will continue if no requested channels can be called, or if the timeout expires. This application will report normal termination if the originating channel hangs up, or if the call is bridged and either of the parties in the bridge ends the call.

If the `None - OUTBOUND_GROUP` variable is set, all peer channels created by this application will be put into that group (as in `Set(GROUP())=...`). If the `None - OUTBOUND_GROUP_ONCE` variable is set, all peer channels created by this application will be put into that group (as in `Set(GROUP())=...`). Unlike `OUTBOUND_GROUP`, however, the variable will be unset after use.

This application sets the following channel variables:

- `DIALEDTIME` - This is the time from dialing a channel until when it is disconnected.
- `ANSWEREDTIME` - This is the amount of time for actual call.
- `DIALSTATUS` - This is the status of the call
  - `CHANUNAVAIL`
  - `CONGESTION`
  - `NOANSWER`
  - `BUSY`
  - `ANSWER`
  - `CANCEL`
  - `DONTCALL` - For the Privacy and Screening Modes. Will be set if the called party chooses to send the calling party to the 'Go Away' script.
  - `TORTURE` - For the Privacy and Screening Modes. Will be set if the called party chooses to send the calling party to the 'torture' script.
  - `INVALIDARGS`

## Syntax

```
Dial(Technology/Resource[&Technology2/Resource2[&...]][,timeout[,options]])
```

## Arguments

- `Technology/Resource`
  - `Technology/Resource` - Specification of the device(s) to dial. These must be in the format of `Technology/Resource`, where *Technology* represents a particular channel driver, and *Resource* represents a resource available to that particular channel driver.
  - `Technology2/Resource2` - Optional extra devices to dial in parallel. If you need more than one enter them as `Technology2/Resource2&Technology3/Resource3&.....`
- `timeout` - Specifies the number of seconds we attempt to dial the specified devices. If not specified, this defaults to 136 years.
- `options`
  - `A` - Play an announcement to the called party, where `x` is the prompt to be played
    - `x` - The file to play to the called party
  - `a` - Immediately answer the calling channel when the called channel answers in all cases. Normally, the calling channel is

answered when the called channel answers, but when options such as A() and M() are used, the calling channel is not answered until all actions on the called channel (such as playing an announcement) are completed. This option can be used to answer the calling channel before doing anything on the called channel. You will rarely need to use this option, the default behavior is adequate in most cases.

- C - Reset the call detail record (CDR) for this call.
- c - If the Dial() application cancels this call, always set the flag to tell the channel driver that the call is answered elsewhere.
- d - Allow the calling user to dial a 1 digit extension while waiting for a call to be answered. Exit to that extension if it exists in the current context, or the context defined in the EXITCONTEXT variable, if it exists. Many SIP and ISDN phones cannot send DTMF digits until the call is connected. If you wish to use this option with these phones, you can use the Many SIP and ISDN phones cannot send DTMF digits until the call is connected. If you wish to use this option with these phones, you can use the Answer application before dialing.
- D - Send the specified DTMF strings **after** the called party has answered, but before the call gets bridged. The *called* DTMF string is sent to the called party, and the *calling* DTMF string is sent to the calling party. Both arguments can be used alone. If *progress* is specified, its DTMF is sent immediately after receiving a PROGRESS message.
  - called
  - calling
  - progress
- e - Execute the *h* extension for peer after the call ends
- f - If *x* is not provided, force the CallerID sent on a call-forward or deflection to the dialplan extension of this Dial() using a dialplan *hint*. For example, some PSTNs do not allow CallerID to be set to anything other than the numbers assigned to you. If *x* is provided, force the CallerID sent to *x*.
  - x
- F - When the caller hangs up, transfer the **called** party to the specified destination and **start** execution at that location. Any channel variables you want the called channel to inherit from the caller channel must be prefixed with one or two underbars (''). *Any channel variables you want the called channel to inherit from the caller channel must be prefixed with one or two underbars ('').*
  - context
  - exten
  - priority
- F - When the caller hangs up, transfer the **called** party to the next priority of the current extension and **start** execution at that location. Any channel variables you want the called channel to inherit from the caller channel must be prefixed with one or two underbars (''). *Any channel variables you want the called channel to inherit from the caller channel must be prefixed with one or two underbars ('').* Using this option from a Macro() or GoSub() might not make sense as there would be no return points. Using this option from a Macro() or GoSub() might not make sense as there would be no return points.
- g - Proceed with dialplan execution at the next priority in the current extension if the destination channel hangs up.
- G - If the call is answered, transfer the calling party to the specified *priority* and the called party to the specified *priority* plus one. You cannot use any additional action post answer options in conjunction with this option. You cannot use any additional action post answer options in conjunction with this option.
  - context
  - exten
  - priority
- h - Allow the called party to hang up by sending the DTMF sequence defined for disconnect in *features.conf*.
- H - Allow the calling party to hang up by sending the DTMF sequence defined for disconnect in *features.conf*. Many SIP and ISDN phones cannot send DTMF digits until the call is connected. If you wish to allow DTMF disconnect before the dialed party answers with these phones, you can use the Many SIP and ISDN phones cannot send DTMF digits until the call is connected. If you wish to allow DTMF disconnect before the dialed party answers with these phones, you can use the Answer application before dialing.
- i - Asterisk will ignore any forwarding requests it may receive on this dial attempt.
- I - Asterisk will ignore any connected line update requests or redirecting party update requests it may receive on this dial attempt.
- k - Allow the called party to enable parking of the call by sending the DTMF sequence defined for call parking in *features.conf*.
- K - Allow the calling party to enable parking of the call by sending the DTMF sequence defined for call parking in *features.conf*.
- L - Limit the call to *x* milliseconds. Play a warning when *y* milliseconds are left. Repeat the warning every *z* milliseconds until time expires. This option is affected by the following variables: If set, this variable causes Asterisk to play the prompts to the caller. If set, this variable causes Asterisk to play the prompts to the callee. If specified, *filename* specifies the sound prompt to play when the timeout is reached. If not set, the time remaining will be announced. If specified, *filename* specifies the sound prompt to play when the call begins. If not set, the time remaining will be announced. If specified, *filename* specifies the sound prompt to play as a warning when time *x* is reached. If not set, the time remaining will be announced.
  - x - Maximum call time, in milliseconds
  - y - Warning time, in milliseconds
  - z - Repeat time, in milliseconds
- m - Provide hold music to the calling party until a requested channel answers. A specific music on hold *class* (as defined in *musiconhold.conf*) can be specified.
  - class
- M - Execute the specified *macro* for the **called** channel before connecting to the calling channel. Arguments can be specified to the Macro using ^ as a delimiter. The macro can set the variable MACRO\_RESULT to specify the following actions after the macro is finished executing: If set, this action will be taken after the macro finished executing. You cannot use any additional action post answer options in conjunction with this option. Also, pbx services are not run on the peer (called) channel, so you will not be able to set timeouts via the TIMEOUT() function in this macro. You cannot use any additional action post answer options in conjunction with this option. Also, pbx services are not run on the peer (called) channel, so you will not be able to set timeouts via the TIMEOUT() function in this macro. Be aware of the limitations that macros have, specifically with regards to use of the WaitExten application. For more information, see the documentation for Macro()
  - macro - Name of the macro that should be executed.

- `arg` - Macro arguments
- `n` - This option is a modifier for the call screening/privacy mode. (See the `p` and `P` options.) It specifies that no introductions are to be saved in the `priv-callerintros` directory.
  - `delete` - With `delete` either not specified or set to 0, the recorded introduction will not be deleted if the caller hangs up while the remote party has not yet answered. With `delete` set to 1, the introduction will always be deleted.
- `N` - This option is a modifier for the call screening/privacy mode. It specifies that if `Caller*ID` is present, do not screen the call.
- `o` - If `x` is not provided, specify that the `CallerID` that was present on the **calling** channel be stored as the `CallerID` on the **called** channel. This was the behavior of Asterisk 1.0 and earlier. If `x` is provided, specify the `CallerID` stored on the **called** channel. Note that `o({CALLERID(all)})` is similar to option `o` without the parameter.
  - `x`
- `O` - Enables **operator services** mode. This option only works when bridging a DAHDI channel to another DAHDI channel only. If specified on non-DAHDI interfaces, it will be ignored. When the destination answers (presumably an operator services station), the originator no longer has control of their line. They may hang up, but the switch will not release their line until the destination party (the operator) hangs up.
  - `mode` - With `mode` either not specified or set to 1, the originator hanging up will cause the phone to ring back immediately. With `mode` set to 2, when the operator flashes the trunk, it will ring their phone back.
- `p` - This option enables screening mode. This is basically Privacy mode without memory.
- `P` - Enable privacy mode. Use `x` as the family/key in the `AstDB` database if it is provided. The current extension is used if a database family/key is not specified.
  - `x`
- `r` - Default: Indicate ringing to the calling party, even if the called party isn't actually ringing. Pass no audio to the calling party until the called channel has answered.
  - `tone` - Indicate progress to calling party. Send audio 'tone' from `indications.conf`
- `S` - Hang up the call `x` seconds **after** the called party has answered the call.
  - `x`
- `s` - Force the outgoing `callerid` tag parameter to be set to the string `x`. Works with the `f` option.
  - `x`
- `t` - Allow the called party to transfer the calling party by sending the DTMF sequence defined in `features.conf`. This setting does not perform policy enforcement on transfers initiated by other methods.
- `T` - Allow the calling party to transfer the called party by sending the DTMF sequence defined in `features.conf`. This setting does not perform policy enforcement on transfers initiated by other methods.
- `U` - Execute via `Gosub` the routine `x` for the **called** channel before connecting to the calling channel. Arguments can be specified to the `Gosub` using `^` as a delimiter. The `Gosub` routine can set the variable `GOSUB_RESULT` to specify the following actions after the `Gosub` returns. You cannot use any additional action post answer options in conjunction with this option. Also, `pbx` services are not run on the peer (called) channel, so you will not be able to set timeouts via the `TIMEOUT()` function in this routine. You cannot use any additional action post answer options in conjunction with this option. Also, `pbx` services are not run on the peer (called) channel, so you will not be able to set timeouts via the `TIMEOUT()` function in this routine.
  - `x` - Name of the subroutine to execute via `Gosub`
  - `arg` - Arguments for the `Gosub` routine
- `u` - Works with the `f` option.
  - `x` - Force the outgoing `callerid` presentation indicator parameter to be set to one of the values passed in `x`:
    - `allowed_not_screened`
    - `allowed_passed_screen`
    - `allowed_failed_screen`
    - `allowed`
    - `prohib_not_screened`
    - `prohib_passed_screen`
    - `prohib_failed_screen`
    - `prohib`
    - `unavailable`
- `w` - Allow the called party to enable recording of the call by sending the DTMF sequence defined for one-touch recording in `features.conf`.
- `W` - Allow the calling party to enable recording of the call by sending the DTMF sequence defined for one-touch recording in `features.conf`.
- `x` - Allow the called party to enable recording of the call by sending the DTMF sequence defined for one-touch automixmonitor in `features.conf`.
- `X` - Allow the calling party to enable recording of the call by sending the DTMF sequence defined for one-touch automixmonitor in `features.conf`.
- `z` - On a call forward, cancel any dial timeout which has been set for this call.
- `URL` - The optional URL will be sent to the called party if the channel driver supports it.

## See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 Application\_Dictate

## Dictate()

### Synopsis

Virtual Dictation Machine.

### Description

Start dictation machine using optional *base\_dir* for files.

### Syntax

```
Dictate([base_dir[,filename]])
```

### Arguments

- *base\_dir*
- *filename*

### See Also

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_Directory

## Directory()

### Synopsis

Provide directory of voicemail extensions.

### Description

This application will present the calling channel with a directory of extensions from which they can search by name. The list of names and corresponding extensions is retrieved from the voicemail configuration file, *voicemail.conf*.

This application will immediately exit if one of the following DTMF digits are received and the extension to jump to exists:

0 - Jump to the 'o' extension, if it exists. \* - Jump to the 'a' extension, if it exists.

### Syntax

```
Directory([vm-context[,dial-context[,options]])
```

### Arguments

- *vm-context* - This is the context within *voicemail.conf* to use for the Directory. If not specified and *searchcontexts=no* in

- `voicemail.conf`, then `default` will be assumed.
- `dial-context` - This is the dialplan context to use when looking for an extension that the user has selected, or when jumping to the `o` or `a` extension. If not specified, the current context will be used.
- `options` - Only one of the `f`, `l`, or `b` options may be specified. **If more than one is specified**, then Directory will act as if `b` was specified. The number of characters for the user to type defaults to 3.
  - `e` - In addition to the name, also read the extension number to the caller before presenting dialing options.
  - `f` - Allow the caller to enter the first name of a user in the directory instead of using the last name. If specified, the optional number argument will be used for the number of characters the user should enter.
    - `n`
  - `l` - Allow the caller to enter the last name of a user in the directory. This is the default. If specified, the optional number argument will be used for the number of characters the user should enter.
    - `n`
  - `b` - Allow the caller to enter either the first or the last name of a user in the directory. If specified, the optional number argument will be used for the number of characters the user should enter.
    - `n`
  - `m` - Instead of reading each name sequentially and asking for confirmation, create a menu of up to 8 names.
  - `n` - Read digits even if the channel is not answered.
  - `p` - Pause for `n` milliseconds after the digits are typed. This is helpful for people with cellphones, who are not holding the receiver to their ear while entering DTMF.
    - `n`

### See Also

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_DISA

### DISA()

#### Synopsis

Direct Inward System Access.

#### Description

The DISA, Direct Inward System Access, application allows someone from outside the telephone switch (PBX) to obtain an **internal** system dialtone and to place calls from it as if they were placing a call from within the switch. DISA plays a dialtone. The user enters their numeric passcode, followed by the pound sign `#`. If the passcode is correct, the user is then given system dialtone within *context* on which a call may be placed. If the user enters an invalid extension and extension `i` exists in the specified *context*, it will be used.

Be aware that using this may compromise the security of your PBX.

The arguments to this application (in `extensions.conf`) allow either specification of a single global *passcode* (that everyone uses), or individual passcodes contained in a file (*filename*).

The file that contains the passcodes (if used) allows a complete specification of all of the same arguments available on the command line, with the sole exception of the options. The file may contain blank lines, or comments starting with `#` or `;`.

#### Syntax

```
DISA(passcode|filename[,context[,cid[,mailbox[@context][,options]]])
```

#### Arguments

- `passcode|filename` - If you need to present a DISA dialtone without entering a password, simply set *passcode* to `no-password`. You may specify a *filename* instead of a *passcode*, this filename must contain individual passcodes.
- `context` - Specifies the dialplan context in which the user-entered extension will be matched. If no context is specified, the DISA application defaults to the `disa` context. Presumably a normal system will have a special context set up for DISA use with some or a lot of restrictions.
- `cid` - Specifies a new (different) callerid to be used for this call.
- `mailbox` - Will cause a stutter-dialtone (indication **dialrecall**) to be used, if the specified mailbox contains any new messages.
  - `mailbox`
  - `context`
- `options`
  - `n` - The DISA application will not answer initially.
  - `p` - The extension entered will be considered complete when a `#` is entered.

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_Authenticate](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_VMAAuthenticate](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_DumpChan

### DumpChan()

#### Synopsis

Dump Info About The Calling Channel.

#### Description

Displays information on channel and listing of all channel variables. If *level* is specified, output is only displayed when the verbose level is currently set to that number or greater.

#### Syntax

```
DumpChan([level])
```

#### Arguments

- `level` - Minimum verbose level

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_NoOp](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_Verbose](#)

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 Application\_EAGI

## EAGI()

### Synopsis

Executes an EAGI compliant application.

### Description

Using 'EAGI' provides enhanced AGI, with incoming audio available out of band on file descriptor 3.

Executes an Asterisk Gateway Interface compliant program on a channel. AGI allows Asterisk to launch external programs written in any language to control a telephony channel, play audio, read DTMF digits, etc. by communicating with the AGI protocol on **stdin** and **stdout**. As of 1.6.0, this channel will not stop dialplan execution on hangup inside of this application. Dialplan execution will continue normally, even upon hangup until the AGI application signals a desire to stop (either by exiting or, in the case of a net script, by closing the connection). A locally executed AGI script will receive SIGHUP on hangup from the channel except when using DeadAGI. A fast AGI server will correspondingly receive a HANGUP inline with the command dialog. Both of these signals may be disabled by setting the Executes an Asterisk Gateway Interface compliant program on a channel. AGI allows Asterisk to launch external programs written in any language to control a telephony channel, play audio, read DTMF digits, etc. by communicating with the AGI protocol on `None - AGISIGHUP` channel variable to `no` before executing the AGI application.

Use the CLI command `agi show commands` to list available agi commands.

This application sets the following channel variable upon completion:

- `AGISTATUS` - The status of the attempt to the run the AGI script text string, one of:
  - `SUCCESS`
  - `FAILURE`
  - `NOTFOUND`
  - `HANGUP`

### Syntax

```
EAGI(command[,arg1[,arg2]])
```

### Arguments

- `command`
- `args`
  - `arg1`
  - `arg2`

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_AGI](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_DeadAGI](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_Echo

### Echo()

#### Synopsis

Echo audio, video, DTMF back to the calling party

#### Description

Echos back any audio, video or DTMF frames read from the calling channel back to itself. Note: If '#' detected application exits

This application does not automatically answer and should be preceeded by an application such as Answer() or Progress().

#### Syntax

```
Echo( )
```

#### Arguments

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_EndWhile

### EndWhile()

#### Synopsis

End a while loop.

#### Description

Return to the previous called `while()`.



## Syntax

```
EndWhile( )
```

## Arguments

## See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_While](#)

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_ExitWhile](#)

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_ContinueWhile](#)

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 Application\_Exec

## Exec()

## Synopsis

Executes dialplan application.

## Description

Allows an arbitrary application to be invoked even when not hard coded into the dialplan. If the underlying application terminates the dialplan, or if the application cannot be found, Exec will terminate the dialplan.

To invoke external applications, see the application System. If you would like to catch any error instead, see TryExec.

## Syntax

```
Exec( arguments )
```

## Arguments

- appname - Application name and arguments of the dialplan application to execute.
  - arguments

## See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 Application\_ExecIf

## ExecIf()

### Synopsis

Executes dialplan application, conditionally.

### Description

If *expr* is true, execute and return the result of *appiftrue(args)*.

If *expr* is true, but *appiftrue* is not found, then the application will return a non-zero value.

### Syntax

```
ExecIf(expression?appiftrue[:...][:appiffalse[:...]])
```

### Arguments

- expression
- execapp
  - appiftrue
  - appiffalse

### See Also

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_ExecIfTime

## ExecIfTime()

### Synopsis

Conditional application execution based on the current time.

### Description

This application will execute the specified dialplan application, with optional arguments, if the current time matches the given time specification.

### Syntax

```
ExecIfTime(timesweekdaysmdaysmonths[,timezone]?appargs)
```

### Arguments

- day\_condition
  - times
  - weekdays
  - mdays

- months
- timezone
- appname
  - appargs

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_Exec](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_TryExec](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_ExitWhile

### ExitWhile()

#### Synopsis

End a While loop.

#### Description

Exits a `while()` loop, whether or not the conditional has been satisfied.

#### Syntax

```
ExitWhile()
```

#### Arguments

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_While](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_EndWhile](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_ContinueWhile](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_ExtenSpy

### ExtenSpy()

#### Synopsis

Listen to a channel, and optionally whisper into it.

## Description

This application is used to listen to the audio from an Asterisk channel. This includes the audio coming in and out of the channel being spied on. Only channels created by outgoing calls for the specified extension will be selected for spying. If the optional context is not supplied, the current channel's context will be used.

While spying, the following actions may be performed:

- Dialing # cycles the volume level.
- Dialing \* will stop spying and look for another channel to spy on.

The `X` option supersedes the three features above in that if a valid single digit extension exists in the correct context ChanSpy will exit to it. This also disables choosing a channel based on `chanprefix` and a digit sequence.

## Syntax

```
ExtenSpy(exten[@context][,options])
```

## Arguments

- `exten`
  - `exten` - Specify extension.
  - `context` - Optionally specify a context, defaults to `default`.
- `options`
  - `b` - Only spy on channels involved in a bridged call.
  - `B` - Instead of whispering on a single channel barge in on both channels involved in the call.
  - `c`
    - `digit` - Specify a DTMF digit that can be used to spy on the next available channel.
  - `d` - Override the typical numeric DTMF functionality and instead use DTMF to switch between spy modes.
    - `4` - spy mode
    - `5` - whisper mode
    - `6` - barge mode
  - `e` - Enable **enforced** mode, so the spying channel can only monitor extensions whose name is in the `ext` : delimited list.
    - `ext`
  - `E` - Exit when the spied-on channel hangs up.
  - `g` - both both `grp` and `SPYGROUP` can contain either a single group or a colon-delimited list of groups, such as `sales:support:accounting`.
    - `grp` - Only spy on channels in which one or more of the groups listed in `grp` matches one or more groups from the `SPYGROUP` variable set on the channel to be spied upon.
  - `n` - Say the name of the person being spied on if that person has recorded his/her name. If a context is specified, then that voicemail context will be searched when retrieving the name, otherwise the `default` context be used when searching for the name (i.e. if SIP/1000 is the channel being spied on and no mailbox is specified, then `1000` will be used when searching for the name).
    - `mailbox`
    - `context`
  - `o` - Only listen to audio coming from this channel.
  - `q` - Don't play a beep when beginning to spy on a channel, or speak the selected channel name.
  - `r` - Record the session to the monitor spool directory. An optional base for the filename may be specified. The default is `chanspy`.
    - `basename`
  - `s` - Skip the playback of the channel type (i.e. SIP, IAX, etc) when speaking the selected channel name.
  - `S` - Stop when there are no more extensions left to spy on.
  - `v` - Adjust the initial volume in the range from -4 to 4. A negative value refers to a quieter setting.
    - `value`
  - `w` - Enable `whisper` mode, so the spying channel can talk to the spied-on channel.
  - `W` - Enable `private whisper` mode, so the spying channel can talk to the spied-on channel but cannot listen to that channel.
  - `x`
    - `digit` - Specify a DTMF digit that can be used to exit the application.
  - `X` - Allow the user to exit ChanSpy to a valid single digit numeric extension in the current context or the context specified by the `SPY_EXIT_CONTEXT` channel variable. The name of the last channel that was spied on will be stored in the `SPY_CHANNEL`

- variable.
- 4 - spy mode
- 5 - whisper mode
- 6 - barge mode

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_Chanspy](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_ExternalIVR

### ExternalIVR()

#### Synopsis

Interfaces with an external IVR application.

#### Description

Either forks a process to run given command or makes a socket to connect to given host and starts a generator on the channel. The generator's play list is controlled by the external application, which can add and clear entries via simple commands issued over its stdout. The external application will receive all DTMF events received on the channel, and notification if the channel is hung up. The received on the channel, and notification if the channel is hung up. The application will not be forcibly terminated when the channel is hung up. For more information see `doc/AST.pdf`.

#### Syntax

```
ExternalIVR([arg1][,arg2][,options])
```

#### Arguments

- `command|ivr://host`
  - `arg1`
  - `arg2`
- `options`
  - `n` - Tells ExternalIVR() not to answer the channel.
  - `i` - Tells ExternalIVR() not to send a hangup and exit when the channel receives a hangup, instead it sends an `I` informative message meaning that the external application MUST hang up the call with an `H` command.
  - `d` - Tells ExternalIVR() to run on a channel that has been hung up and will not look for hangups. The external application must exit with an `E` command.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_Festival

### Festival()

#### Synopsis

Say text to the user.

#### Description

Connect to Festival, send the argument, get back the waveform, play it to the user, allowing any given interrupt keys to immediately terminate and return the value, or `any` to allow any number back (useful in dialplan).

#### Syntax

```
Festival(text[,intkeys])
```

#### Arguments

- `text`
- `intkeys`

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_Flash

### Flash()

#### Synopsis

Flashes a DAHDI Trunk.

#### Description

Performs a flash on a DAHDI trunk. This can be used to access features provided on an incoming analogue circuit such as conference and call waiting. Use with `SendDTMF()` to perform external transfers.

#### Syntax

```
Flash( )
```

#### Arguments

#### See Also

## Asterisk 10 Application\_SendDTMF

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_FollowMe

### FollowMe()

#### Synopsis

Find-Me/Follow-Me application.

#### Description

This application performs Find-Me/Follow-Me functionality for the caller as defined in the profile matching the *followmeid* parameter in `followme.conf`. If the specified *followmeid* profile doesn't exist in `followme.conf`, execution will be returned to the dialplan and call execution will continue at the next priority.

Returns -1 on hangup.

#### Syntax

```
FollowMe( followmeid[ ,options] )
```

#### Arguments

- `followmeid`
- `options`
  - `s` - Playback the incoming status message prior to starting the follow-me step(s)
  - `a` - Record the caller's name so it can be announced to the callee on each step.
  - `n` - Playback the unreachable status message if we've run out of steps to reach the or the callee has elected not to be reachable.
  - `N` - Don't answer the incoming call until we're ready to connect the caller or give up. This will disable all the other options while implicitly turning on the 'd' option.
  - `d` - Disable the 'Please hold while we try to connect your call' announcement.
  - `l` - Disable local call optimization so that applications with audio hooks between the local bridge don't get dropped when the calls get joined directly.

#### See Also

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_ForkCDR

### ForkCDR()

#### Synopsis

Forks the Call Data Record.

#### Description

Causes the Call Data Record to fork an additional cdr record starting from the time of the fork call. This new cdr record will be linked to end of the list of cdr records attached to the channel. The original CDR has a LOCKED flag set, which forces most cdr operations to skip it, except for the functions that set the answer and end times, which ignore the LOCKED flag. This allows all the cdr records in the channel to be 'ended' together when the channel is closed.

The CDR() func (when setting CDR values) normally ignores the LOCKED flag also, but has options to vary its behavior. The 'T' option (described below), can override this behavior, but beware the risks.

First, this app finds the last cdr record in the list, and makes a copy of it. This new copy will be the newly forked cdr record. Next, this new record is linked to the end of the cdr record list. Next, The new cdr record is RESET (unless you use an option to prevent this)

This means that:

1. All flags are unset on the cdr record
2. the start, end, and answer times are all set to zero.
3. the billsec and duration fields are set to zero.
4. the start time is set to the current time.
5. the disposition is set to NULL.

Next, unless you specified the `v` option, all variables will be removed from the original cdr record. Thus, the `v` option allows any CDR variables to be replicated to all new forked cdr records. Without the `v` option, the variables on the original are effectively moved to the new forked cdr record.

Next, if the `s` option is set, the provided variable and value are set on the original cdr record.

Next, if the `a` option is given, and the original cdr record has an answer time set, then the new forked cdr record will have its answer time set to its start time. If the old answer time were carried forward, the answer time would be earlier than the start time, giving strange duration and billsec times.

If the `d` option was specified, the disposition is copied from the original cdr record to the new forked cdr. If the `D` option was specified, the destination channel field in the new forked CDR is erased. If the `e` option was specified, the 'end' time for the original cdr record is set to the current time. Future hang-up or ending events will not override this time stamp. If the `A` option is specified, the original cdr record will have its ANS\_LOCKED flag set, which prevent future answer events from updating the original cdr record's disposition. Normally, an ANSWERED event would mark all cdr records in the chain as ANSWERED. If the `T` option is specified, the original cdr record



will have its `DONT_TOUCH` flag set, which will force the `cdr_answer`, `cdr_end`, and `cdr_setvar` functions to leave that `cdr` record alone.

And, last but not least, the original `cdr` record has its `LOCKED` flag set. Almost all internal CDR functions (except for the funcs that set the end, and answer times, and set a variable) will honor this flag and leave a `LOCKED` `cdr` record alone. This means that the newly created forked `cdr` record will be affected by events transpiring within Asterisk, with the previously noted exceptions.

### Syntax

```
ForkCDR([options])
```

### Arguments

- `options`
  - `a` - Update the answer time on the NEW CDR just after it's been inited. The new CDR may have been answered already. The reset that `forkcdr` does will erase the answer time. This will bring it back, but the answer time will be a copy of the fork/start time. It will only do this if the initial `cdr` was indeed already answered.
  - `A` - Lock the original CDR against the answer time being updated. This will allow the disposition on the original CDR to remain the same.
  - `d` - Copy the disposition forward from the old `cdr`, after the init.
  - `D` - Clear the `dstchannel` on the new CDR after reset.
  - `e` - End the original CDR. Do this after all the necessary data is copied from the original CDR to the new forked CDR.
  - `r` - Do **NOT** reset the new `cdr`.
  - `s(name=val)` - Set the CDR var *name* in the original CDR, with value *val*.
  - `T` - Mark the original CDR with a `DONT_TOUCH` flag. `setvar`, `answer`, and `end cdr` funcs will obey this flag; normally they don't honor the `LOCKED` flag set on the original CDR record. Using this flag may cause CDR's not to have their end times updated! It is suggested that if you specify this flag, you might wish to use the `e` flag as well!
  - `v` - When the new CDR is forked, it gets a copy of the vars attached to the current CDR. The vars attached to the original CDR are removed unless this option is specified.

### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Function\\_CDR](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_NoCDR](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_ResetCDR](#)

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_GetCPEID

### GetCPEID()

#### Synopsis

Get ADSI CPE ID.

#### Description

Obtains and displays ADSI CPE ID and other information in order to properly setup `dahdi.conf` for on-hook operations.

## Syntax

```
GetCPEID( )
```

## Arguments

## See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 Application\_Gosub

## Gosub()

## Synopsis

Jump to label, saving return address.

## Description

Jumps to the label specified, saving the return address.

## Syntax

```
Gosub( [ context[ , exten, arg1[ , ... ][ , argN] ] ] )
```

## Arguments

- context
- exten
- priority
  - arg1
  - argN

## See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_GosubIf](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_Macro](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_Goto](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_Return](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_StackPop](#)

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 Application\_GosubIf

## Gosublf()

### Synopsis

Conditionally jump to label, saving return address.

### Description

If the condition is true, then jump to `labeliftrue`. If false, jumps to `labeliffalse`, if specified. In either case, a jump saves the return point in the dialplan, to be returned to with a `Return`.

### Syntax

```
GosubIf ( condition? [labeliftrue] [:labeliffalse] )
```

### Arguments

- `condition`
- `destination`
  - `labeliftrue`
  - `labeliffalse`

### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_Gosub](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_Return](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_MacroIf](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_IF](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_GotoIf](#)

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_Goto

### Goto()

### Synopsis

Jump to a particular priority, extension, or context.

### Description

This application will set the current context, extension, and priority in the channel structure. After it completes, the pbx engine will continue dialplan execution at the specified location. If no specific *extension*, or *extension* and *context*, are specified, then this application will just set the specified *priority* of the current extension.

At least a *priority* is required as an argument, or the goto will return a `-1`, and the channel and call will be terminated.

If the location that is put into the channel information is bogus, and asterisk cannot find that location in the dialplan, then the execution engine will try to find and execute the code in the `i` (invalid) extension in the current context. If that does not exist, it will try to execute the `h` extension. If neither the `h` nor `i` extensions have been defined, the channel is hung up, and the execution of instructions on the channel is terminated. What this means is that, for example, you specify a context that does not exist, then it will not be possible to find the `h` or `i` extensions, and the call will terminate!

### Syntax

```
Goto([context[,extensions,priority]])
```

### Arguments

- context
- extensions
- priority

### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_Gotolf](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_GotolfTime](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_Gosub](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_Macro](#)

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_Gotolf

### Gotolf()

#### Synopsis

Conditional goto.

#### Description

This application will set the current context, extension, and priority in the channel structure based on the evaluation of the given condition. After this application completes, the pbx engine will continue dialplan execution at the specified location in the dialplan. The labels are specified with the same syntax as used within the Goto application. If the label chosen by the condition is omitted, no jump is performed, and the execution passes to the next instruction. If the target location is bogus, and does not exist, the execution engine will try to find and execute the code in the `i` (invalid) extension in the current context. If that does not exist, it will try to execute the `h` extension. If neither the `h` nor `i` extensions have been defined, the channel is hung up, and the

execution of instructions on the channel is terminated. Remember that this command can set the current context, and if the context specified does not exist, then it will not be able to find any 'h' or 'i' extensions there, and the channel and call will both be terminated!.

### Syntax

```
GotoIf(condition?[labeliftrue][:labeliffalse])
```

### Arguments

- condition
- destination
  - *labeliftrue* - Continue at *labeliftrue* if the condition is true.
  - *labeliffalse* - Continue at *labeliffalse* if the condition is false.

### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_Goto](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_GotolfTime](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_GosubIf](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_Macrolf](#)

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_GotolfTime

### GotolfTime()

#### Synopsis

Conditional Goto based on the current time.

#### Description

This application will set the context, extension, and priority in the channel structure based on the evaluation of the given time specification. After this application completes, the pbx engine will continue dialplan execution at the specified location in the dialplan. If the current time is within the given time specification, the channel will continue at *labeliftrue*. Otherwise the channel will continue at *labeliffalse*. If the label chosen by the condition is omitted, no jump is performed, and execution passes to the next instruction. If the target jump location is bogus, the same actions would be taken as for `Goto`. Further information on the time specification can be found in examples illustrating how to do time-based context includes in the dialplan.

### Syntax

```
GotoIfTime(timesweekdaysmdaysmonths[,timezone]?[labeliftrue][:labeliffalse])
```

### Arguments

- condition
  - times
  - weekdays
  - mdays
  - months
  - timezone
- destination
  - labeliftrue
  - labeliffalse

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_Gotof](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_IFTIME](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_TESTTIME](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_Hangup

### Hangup()

#### Synopsis

Hang up the calling channel.

#### Description

This application will hang up the calling channel.

#### Syntax

```
Hangup ( [ causecode ] )
```

#### Arguments

- `causecode` - If a *causecode* is given the channel's hangup cause will be set to the given value.

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_Answer](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_Busy](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_Congestion](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_IAX2Provision

## IAX2Provision()

### Synopsis

Provision a calling IAXy with a given template.

### Description

Provisions the calling IAXy (assuming the calling entity is in fact an IAXy) with the given *template*. Returns -1 on error or 0 on success.

### Syntax

```
IAX2Provision([template])
```

### Arguments

- `template` - If not specified, defaults to default.

### See Also

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_ICES

### ICES()

### Synopsis

Encode and stream using 'ices'.

### Description

Streams to an icecast server using ices (available separately). A configuration file must be supplied for ices (see contrib/asterisk-ices.xml).

ICES version 2 client and server required.ICES version 2 client and server required.

### Syntax

```
ICES(config)
```

### Arguments

- `config` - ICES configuration file.

### See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_ImportVar

### ImportVar()

#### Synopsis

Import a variable from a channel into a new variable.

#### Description

This application imports a *variable* from the specified *channel* (as opposed to the current one) and stores it as a variable ( *newvar* ) in the current channel (the channel that is calling this application). Variables created by this application have the same inheritance properties as those created with the `Set` application.

#### Syntax

```
ImportVar(newvar=channelnamevariable)
```

#### Arguments

- `newvar`
- `vardata`
  - `channelname`
  - `variable`

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_Set](#)

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_Incomplete

### Incomplete()

#### Synopsis

Returns `AST_PBX_INCOMPLETE` value.

#### Description

Signals the PBX routines that the previous matched extension is incomplete and that further input should be allowed before matching can be considered to be complete. Can be used within



a pattern match when certain criteria warrants a longer match.

#### Syntax

```
Incomplete([n])
```

#### Arguments

- `n` - If specified, then Incomplete will not attempt to answer the channel first. Most channel types need to be in Answer state in order to receive DTMF. Most channel types need to be in Answer state in order to receive DTMF.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_IVRDemo

### IVRDemo()

#### Synopsis

IVR Demo Application.

#### Description

This is a skeleton application that shows you the basic structure to create your own asterisk applications and demonstrates the IVR demo.

#### Syntax

```
IVRDemo(filename)
```

#### Arguments

- `filename`

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_JabberJoin

### JabberJoin()

#### Synopsis

## Join a chat room

### Description

Allows Asterisk to join a chat room.

### Syntax

```
JabberJoin(Jabber,RoomJID[,Nickname])
```

### Arguments

- `Jabber` - Client or transport Asterisk uses to connect to Jabber.
- `RoomJID` - XMPP/Jabber JID (Name) of chat room.
- `Nickname` - The nickname Asterisk will use in the chat room. If a different nickname is supplied to an already joined room, the old nick will be changed to the new one. If a different nickname is supplied to an already joined room, the old nick will be changed to the new one.

### See Also

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_JabberLeave

### JabberLeave()

### Synopsis

Leave a chat room

### Description

Allows Asterisk to leave a chat room.

### Syntax

```
JabberLeave(Jabber,RoomJID[,Nickname])
```

### Arguments

- `Jabber` - Client or transport Asterisk uses to connect to Jabber.
- `RoomJID` - XMPP/Jabber JID (Name) of chat room.
- `Nickname` - The nickname Asterisk uses in the chat room.

### See Also

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_JabberSend

### JabberSend()

#### Synopsis

Sends an XMPP message to a buddy.

#### Description

Sends the content of *message* as text message from the given *account* to the buddy identified by *jid*

Example: `JabberSend(asterisk,bob@domain.com,Hello world)` sends "Hello world" to *bob@domain.com* as an XMPP message from the account *asterisk*, configured in *jabber.conf*.

#### Syntax

```
JabberSend(account,jid,message)
```

#### Arguments

- *account* - The local named account to listen on (specified in *jabber.conf*)
- *jid* - Jabber ID of the buddy to send the message to. It can be a bare JID (*username@domain*) or a full JID (*username@domain/resource*).
- *message* - The message to send.

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Function\\_JABBER\\_STATUS](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_JABBER\\_RECEIVE](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_JabberSendGroup

### JabberSendGroup()

#### Synopsis

Send a Jabber Message to a specified chat room

#### Description

Allows user to send a message to a chat room via XMPP.

To be able to send messages to a chat room, a user must have previously joined it. Use the `To` to be able to send messages to a chat room, a user must have previously joined it. Use the

*JabberJoin* function to do so.

#### Syntax

```
JabberSendGroup ( Jabber , RoomJID , Message [ , Nickname ] )
```

#### Arguments

- *Jabber* - Client or transport Asterisk uses to connect to Jabber.
- *RoomJID* - XMPP/Jabber JID (Name) of chat room.
- *Message* - Message to be sent to the chat room.
- *Nickname* - The nickname Asterisk uses in the chat room.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_JabberStatus

### JabberStatus()

#### Synopsis

Retrieve the status of a jabber list member

#### Description

This application is deprecated. Please use the JABBER\_STATUS() function instead.

Retrieves the numeric status associated with the specified buddy *JID*. The return value in the *Variable* will be one of the following.

Online.

Chatty.

Away.

Extended Away.

Do Not Disturb.

Offline.

Not In Roster.

#### Syntax

```
JabberStatus(Jabber,JID,Variable)
```

#### Arguments

- `Jabber` - Client or transport Asterisk users to connect to Jabber.
- `JID` - XMPP/Jabber JID (Name) of recipient.
- `Variable` - Variable to store the status of requested user.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_JACK

### JACK()

#### Synopsis

Jack Audio Connection Kit

#### Description

When executing this application, two jack ports will be created; one input and one output. Other applications can be hooked up to these ports to access audio coming from, or being send to the channel.

#### Syntax

```
JACK([options])
```

#### Arguments

- `options`
  - `s`
    - `name` - Connect to the specified jack server name
  - `i`
    - `name` - Connect the output port that gets created to the specified jack input port
  - `o`
    - `name` - Connect the input port that gets created to the specified jack output port
  - `c`
    - `name` - By default, Asterisk will use the channel name for the jack client name. Use this option to specify a custom client name.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_Log

## Log()

### Synopsis

Send arbitrary text to a selected log level.

### Description

Sends an arbitrary text message to a selected log level.

### Syntax

```
Log ( level , message )
```

### Arguments

- `level` - Level must be one of `ERROR`, `WARNING`, `NOTICE`, `DEBUG`, `VERBOSE` or `DTMF`.
- `message` - Output text message.

### See Also

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_Macro

## Macro()

### Synopsis

Macro Implementation.

### Description

Executes a macro using the context macro- *name*, jumping to the *s* extension of that context and executing each step, then returning when the steps end.

The calling extension, context, and priority are stored in `None - MACRO_EXTEN`, The calling extension, context, and priority are stored in `None - MACRO_CONTEXT` and The calling extension, context, and priority are stored in `None - MACRO_PRIORITY` respectively. Arguments become The calling extension, context, and priority are stored in `None - ARG1`, The calling extension, context, and priority are stored in `None - ARG2`, etc in the macro context.

If you Goto out of the Macro context, the Macro will terminate and control will be returned at the location of the Goto.

If `None - MACRO_OFFSET` is set at termination, Macro will attempt to continue at priority

MACRO\_OFFSET + N + 1 if such a step exists, and N + 1 otherwise.

Because of the way Macro is implemented (it executes the priorities contained within it via sub-engine), and a fixed per-thread memory stack allowance, macros are limited to 7 levels of nesting (macro calling macro calling macro, etc.); It may be possible that stack-intensive applications in deeply nested macros could cause asterisk to crash earlier than this limit. It is advised that if you need to deeply nest macro calls, that you use the Gosub application (now allows arguments like a Macro) with explicit Return() calls instead.

Use of the application WaitExten within a macro will not function as expected. Please use the Read application in order to read DTMF from a channel currently executing a macro.

#### Syntax

```
Macro(name[,arg1[,arg2[,...]]])
```

#### Arguments

- name - The name of the macro
- args
  - arg1
  - arg2

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_MacroExit](#)

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_Goto](#)

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_Gosub](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_MacroExclusive

### MacroExclusive()

#### Synopsis

Exclusive Macro Implementation.

#### Description

Executes macro defined in the context macro- *name*. Only one call at a time may run the macro. (we'll wait if another call is busy executing in the Macro)

Arguments and return values as in application Macro()

Use of the application WaitExten within a macro will not function as expected. Please use the Read application in order to read DTMF from a channel currently executing a macro.

## Syntax

```
MacroExclusive(name[,arg1[,arg2[,...]]])
```

## Arguments

- name - The name of the macro
- arg1
- arg2

## See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_Macro](#)

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_MacroExit

### MacroExit()

#### Synopsis

Exit from Macro.

#### Description

Causes the currently running macro to exit as if it had ended normally by running out of priorities to execute. If used outside a macro, will likely cause unexpected behavior.

## Syntax

```
MacroExit()
```

## Arguments

## See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_Macro](#)

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_MacroIf

### MacroIf()

#### Synopsis



Conditional Macro implementation.

#### Description

Executes macro defined in *macroiftrue* if *expr* is true (otherwise *macroiffalse* if provided)

Arguments and return values as in application Macro()

Use of the application WaitExten within a macro will not function as expected. Please use the Read application in order to read DTMF from a channel currently executing a macro.

#### Syntax

```
MacroIf (expr?macroiftrue[:macroiffalse])
```

#### Arguments

- *expr*
- *destination*
  - *macroiftrue*
  - *macroiffalse*

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_Gotof](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_GosubIf](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_IF](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_MailboxExists

### MailboxExists()

#### Synopsis

Check to see if Voicemail mailbox exists.

#### Description

Check to see if the specified *mailbox* exists. If no voicemail *context* is specified, the default context will be used.

This application will set the following channel variable upon completion:

- VMBOXEXISTSTATUS - This will contain the status of the execution of the MailboxExists application. Possible values include:
  - SUCCESS
  - FAILED

## Syntax

```
MailboxExists(mailbox[@context][,options])
```

## Arguments

- mailbox
  - mailbox
  - context
- options - None options.

## See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 Application\_MeetMe

## MeetMe()

## Synopsis

MeetMe conference bridge.

## Description

Enters the user into a specified MeetMe conference. If the *confno* is omitted, the user will be prompted to enter one. User can exit the conference by hangup, or if the *p* option is specified, by pressing #.

The DAHDI kernel modules and at least one hardware driver (or dahdi\_dummy) must be present for conferencing to operate properly. In addition, the chan\_dahdi channel driver must be loaded for the The DAHDI kernel modules and at least one hardware driver (or dahdi\_dummy) must be present for conferencing to operate properly. In addition, the chan\_dahdi channel driver must be loaded for the *i* and *r* options to operate at all.

## Syntax

```
MeetMe([confno[,options[,pin]])
```

## Arguments

- *confno* - The conference number
- *options*
  - *a* - Set admin mode.
  - *A* - Set marked mode.
  - *b* - Run AGI script specified in MEETME\_AGI\_BACKGROUND Default: *conf-background.agi*. This does not work with non-DAHDI channels in the same conference).This does not work with non-DAHDI channels in the same conference).
  - *c* - Announce user(s) count on joining a conference.
  - *C* - Continue in dialplan when kicked out of conference.
  - *d* - Dynamically add conference.
  - *D* - Dynamically add conference, prompting for a PIN.

- e - Select an empty conference.
- E - Select an empty pinless conference.
- F - Pass DTMF through the conference.
- G - Play an intro announcement in conference.
  - x - The file to playback
- i - Announce user join/leave with review.
- I - Announce user join/leave without review.
- l - Set listen only mode (Listen only, no talking).
- m - Set initially muted.
- M - Enable music on hold when the conference has a single caller. Optionally, specify a musiconhold class to use. If one is not provided, it will use the channel's currently set music class, or `default`.
  - class
- o - Set talker optimization - treats talkers who aren't speaking as being muted, meaning (a) No encode is done on transmission and (b) Received audio that is not registered as talking is omitted causing no buildup in background noise.
- p - Allow user to exit the conference by pressing # (default) or any of the defined keys. The key used is set to channel variable `MEETME_EXIT_KEY`. Option `s` has priority for \* since it cannot change its activation code.
  - keys
- P - Always prompt for the pin even if it is specified.
- q - Quiet mode (don't play enter/leave sounds).
- r - Record conference (records as `MEETME_RECORDINGFILE` using format `MEETME_RECORDINGFORMAT`. Default filename is `meetme-conf-rec-${CONFNO}-${UNIQUEID}` and the default format is `wav`).
- s - Present menu (user or admin) when \* is received (send to menu).
- t - Set talk only mode. (Talk only, no listening).
- T - Set talker detection (sent to manager interface and `meetme list`).
- v - Announce when a user is joining or leaving the conference. Use the voicemail greeting as the announcement. If the `i` or `I` options are set, the application will fall back to them if no voicemail greeting can be found.
  - mailbox@context - The mailbox and voicemail context to play from. If no context provided, assumed context is `default`.
- w - Wait until the marked user enters the conference.
  - secs
- x - Close the conference when last marked user exits
- X - Allow user to exit the conference by entering a valid single digit extension `MEETME_EXIT_CONTEXT` or the current context if that variable is not defined. Option `s` has priority for \* since it cannot change its activation code.
- 1 - Do not play message when first person enters
- S - Kick the user `x` seconds **after** he entered into the conference.
  - x
- L - Limit the conference to `x` ms. Play a warning when `y` ms are left. Repeat the warning every `z` ms. The following special variables can be used with this option: File to play when time is up. File to play as warning if `y` is defined. The default is to say the time remaining.
  - x
  - y
  - z
- pin

## See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_MeetMeCount](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_MeetMeAdmin](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_MeetMeChannelAdmin](#)

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 Application\_MeetMeAdmin

## MeetMeAdmin()

### Synopsis

MeetMe conference administration.

### Description

Run admin *command* for conference *confno*.

Will additionally set the variable `None - MEETMEADMINSTATUS` with one of the following values:

- `MEETMEADMINSTATUS` -
  - `NOPARSE` - Invalid arguments.
  - `NOTFOUND` - User specified was not found.
  - `FAILED` - Another failure occurred.
  - `OK` - The operation was completed successfully.

## Syntax

```
MeetMeAdmin( confno , command [ , user ] )
```

## Arguments

- `confno`
- `command`
  - `e` - Eject last user that joined.
  - `E` - Extend conference end time, if scheduled.
  - `k` - Kick one user out of conference.
  - `K` - Kick all users out of conference.
  - `l` - Unlock conference.
  - `L` - Lock conference.
  - `m` - Unmute one user.
  - `M` - Mute one user.
  - `n` - Unmute all users in the conference.
  - `N` - Mute all non-admin users in the conference.
  - `r` - Reset one user's volume settings.
  - `R` - Reset all users volume settings.
  - `s` - Lower entire conference speaking volume.
  - `S` - Raise entire conference speaking volume.
  - `t` - Lower one user's talk volume.
  - `T` - Raise one user's talk volume.
  - `u` - Lower one user's listen volume.
  - `U` - Raise one user's listen volume.
  - `v` - Lower entire conference listening volume.
  - `V` - Raise entire conference listening volume.
- `user`

## See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_MeetMe](#)

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_MeetMeChannelAdmin

### MeetMeChannelAdmin()

## Synopsis

MeetMe conference Administration (channel specific).

## Description

Run admin *command* for a specific *channel* in any conference.

## Syntax

```
MeetMeChannelAdmin( channel , command )
```

## Arguments

- `channel`
- `command`
  - `k` - Kick the specified user out of the conference he is in.
  - `m` - Unmute the specified user.
  - `M` - Mute the specified user.

## See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 Application\_MeetMeCount

## MeetMeCount()

## Synopsis

MeetMe participant count.

## Description

Plays back the number of users in the specified MeetMe conference. If *var* is specified, playback will be skipped and the value will be returned in the variable. Upon application completion, MeetMeCount will hangup the channel, unless priority `n+1` exists, in which case priority progress will continue.

## Syntax

```
MeetMeCount( confno[ , var ] )
```

## Arguments

- `confno` - Conference number.
- `var`

## See Also

## [Asterisk 10 Application\\_MeetMe](#)

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_MessageSend

### MessageSend()

#### Synopsis

Send a text message.

#### Description

Send a text message. The body of the message that will be sent is what is currently set to `MESSAGE (body)`.

This application sets the following channel variables:

- `MESSAGE_SEND_STATUS` - This is the time from dialing a channel until when it is disconnected.
  - `INVALID_PROTOCOL` - No handler for the technology part of the URI was found.
  - `INVALID_URI` - The protocol handler reported that the URI was not valid.
  - `SUCCESS` - Successfully passed on to the protocol handler, but delivery has not necessarily been guaranteed.
  - `FAILURE` - The protocol handler reported that it was unable to deliver the message for some reason.

#### Syntax

```
MessageSend(to[,from])
```

#### Arguments

- `to` - A To URI for the message.
- `from` - A From URI for the message if needed for the message technology being used to send this message.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_Milliwatt

### Milliwatt()

#### Synopsis

Generate a Constant 1004Hz tone at 0dbm (mu-law).

#### Description

Previous versions of this application generated the tone at 1000Hz. If for some reason you would prefer that behavior, supply the `o` option to get the old behavior.

## Syntax

```
Milliwatt([options])
```

## Arguments

- `options`
  - `o` - Generate the tone at 1000Hz like previous version.

## See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 Application\_MinivmAccMess

## MinivmAccMess()

## Synopsis

Record account specific messages.

## Description

This application is part of the Mini-Voicemail system, configured in `minivm.conf`.

Use this application to record account specific audio/video messages for busy, unavailable and temporary messages.

Account specific directories will be created if they do not exist.

- `MVM_ACCMESS_STATUS` - This is the result of the attempt to record the specified greeting. `FAILED` is set if the file can't be created.
  - `SUCCESS`
  - `FAILED`

## Syntax

```
MinivmAccMess(username, domain[, options])
```

## Arguments

- `mailbox`
  - `username` - Voicemail username
  - `domain` - Voicemail domain
- `options`
  - `u` - Record the unavailable greeting.
  - `b` - Record the busy greeting.
  - `t` - Record the temporary greeting.
  - `n` - Account name.

## See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_MinivmDelete

### MinivmDelete()

#### Synopsis

Delete Mini-Voicemail voicemail messages.

#### Description

This application is part of the Mini-Voicemail system, configured in `minivm.conf`.

It deletes voicemail file set in MVM\_FILENAME or given filename.

- MVM\_DELETE\_STATUS - This is the status of the delete operation.
  - SUCCESS
  - FAILED

#### Syntax

```
MinivmDelete(filename)
```

#### Arguments

- filename - File to delete

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_MinivmGreet

### MinivmGreet()

#### Synopsis

Play Mini-Voicemail prompts.

#### Description

This application is part of the Mini-Voicemail system, configured in `minivm.conf`.

MinivmGreet() plays default prompts or user specific prompts for an account.

Busy and unavailable messages can be choosen, but will be overridden if a temporary message



exists for the account.

- `MVM_GREET_STATUS` - This is the status of the greeting playback.
  - `SUCCESS`
  - `USEREXIT`
  - `FAILED`

### Syntax

```
MinivmGreet(username, domain[, options])
```

### Arguments

- `mailbox`
  - `username` - Voicemail username
  - `domain` - Voicemail domain
- `options`
  - `b` - Play the busy greeting to the calling party.
  - `s` - Skip the playback of instructions for leaving a message to the calling party.
  - `u` - Play the unavailable greeting.

### See Also

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_MinivmMWI

### MinivmMWI()

### Synopsis

Send Message Waiting Notification to subscriber(s) of mailbox.

### Description

This application is part of the Mini-Voicemail system, configured in `minivm.conf`.

MinivmMWI is used to send message waiting indication to any devices whose channels have subscribed to the mailbox passed in the first parameter.

### Syntax

```
MinivmMWI(username, domain, urgent, new, old)
```

### Arguments

- `mailbox`
  - `username` - Voicemail username
  - `domain` - Voicemail domain
- `urgent` - Number of urgent messages in mailbox.
- `new` - Number of new messages in mailbox.
- `old` - Number of old messages in mailbox.

## See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 Application\_MinivmNotify

## MinivmNotify()

### Synopsis

Notify voicemail owner about new messages.

### Description

This application is part of the Mini-Voicemail system, configured in minivm.conf.

MiniVMnotify forwards messages about new voicemail to e-mail and pager. If there's no user account for that address, a temporary account will be used with default options (set in minivm.conf).

If the channel variable `None - MVM_COUNTER` is set, this will be used in the message file name and available in the template for the message.

If no template is given, the default email template will be used to send email and default pager template to send paging message (if the user account is configured with a paging address).

- `MVM_NOTIFY_STATUS` - This is the status of the notification attempt
  - `SUCCESS`
  - `FAILED`

### Syntax

```
MinivmNotify(username, domain[, options])
```

### Arguments

- `mailbox`
  - `username` - Voicemail username
  - `domain` - Voicemail domain
- `options`
  - `template` - E-mail template to use for voicemail notification

## See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 Application\_MinivmRecord

## MinivmRecord()

### Synopsis

Receive Mini-Voicemail and forward via e-mail.

### Description

This application is part of the Mini-Voicemail system, configured in `minivm.conf`

MiniVM records audio file in configured format and forwards message to e-mail and pager.

If there's no user account for that address, a temporary account will be used with default options.

The recorded file name and path will be stored in `The recorded file name and path will be stored in None - MVM_FILENAME` and the duration of the message will be stored in `The recorded file name and path will be stored in None - MVM_DURATION`

If the caller hangs up after the recording, the only way to send the message and clean up is to execute in the `h` extension. The application will exit if any of the following DTMF digits are received and the requested extension exist in the current context.

- `MVM_RECORD_STATUS` - This is the status of the record operation
  - `SUCCESS`
  - `USEREXIT`
  - `FAILED`

### Syntax

```
MinivmRecord(username, domain[, options])
```

### Arguments

- `mailbox`
  - `username` - Voicemail username
  - `domain` - Voicemail domain
- `options`
  - `0` - Jump to the `o` extension in the current dialplan context.
  - `*` - Jump to the `a` extension in the current dialplan context.
  - `g` - Use the specified amount of gain when recording the voicemail message. The units are whole-number decibels (dB).
    - `gain` - Amount of gain to use

### See Also

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_MixMonitor

### MixMonitor()

## Synopsis

Record a call and mix the audio during the recording. Use of StopMixMonitor is required to guarantee the audio file is available for processing during dialplan execution.

## Description

Records the audio on the current channel to the specified file.

This application does not automatically answer and should be preceded by an application such as Answer or Progress().

- MIXMONITOR\_FILENAME - Will contain the filename used to record.

## Syntax

```
MixMonitor(filenameextension[,options[,command]])
```

## Arguments

- file
  - filename - If *filename* is an absolute path, uses that path, otherwise creates the file in the configured monitoring directory from asterisk.conf.
  - extension
- options
  - a - Append to the file instead of overwriting it.
  - b - Only save audio to the file while the channel is bridged. Does not include conferences or sounds played to each bridged party. Does not include conferences or sounds played to each bridged party. If you utilize this option inside a Local channel, you must make sure the Local channel is not optimized away. To do this, be sure to call your Local channel with the /n option. For example: Dial(Local/start@mycontext/n)
  - v - Adjust the **heard** volume by a factor of x (range -4 to 4 )
    - x
  - V - Adjust the **spoken** volume by a factor of x (range -4 to 4 )
    - x
  - w - Adjust both, **heard and spoken** volumes by a factor of x (range -4 to 4 )
    - x
  - r - Use the specified file to record the **receive** audio feed. Like with the basic filename argument, if an absolute path isn't given, it will create the file in the configured monitoring directory.
    - file
  - t - Use the specified file to record the **transmit** audio feed. Like with the basic filename argument, if an absolute path isn't given, it will create the file in the configured monitoring directory.
    - file
- command - Will be executed when the recording is over. Any strings matching ^{x} will be unescaped to x. All variables will be evaluated at the time MixMonitor is called.

## See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_Monitor](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_StopMixMonitor](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_PauseMonitor](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_UnpauseMonitor](#)

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_Monitor

## Monitor()

### Synopsis

Monitor a channel.

### Description

Used to start monitoring a channel. The channel's input and output voice packets are logged to files until the channel hangs up or monitoring is stopped by the StopMonitor application.

By default, files are stored to `/var/spool/asterisk/monitor/`. Returns `-1` if monitor files can't be opened or if the channel is already monitored, otherwise `0`.

### Syntax

```
Monitor([file_format[:urlbase][,fname_base[,options]])
```

### Arguments

- `file_format`
  - `file_format` - optional, if not set, defaults to `wav`
  - `urlbase`
- `fname_base` - if set, changes the filename used to the one specified.
- `options`
  - `m` - when the recording ends mix the two leg files into one and delete the two leg files. If the variable `MONITOR_EXEC` is set, the application referenced in it will be executed instead of `soxmix/sox` and the raw leg files will NOT be deleted automatically. `soxmix/sox` or `MONITOR_EXEC` is handed 3 arguments, the two leg files and a target mixed file name which is the same as the leg file names only without the in/out designator. If `MONITOR_EXEC_ARGS` is set, the contents will be passed on as additional arguments to `MONITOR_EXEC`. Both `MONITOR_EXEC` and the Mix flag can be set from the administrator interface.
  - `b` - Don't begin recording unless a call is bridged to another channel.
  - `i` - Skip recording of input stream (disables `m` option).
  - `o` - Skip recording of output stream (disables `m` option).

### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_StopMonitor](#)

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_Morsecode

### Morsecode()

### Synopsis

Plays morse code.

### Description

Plays the Morse code equivalent of the passed string.

This application does not automatically answer and should be preceded by an application such as Answer() or Progress().

This application uses the following variables:

- MORSEDTLEN - Use this value in (ms) for length of dit
- MORSETONE - The pitch of the tone in (Hz), default is 800

#### Syntax

```
Morsecode(string)
```

#### Arguments

- `string` - String to playback as morse code to channel

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_SayAlpha](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_SayPhonetic](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_MP3Player

### MP3Player()

#### Synopsis

Play an MP3 file or M3U playlist file or stream.

#### Description

Executes mpg123 to play the given location, which typically would be a mp3 filename or m3u playlist filename or a URL. Please read <http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/M3U> to see how M3U playlist file format is like, Example usage would be exten =>

1234,1,MP3Player(/var/lib/asterisk/playlist.m3u) User can exit by pressing any key on the dialpad, or by hanging up.

This application does not automatically answer and should be preceded by an application such as Answer() or Progress().

#### Syntax

```
MP3Player(Location)
```

### Arguments

- `Location` - Location of the file to be played. (argument passed to mpg123)

### See Also

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_MSet

### MSet()

#### Synopsis

Set channel variable(s) or function value(s).

#### Description

This function can be used to set the value of channel variables or dialplan functions. When setting variables, if the variable name is prefixed with `{}`, *the variable will be inherited into channels created from the current channel* If the variable name is prefixed with `_`, the variable will be inherited into channels created from the current channel and all children channels. MSet behaves in a similar fashion to the way Set worked in 1.2/1.4 and is thus prone to doing things that you may not expect. For example, it strips surrounding double-quotes from the right-hand side (value). If you need to put a separator character (comma or vert-bar), you will need to escape them by inserting a backslash before them. Avoid its use if possible.

#### Syntax

```
MSet(name1value1[,name2value2[,...]])
```

### Arguments

- `set1`
  - `name1`
  - `value1`
- `set2`
  - `name2`
  - `value2`

### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_Set](#)

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_MusicOnHold

## MusicOnHold()

### Synopsis

Play Music On Hold indefinitely.

### Description

Plays hold music specified by class. If omitted, the default music source for the channel will be used. Change the default class with Set(CHANNEL(musicclass)=...). If duration is given, hold music will be played specified number of seconds. If duration is omitted, music plays indefinitely. Returns 0 when done, -1 on hangup.

This application does not automatically answer and should be preceded by an application such as Answer() or Progress().

### Syntax

```
MusicOnHold(class[,duration])
```

### Arguments

- class
- duration

### See Also

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_NBScat

### NBScat()

### Synopsis

Play an NBS local stream.

### Description

Executes nbcat to listen to the local NBS stream. User can exit by pressing any key.

### Syntax

```
NBScat ( )
```

### Arguments

### See Also



#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_NoCDR

### NoCDR()

#### Synopsis

Tell Asterisk to not maintain a CDR for the current call

#### Description

This application will tell Asterisk not to maintain a CDR for the current call.

#### Syntax

```
NoCDR ( )
```

#### Arguments

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_NoOp

### NoOp()

#### Synopsis

Do Nothing (No Operation).

#### Description

This application does nothing. However, it is useful for debugging purposes.

This method can be used to see the evaluations of variables or functions without having any effect.

#### Syntax

```
NoOp ( [ text ] )
```

#### Arguments

- `text` - Any text provided can be viewed at the Asterisk CLI.

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_Verbose](#)

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_Log](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_ODBC\_Commit

### ODBC\_Commit()

#### Synopsis

Commits a currently open database transaction.

#### Description

Commits the database transaction specified by *transaction ID* or the current active transaction, if not specified.

#### Syntax

```
ODBC_Commit([transaction ID])
```

#### Arguments

- `transaction ID`

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_ODBC\_Rollback

### ODBC\_Rollback()

#### Synopsis

Rollback a currently open database transaction.

#### Description

Rolls back the database transaction specified by *transaction ID* or the current active transaction, if not specified.

## Syntax

```
ODBC_Rollback([transaction ID])
```

## Arguments

- transaction ID

## See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 Application\_ODBCFinish

## ODBCFinish()

## Synopsis

Clear the resultset of a successful multirow query.

## Description

For queries which are marked as mode=multirow, this will clear any remaining rows of the specified resultset.

## Syntax

```
ODBCFinish(result-id)
```

## Arguments

- result-id

## See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 Application\_Originate

## Originate()

## Synopsis

Originate a call.

## Description

This application originates an outbound call and connects it to a specified extension or application. This application will block until the outgoing call fails or gets answered. At that point, this application will exit with the status variable set and dialplan processing will continue.

This application sets the following channel variable before exiting:

- `ORIGINATE_STATUS` - This indicates the result of the call origination.
  - `FAILED`
  - `SUCCESS`
  - `BUSY`
  - `CONGESTION`
  - `HANGUP`
  - `RINGING`
  - `UNKNOWN` - In practice, you should never see this value. Please report it to the issue tracker if you ever see it.

## Syntax

```
Originate(tech_data,type,arg1[,arg2[,arg3]])
```

## Arguments

- `tech_data` - Channel technology and data for creating the outbound channel. For example, `SIP/1234`.
- `type` - This should be `app` or `exten`, depending on whether the outbound channel should be connected to an application or extension.
- `arg1` - If the type is `app`, then this is the application name. If the type is `exten`, then this is the context that the channel will be sent to.
- `arg2` - If the type is `app`, then this is the data passed as arguments to the application. If the type is `exten`, then this is the extension that the channel will be sent to.
- `arg3` - If the type is `exten`, then this is the priority that the channel is sent to. If the type is `app`, then this parameter is ignored.

## See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 Application\_OSPAuth

## OSPAuth()

## Synopsis

OSP Authentication.

## Description

Authenticate a call by OSP.

Input variables:

- `OSPINPEERIP` - The last hop IP address.
- `OSPINTOKEN` - The inbound OSP token.

Output variables:

- `OSPINHANDLE` - The inbound call OSP transaction handle.
- `OSPTIMELIMIT` - The inbound call duration limit in seconds.

This application sets the following channel variable upon completion:

- `OSPAUTHSTATUS` - The status of OSPAuth attempt as a text string, one of
  - `SUCCESS`
  - `FAILED`
  - `ERROR`

### Syntax

```
OSPAuth([provider[,options]])
```

### Arguments

- `provider` - The name of the provider that authenticates the call.
- `options` - Reserved.

### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_OSPLookup](#)

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_OSPNext](#)

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_OSPFinish](#)

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_OSPFinish

### OSPFinish()

#### Synopsis

Report OSP entry.

#### Description

Report call state.

Input variables:

- `OSPINHANDLE` - The inbound call OSP transaction handle.
- `OSPOUTHANDLE` - The outbound call OSP transaction handle.
- `OSPAUTHSTATUS` - The OSPAuth status.
- `OSLOOKUPSTATUS` - The OSPLookup status.
- `OSPNEXTSTATUS` - The OSPNext status.
- `SPINAUDIOQOS` - The inbound call leg audio QoS string.
- `OSPOUTAUDIOQOS` - The outbound call leg audio QoS string.

This application sets the following channel variable upon completion:

- `OSPFINISHSTATUS` - The status of the OSPFinish attempt as a text string, one of
  - `SUCCESS`

- FAILED
- ERROR

## Syntax

```
OSPFinish([cause[,options]])
```

## Arguments

- `cause` - Hangup cause.
- `options` - Reserved.

## See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_OSPAuth](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_OSPLookup](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_OSPNext](#)

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 Application\_OSPLookup

## OSPLookup()

### Synopsis

Lookup destination by OSP.

### Description

Looks up destination via OSP.

### Input variables:

- `OSPINACTUALSRC` - The actual source device IP address in indirect mode.
- `OSPINPEERIP` - The last hop IP address.
- `OSPINHANDLE` - The inbound call OSP transaction handle.
- `OSPINLIMIT` - The inbound call duration limit in seconds.
- `OSPINNETWORKID` - The inbound source network ID.
- `OSPINPRN` - The inbound routing number.
- `OSPINPCIC` - The inbound carrier identification code.
- `OSPINPDI` - The inbound number portability database dip indicator.
- `OSPINSPID` - The inbound service provider identity.
- `OSPINOCN` - The inbound operator company number.
- `OSPINSPN` - The inbound service provider name.
- `OSPINALTSPN` - The inbound alternate service provider name.
- `OSPINMCC` - The inbound mobile country code.
- `OSPINMNC` - The inbound mobile network code.
- `OSPINTOHOST` - The inbound To header host part.
- `OSPINDIVUSER` - The inbound Diversion header user part.
- `OSPINDIVHOST` - The inbound Diversion header host part.
- `OSPINCUSTOMINFOn` - The inbound custom information, where *n* is the index beginning with 1 upto 8.

### Output variables:

- `OSPOUTHANDLE` - The outbound call OSP transaction handle.
- `OSPOUTTECH` - The outbound channel technology for the call.
- `OSPDESTINATION` - The outbound destination IP address.
- `OSPOUTCALLING` - The outbound calling number.
- `OSPOUTCALLED` - The outbound called number.
- `OSPOUTNETWORKID` - The outbound destination network ID.
- `OSPOUTNPRN` - The outbound routing number.
- `OSPOUTNPCIC` - The outbound carrier identification code.
- `OSPOUTNPDI` - The outbound number portability database dip indicator.
- `OSPOUTSPID` - The outbound service provider identity.
- `OSPOUTOCN` - The outbound operator company number.
- `OSPOUTSPN` - The outbound service provider name.
- `OSPOUTALTSPN` - The outbound alternate service provider name.
- `OSPOUTMCC` - The outbound mobile country code.
- `OSPOUTMNC` - The outbound mobile network code.
- `OSPOUTTOKEN` - The outbound OSP token.
- `OSPDESTREMAILS` - The number of remained destinations.
- `OSPOUTTIMELIMIT` - The outbound call duration limit in seconds.
- `OSPOUTCALLIDTYPES` - The outbound Call-ID types.
- `OSPOUTCALLID` - The outbound Call-ID. Only for H.323.
- `OSPDIALSTR` - The outbound Dial command string.

This application sets the following channel variable upon completion:

- `OSLOOKUPSTATUS` - The status of OSPLookup attempt as a text string, one of
  - `SUCCESS`
  - `FAILED`
  - `ERROR`

## Syntax

```
OSPLookup(exten[,provider[,options]])
```

## Arguments

- `exten` - The exten of the call.
- `provider` - The name of the provider that is used to route the call.
- `options`
  - `h` - generate H323 call id for the outbound call
  - `s` - generate SIP call id for the outbound call. Have not been implemented
  - `i` - generate IAX call id for the outbound call. Have not been implemented

## See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_OSPAuth](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_OSPNext](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_OSPFinish](#)

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 Application\_OSPNext

## OSPNext()

## Synopsis

Lookup next destination by OSP.

#### Description

Looks up the next destination via OSP.

Input variables:

- OSPINHANDLE - The inbound call OSP transaction handle.
- OSPOUTHANDLE - The outbound call OSP transaction handle.
- OSPINTIMELIMIT - The inbound call duration limit in seconds.
- OSPOUTCALLIDTYPES - The outbound Call-ID types.
- OSPDESTREMAILS - The number of remained destinations.

Output variables:

- OSPOUTTECH - The outbound channel technology.
- OSPDESTINATION - The destination IP address.
- OSPOUTCALLING - The outbound calling number.
- OSPOUTCALLED - The outbound called number.
- OSPOUTNETWORKID - The outbound destination network ID.
- OSPOUTNPRN - The outbound routing number.
- OSPOUTNPCIC - The outbound carrier identification code.
- OSPOUTNPDI - The outbound number portability database dip indicator.
- OSPOUTSPID - The outbound service provider identity.
- OSPOUTOCN - The outbound operator company number.
- OSPOUTSPN - The outbound service provider name.
- OSPOUTALTSPN - The outbound alternate service provider name.
- OSPOUTMCC - The outbound mobile country code.
- OSPOUTMNC - The outbound mobile network code.
- OSPOUTTOKEN - The outbound OSP token.
- OSPDESTREMAILS - The number of remained destinations.
- OSPOUTTIMELIMIT - The outbound call duration limit in seconds.
- OSPOUTCALLID - The outbound Call-ID. Only for H.323.
- OSPDIALSTR - The outbound Dial command string.

This application sets the following channel variable upon completion:

- OSPNEXTSTATUS - The status of the OSPNext attempt as a text string, one of
  - SUCCESS
  - FAILED
  - ERROR

#### Syntax

```
OSPNext ( )
```

#### Arguments

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_OSPAuth](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_OSPLookup](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_OSPFinish](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.



## Asterisk 10 Application\_Page

### Page()

#### Synopsis

Page series of phones


#### Description

Places outbound calls to the given *technology / resource* and dumps them into a conference bridge as muted participants. The original caller is dumped into the conference as a speaker and the room is destroyed when the original callers leaves.

#### Syntax

```
Page( Technology/Resource[&Technology2/Resource2[&...]][,options[,timeout]
```

#### Arguments

- `Technology/Resource`
  - `Technology/Resource` - Specification of the device(s) to dial. These must be in the format of `Technology/Resource`, where *Technology* represents a particular channel driver, and *Resource* represents a resource available to that particular channel driver.
  - `Technology2/Resource2` - Optional extra devices to dial inparallel If you need more then one enter them as `Technology2/Resource2& Technology3/Resource3&.....`
- `options`
  - `d` - Full duplex audio
  - `i` - Ignore attempts to forward the call
  - `q` - Quiet, do not play beep to caller
  - `r` - Record the page into a file (meetme option `r` )
  - `s` - Only dial a channel if its device state says that it is `NOT_INUSE`
  - `A` - Play an announcement simultaneously to all paged participants
    - `x` - The announcement to playback in all devices
  - `n` - Do not play simultaneous announcement to caller (implies `A` )
- `timeout` - Specify the length of time that the system will attempt to connect a call. After this duration, any intercom calls that have not been answered will be hung up by the system.

#### See Also

### [Asterisk 10 Application\\_MeetMe](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_Park

### Park()

#### Synopsis

Park yourself.

## Description

Used to park yourself (typically in combination with a supervised transfer to know the parking space).

If you set the `None - PARKINGEXTEN` variable to a parking space extension in the parking lot, `Park()` will attempt to park the call on that extension. If the extension is already in use then execution will continue at the next priority.

If the `parkeddynamic` option is enabled in `features.conf` the following variables can be used to dynamically create new parking lots.

If you set the `None - PARKINGDYNAMIC` variable and this parking lot exists then it will be used as a template for the newly created dynamic lot. Otherwise, the default parking lot will be used.

If you set the `None - PARKINGDYNCONTEXT` variable then the newly created dynamic parking lot will use this context.

If you set the `None - PARKINGDYNEXTEN` variable then the newly created dynamic parking lot will use this extension to access the parking lot.

If you set the `None - PARKINGDYNPOS` variable then the newly created dynamic parking lot will use those parking positions.

This application must be used as the first extension priority to be recognized as a parking access extension. DTMF transfers and some channel drivers need this distinction to operate properly. The parking access extension in this case is treated like a dialplan hint. This application must be used as the first extension priority to be recognized as a parking access extension. DTMF transfers and some channel drivers need this distinction to operate properly. The parking access extension in this case is treated like a dialplan hint.

Parking lots automatically create and manage dialplan extensions in the parking lot context. You do not need to explicitly use this application in your dialplan. Instead, all you should do is include the parking lot context in your dialplan. Parking lots automatically create and manage dialplan extensions in the parking lot context. You do not need to explicitly use this application in your dialplan. Instead, all you should do is include the parking lot context in your dialplan.

## Syntax

```
Park([timeout[,return_context[,return_exten[,return_priority[,options[
```

## Arguments

- `timeout` - A custom parking timeout for this parked call. Value in milliseconds.
- `return_context` - The context to return the call to after it times out.
- `return_exten` - The extension to return the call to after it times out.
- `return_priority` - The priority to return the call to after it times out.
- `options` - A list of options for this parked call.
  - `r` - Send ringing instead of MOH to the parked call.
  - `R` - Randomize the selection of a parking space.
  - `s` - Silence announcement of the parking space number.

- `parking_lot_name` - Specify in which parking lot to park a call. The parking lot used is selected in the following order: 1) `parking_lot_name` option 2) `PARKINGLOT` variable 3) `CHANNEL(parkinglot)` function (Possibly preset by the channel driver.) 4) Default parking lot.

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_ParkAndAnnounce](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_ParkedCall](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_ParkAndAnnounce

### ParkAndAnnounce()

#### Synopsis

Park and Announce.

#### Description

Park a call into the parkinglot and announce the call to another channel.

The variable `None - PARKEDAT` will contain the parking extension into which the call was placed. Use with the `Local` channel to allow the dialplan to make use of this information.

#### Syntax

```
ParkAndAnnounce(announce[:announce1[:...]],timeout,dial[,return_context])
```

#### Arguments

- `announce_template`
  - `announce` - Colon-separated list of files to announce. The word `PARKED` will be replaced by a `say_digits` of the extension in which the call is parked.
  - `announce1`
- `timeout` - Time in seconds before the call returns into the return context.
- `dial` - The `app_dial` style resource to call to make the announcement. Console/dsp calls the console.
- `return_context` - The goto-style label to jump the call back into after timeout. Default `priority+1`.

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_Park](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_ParkedCall](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_ParkedCall

## ParkedCall()

### Synopsis

Retrieve a parked call.

### Description

Used to retrieve a parked call from a parking lot.

Parking lots automatically create and manage dialplan extensions in the parking lot context. You do not need to explicitly use this application in your dialplan. Instead, all you should do is include the parking lot context in your dialplan. Parking lots automatically create and manage dialplan extensions in the parking lot context. You do not need to explicitly use this application in your dialplan. Instead, all you should do is include the parking lot context in your dialplan.

### Syntax

```
ParkedCall([exten[,parking_lot_name]])
```

### Arguments

- `exten` - Parking space extension to retrieve a parked call. If not provided then the first available parked call in the parking lot will be retrieved.
- `parking_lot_name` - Specify from which parking lot to retrieve a parked call. The parking lot used is selected in the following order: 1) `parking_lot_name` option 2) `PARKINGLOT` variable 3) `CHANNEL(parkinglot)` function (Possibly preset by the channel driver.) 4) Default parking lot.

### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_Park](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_ParkAndAnnounce](#)

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_PauseMonitor

### PauseMonitor()

### Synopsis

Pause monitoring of a channel.

### Description

Pauses monitoring of a channel until it is re-enabled by a call to `UnpauseMonitor`.

### Syntax

```
PauseMonitor()
```

#### Arguments

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_UnpauseMonitor](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_PauseQueueMember

### PauseQueueMember()

#### Synopsis

Pauses a queue member.

#### Description

Pauses (blocks calls for) a queue member. The given interface will be paused in the given queue. This prevents any calls from being sent from the queue to the interface until it is unpaused with `UnpauseQueueMember` or the manager interface. If no queue name is given, the interface is paused in every queue it is a member of. The application will fail if the interface is not found.

This application sets the following channel variable upon completion:

- `PQMSTATUS` - The status of the attempt to pause a queue member as a text string.
  - `PAUSED`
  - `NOTFOUND`

Example: `PauseQueueMember(,SIP/3000)`

#### Syntax

```
PauseQueueMember([queue name, interface[, options[, reason]]])
```

#### Arguments

- `queue name`
- `interface`
- `options`
- `reason` - Is used to add extra information to the appropriate queue\_log entries and manager events.

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_Queue](#)

Asterisk 10 Application\_QueueLog  
Asterisk 10 Application\_AddQueueMember  
Asterisk 10 Application\_RemoveQueueMember  
Asterisk 10 Application\_PauseQueueMember  
Asterisk 10 Application\_UnpauseQueueMember  
Asterisk 10 Function\_QUEUE\_VARIABLES  
Asterisk 10 Function\_QUEUE\_MEMBER  
Asterisk 10 Function\_QUEUE\_MEMBER\_COUNT  
Asterisk 10 Function\_QUEUE\_EXISTS  
Asterisk 10 Function\_QUEUE\_WAITING\_COUNT  
Asterisk 10 Function\_QUEUE\_MEMBER\_LIST  
Asterisk 10 Function\_QUEUE\_MEMBER\_PENALTY

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_Pickup

### Pickup()

#### Synopsis

Directed extension call pickup.

#### Description

This application can pickup any ringing channel that is calling the specified *extension*. If no *context* is specified, the current context will be used. If you use the special string `PICKUPMARK` for the context parameter, for example `10@PICKUPMARK`, this application tries to find a channel which has defined a `This application can pickup any ringing channel that is calling the specified` `None - PICKUPMARK` channel variable with the same value as *extension* (in this example, `10` ). When no parameter is specified, the application will pickup a channel matching the pickup group of the active channel.

#### Syntax

```
Pickup(extension[@context][&extension2[@context2][&...]])
```

#### Arguments

- `ext`
  - `extension`
  - `context`
- `ext2`
  - `extension2`
  - `context2`

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_PickupChan

### PickupChan()

#### Synopsis

Pickup a ringing channel.

#### Description

This will pickup a specified *channel* if ringing.

#### Syntax

```
PickupChan(Technology/Resource[&Technology2/Resource2[&...]][,options]
```

#### Arguments

- Technology/Resource
  - Technology/Resource
  - Technology2/Resource2
- options
  - p - Channel name specified partial name. Used when find channel by callid.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_Playback

### Playback()

#### Synopsis

Play a file.

#### Description

Plays back given filenames (do not put extension of wav/alaw etc). The playback command answer the channel if no options are specified. If the file is non-existent it will fail

This application sets the following channel variable upon completion:

- PLAYBACKSTATUS - The status of the playback attempt as a text string.
  - SUCCESS
  - FAILED

See Also: Background (application) – for playing sound files that are interruptible

WaitExten (application) – wait for digits from caller, optionally play music on hold

#### Syntax

```
Playback(filename[&filename2[&...]][,options])
```

#### Arguments

- `filenames`
  - `filename`
  - `filename2`
- `options` - Comma separated list of options
  - `skip` - Do not play if not answered
  - `noanswer` - Playback without answering, otherwise the channel will be answered before the sound is played. Not all channel types support playing messages while still on hook. Not all channel types support playing messages while still on hook.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_PlayTones

### PlayTones()

#### Synopsis

Play a tone list.

#### Description

Plays a tone list. Execution will continue with the next step in the dialplan immediately while the tones continue to play.

See the sample `indications.conf` for a description of the specification of a tonelist.

#### Syntax

```
PlayTones(arg)
```

#### Arguments

- `arg` - Arg is either the tone name defined in the `indications.conf` configuration file, or a directly specified list of frequencies and durations.

#### See Also

## Asterisk 10 Application\_StopPlayTones



## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 Application\_PrivacyManager

## PrivacyManager()

### Synopsis

Require phone number to be entered, if no CallerID sent

### Description

If no Caller\*ID is sent, PrivacyManager answers the channel and asks the caller to enter their phone number. The caller is given *maxretries* attempts to do so. The application does **nothing** if Caller\*ID was received on the channel.

The application sets the following channel variable upon completion:

- PRIVACYMGRSTATUS - The status of the privacy manager's attempt to collect a phone number from the user.
  - SUCCESS
  - FAILED

### Syntax

```
PrivacyManager([maxretries[,minlength[,options[,context]]]])
```

### Arguments

- *maxretries* - Total tries caller is allowed to input a callerid. Defaults to 3.
- *minlength* - Minimum allowable digits in the input callerid number. Defaults to 10.
- *options* - Position reserved for options.
- *context* - Context to check the given callerid against patterns.

### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_Zapateller](#)

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 Application\_Proceeding

## Proceeding()

### Synopsis

Indicate proceeding.

### Description

This application will request that a proceeding message be provided to the calling channel.

### Syntax

```
Proceeding( )
```

### Arguments

### See Also

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_Progress

### Progress()

### Synopsis

Indicate progress.

### Description

This application will request that in-band progress information be provided to the calling channel.

### Syntax

```
Progress( )
```

### Arguments

### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_Busy](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_Congestion](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_Ringing](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_PlayTones](#)

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_Queue

### Queue()

## Synopsis

Queue a call for a call queue.

## Description

In addition to transferring the call, a call may be parked and then picked up by another user.

This application will return to the dialplan if the queue does not exist, or any of the join options cause the caller to not enter the queue.

This application does not automatically answer and should be preceded by an application such as Answer(), Progress(), or Ringing().

This application sets the following channel variable upon completion:

- QUEUESTATUS - The status of the call as a text string.
  - TIMEOUT
  - FULL
  - JOINEMPTY
  - LEAVEEMPTY
  - JOINUNAVAIL
  - LEAVEUNAVAIL
  - CONTINUE

## Syntax

```
Queue(queueename[,options[,URL[,announceoverride[,timeout[,AGI[,macro[,
```

## Arguments

- queueename
- options
  - C - Mark all calls as "answered elsewhere" when cancelled.
  - c - Continue in the dialplan if the callee hangs up.
  - d - data-quality (modem) call (minimum delay).
  - h - Allow **callee** to hang up by pressing \*.
  - H - Allow **caller** to hang up by pressing \*.
  - n - No retries on the timeout; will exit this application and go to the next step.
  - i - Ignore call forward requests from queue members and do nothing when they are requested.
  - I - Asterisk will ignore any connected line update requests or any redirecting party update requests it may receive on this dial attempt.
  - r - Ring instead of playing MOH. Periodic Announcements are still made, if applicable.
  - R - Ring instead of playing MOH when a member channel is actually ringing.
  - t - Allow the **called** user to transfer the calling user.
  - T - Allow the **calling** user to transfer the call.
  - w - Allow the **called** user to write the conversation to disk via Monitor.
  - W - Allow the **calling** user to write the conversation to disk via Monitor.
  - k - Allow the **called** party to enable parking of the call by sending the DTMF sequence defined for call parking in `features.conf`.
  - K - Allow the **calling** party to enable parking of the call by sending the DTMF sequence defined for call parking in `features.conf`.
  - x - Allow the **called** user to write the conversation to disk via MixMonitor.
  - X - Allow the **calling** user to write the conversation to disk via MixMonitor.
- URL - *URL* will be sent to the called party if the channel supports it.
- announceoverride
- timeout - Will cause the queue to fail out after a specified number of seconds, checked between each `queues.conf` *timeout* and *retry* cycle.
- AGI - Will setup an AGI script to be executed on the calling party's channel once they are connected to a queue member.
- macro - Will run a macro on the calling party's channel once they are connected to a queue member.
- gosub - Will run a gosub on the calling party's channel once they are connected to a queue member.
- rule - Will cause the queue's default rule to be overridden by the rule specified.

- `position` - Attempt to enter the caller into the queue at the numerical position specified. 1 would attempt to enter the caller at the head of the queue, and 3 would attempt to place the caller third in the queue.

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_Queue](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_QueueLog](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_AddQueueMember](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_RemoveQueueMember](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_PauseQueueMember](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_UnpauseQueueMember](#)  
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[Asterisk 10 Function\\_QUEUE\\_MEMBER](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_QUEUE\\_MEMBER\\_COUNT](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_QUEUE\\_EXISTS](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_QUEUE\\_WAITING\\_COUNT](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_QUEUE\\_MEMBER\\_LIST](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_QUEUE\\_MEMBER\\_PENALTY](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_QueueLog

### QueueLog()

#### Synopsis

Writes to the `queue_log` file.

#### Description

Allows you to write your own events into the queue log.

Example: `QueueLog(101,${UNIQUEID},${AGENT},WENTONBREAK,600)`

#### Syntax

```
QueueLog(queueName,uniqueid,agent,event[,additionalInfo])
```

#### Arguments

- `queueName`
- `uniqueid`
- `agent`
- `event`
- `additionalInfo`

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_Queue](#)

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_QueueLog](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_AddQueueMember](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_RemoveQueueMember](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_PauseQueueMember](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_UnpauseQueueMember](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_QUEUE\\_VARIABLES](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_QUEUE\\_MEMBER](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_QUEUE\\_MEMBER\\_COUNT](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_QUEUE\\_EXISTS](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_QUEUE\\_WAITING\\_COUNT](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_QUEUE\\_MEMBER\\_LIST](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_QUEUE\\_MEMBER\\_PENALTY](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_RaiseException

### RaiseException()

#### Synopsis

Handle an exceptional condition.

#### Description

This application will jump to the `e` extension in the current context, setting the dialplan function `EXCEPTION()`. If the `e` extension does not exist, the call will hangup.

#### Syntax

```
RaiseException(reason)
```

#### Arguments

- `reason`

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Function\\_EXCEPTION](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_Read

### Read()

## Synopsis

Read a variable.

## Description

Reads a #-terminated string of digits a certain number of times from the user in to the given *variable*.

This application sets the following channel variable upon completion:

- READSTATUS - This is the status of the read operation.
  - OK
  - ERROR
  - HANGUP
  - INTERRUPTED
  - SKIPPED
  - TIMEOUT

## Syntax

```
Read(variable[,filename[&filename2[&...]][,maxdigits[,options[,attempt
```

## Arguments

- *variable* - The input digits will be stored in the given *variable* name.
- *filenames*
  - *filename* - file(s) to play before reading digits or tone with option *i*
  - *filename2*
- *maxdigits* - Maximum acceptable number of digits. Stops reading after *maxdigits* have been entered (without requiring the user to press the # key). Defaults to 0 - no limit - wait for the user press the # key. Any value below 0 means the same. Max accepted value is 255.
- *options*
  - *s* - to return immediately if the line is not up.
  - *i* - to play filename as an indication tone from your *indications.conf*.
  - *n* - to read digits even if the line is not up.
- *attempts* - If greater than 1, that many *attempts* will be made in the event no data is entered.
- *timeout* - The number of seconds to wait for a digit response. If greater than 0, that value will override the default timeout. Can be floating point.

## See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_SendDTMF](#)

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_ReadExten

### ReadExten()

## Synopsis

Read an extension into a variable.

## Description

Reads a # terminated string of digits from the user into the given variable.

Will set READEXTENSTATUS on exit with one of the following statuses:

- READEXTENSTATUS -
  - OK - A valid extension exists in \${variable}.
  - TIMEOUT - No extension was entered in the specified time. Also sets \${variable} to "t".
  - INVALID - An invalid extension, \${INVALID\_EXTEN}, was entered. Also sets \${variable} to "i".
  - SKIP - Line was not up and the option 's' was specified.
  - ERROR - Invalid arguments were passed.

## Syntax

```
ReadExten(variable[,filename[,context[,option[,timeout]]]])
```

## Arguments

- `variable`
- `filename` - File to play before reading digits or tone with option `i`
- `context` - Context in which to match extensions.
- `option`
  - `s` - Return immediately if the channel is not answered.
  - `i` - Play *filename* as an indication tone from your `indications.conf` or a directly specified list of frequencies and durations.
  - `n` - Read digits even if the channel is not answered.
- `timeout` - An integer number of seconds to wait for a digit response. If greater than 0, that value will override the default timeout.

## See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 Application\_ReadFile

## ReadFile()

## Synopsis

Read the contents of a text file into a channel variable.

## Description

Read the contents of a text file into channel variable *varname*

ReadFile has been deprecated in favor of `Set(varname=${FILE(file,0,length)})`

## Syntax

```
ReadFile(varname=file[,length])
```

## Arguments

- `varname` - Result stored here.
- `fileparams`
  - `file` - The name of the file to read.
  - `length` - Maximum number of characters to capture. If not specified defaults to max.

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_System](#)

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_Read](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_ReceiveFAX (app\_fax)

### ReceiveFAX()

#### Synopsis

Receive a Fax

#### Description

Receives a FAX from the channel into the given filename overwriting the file if it already exists.

File created will be in TIFF format.

This application sets the following channel variables:

- `LOCALSTATIONID` - To identify itself to the remote end
- `LOCALHEADERINFO` - To generate a header line on each page
- `FAXSTATUS` -
  - `SUCCESS`
  - `FAILED`
- `FAXERROR` - Cause of failure
- `REMOTESTATIONID` - The CSID of the remote side
- `FAXPAGES` - Number of pages sent
- `FAXBITRATE` - Transmission rate
- `FAXRESOLUTION` - Resolution of sent fax

#### Syntax

```
ReceiveFAX(filename[,c])
```

#### Arguments

- `filename` - Filename of TIFF file save incoming fax
- `c` - Makes the application behave as the calling machine (Default behavior is as answering machine)

#### See Also

#### Import Version



This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_ReceiveFAX (res\_fax)

### ReceiveFAX()

#### Synopsis

Receive a FAX and save as a TIFF/F file.

#### Description

This application is provided by res\_fax, which is a FAX technology agnostic module that utilizes FAX technology resource modules to complete a FAX transmission.

Session arguments can be set by the FAXOPT function and to check results of the ReceiveFax() application.

#### Syntax

```
ReceiveFAX(filename[,options])
```

#### Arguments

- filename
- options
  - d - Enable FAX debugging.
  - f - Allow audio fallback FAX transfer on T.38 capable channels.
  - F - Force usage of audio mode on T.38 capable channels.
  - s - Send progress Manager events (overrides statusevents setting in res\_fax.conf).

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Function\\_FAXOPT](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_Record

### Record()

#### Synopsis

Record to a file.

#### Description

If filename contains %d, these characters will be replaced with a number incremented by one each time the file is recorded. Use `core show file formats` to see the available formats on

your system User can press # to terminate the recording and continue to the next priority. If the user hangs up during a recording, all data will be lost and the application will terminate.

- `RECORDED_FILE` - Will be set to the final filename of the recording.
- `RECORD_STATUS` - This is the final status of the command
  - `DTMF` - A terminating DTMF was received ('#' or '\*', depending upon option 't')
  - `SILENCE` - The maximum silence occurred in the recording.
  - `SKIP` - The line was not yet answered and the 's' option was specified.
  - `TIMEOUT` - The maximum length was reached.
  - `HANGUP` - The channel was hung up.
  - `ERROR` - An unrecoverable error occurred, which resulted in a WARNING to the logs.

## Syntax

```
Record(filenameformat[,silence[,maxduration[,options]])
```

## Arguments

- `filename`
  - `filename`
  - `format` - Is the format of the file type to be recorded (wav, gsm, etc).
- `silence` - Is the number of seconds of silence to allow before returning.
- `maxduration` - Is the maximum recording duration in seconds. If missing or 0 there is no maximum.
- `options`
  - `a` - Append to existing recording rather than replacing.
  - `n` - Do not answer, but record anyway if line not yet answered.
  - `q` - quiet (do not play a beep tone).
  - `s` - skip recording if the line is not yet answered.
  - `t` - use alternate '\*' terminator key (DTMF) instead of default '#'
  - `x` - Ignore all terminator keys (DTMF) and keep recording until hangup.
  - `k` - Keep recorded file upon hangup.
  - `y` - Terminate recording if **any** DTMF digit is received.

## See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 Application\_RemoveQueueMember

## RemoveQueueMember()

## Synopsis

Dynamically removes queue members.

## Description

If the interface is **NOT** in the queue it will return an error.

This application sets the following channel variable upon completion:

- `RQMSTATUS` -
  - `REMOVED`
  - `NOTINQUEUE`
  - `NOSUCHQUEUE`

Example: RemoveQueueMember(techsupport,SIP/3000)

#### Syntax

```
RemoveQueueMember(queueName[,interface[,options]])
```

#### Arguments

- queueName
- interface
- options

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_Queue](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_QueueLog](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_AddQueueMember](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_RemoveQueueMember](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_PauseQueueMember](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_UnpauseQueueMember](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_QUEUE\\_VARIABLES](#)  
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[Asterisk 10 Function\\_QUEUE\\_EXISTS](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_QUEUE\\_WAITING\\_COUNT](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_QUEUE\\_MEMBER\\_LIST](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_QUEUE\\_MEMBER\\_PENALTY](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_ResetCDR

### ResetCDR()

#### Synopsis

Resets the Call Data Record.

#### Description

This application causes the Call Data Record to be reset.

#### Syntax

```
ResetCDR([options])
```

#### Arguments

- `options`
  - `w` - Store the current CDR record before resetting it.
  - `a` - Store any stacked records.
  - `v` - Save CDR variables.
  - `e` - Enable CDR only (negate effects of NoCDR).

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_ForkCDR](#)

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_NoCDR](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_RetryDial

### RetryDial()

#### Synopsis

Place a call, retrying on failure allowing an optional exit extension.

#### Description

This application will attempt to place a call using the normal Dial application. If no channel can be reached, the *announce* file will be played. Then, it will wait *sleep* number of seconds before retrying the call. After *retries* number of attempts, the calling channel will continue at the next priority in the dialplan. If the *retries* setting is set to 0, this application will retry endlessly. While waiting to retry a call, a 1 digit extension may be dialed. If that extension exists in either the context defined in This application will attempt to place a call using the normal Dial application. If no channel can be reached, the `None` - `EXITCONTEXT` or the current one, The call will jump to that extension immediately. The *dialargs* are specified in the same format that arguments are provided to the Dial application.

#### Syntax

```
RetryDial(announce,sleep,retries,dialargs)
```

#### Arguments

- *announce* - Filename of sound that will be played when no channel can be reached
- *sleep* - Number of seconds to wait after a dial attempt failed before a new attempt is made
- *retries* - Number of retries When this is reached flow will continue at the next priority in the dialplan
- *dialargs* - Same format as arguments provided to the Dial application

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_Return

### Return()

#### Synopsis

Return from gosub routine.

#### Description

Jumps to the last label on the stack, removing it. The return *value*, if any, is saved in the channel variable. Jumps to the last label on the stack, removing it. The return `None` - `GOSUB_RETVAL`.

#### Syntax

```
Return([value])
```

#### Arguments

- `value` - Return value.

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_Gosub](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_StackPop](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_Ringing

### Ringing()

#### Synopsis

Indicate ringing tone.

#### Description

This application will request that the channel indicate a ringing tone to the user.

#### Syntax

```
Ringing()
```

#### Arguments

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_Busy](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_Congestion](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_Progress](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_PlayTones](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_SayAlpha

### SayAlpha()

#### Synopsis

Say Alpha.

#### Description

This application will play the sounds that correspond to the letters of the given *string*.

#### Syntax

```
SayAlpha(string)
```

#### Arguments

- *string*

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_SayDigits](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_SayNumber](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_SayPhonetic](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_CHANNEL](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_SayCountedAdj

### SayCountedAdj()

#### Synopsis

Say a adjective in declined form in order to count things

#### Description

Selects and plays the proper form of an adjective according to the gender and of the noun which it modifies and the number of objects named by the noun-verb combination which have been counted. Used when saying things such as "5 new messages". The various singular and plural forms of the adjective are selected by adding suffixes to *filename*.

If the channel language is English, then no suffix will ever be added (since, in English, adjectives are not declined). If the channel language is Russian or some other slavic language, then the suffix will be the specified *gender* for nominative, and "x" for genitive plural. (The genitive singular is not used when counting things.) For example, `SayCountedAdj(1,new,f)` will play sound file "newa" (containing the word "novaya"), but `SayCountedAdj(5,new,f)` will play sound file "newx" (containing the word "novikh").

This application does not automatically answer and should be preceded by an application such as `Answer()`, `Progress()`, or `Proceeding()`.

### Syntax

```
SayCountedAdj ( number , filename [ , gender ] )
```

### Arguments

- `number` - The number of things
- `filename` - File name stem for the adjective
- `gender` - The gender of the noun modified, one of 'm', 'f', 'n', or 'c'

### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_SayCountedNoun](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_SayNumber](#)

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_SayCountedNoun

### SayCountedNoun()

#### Synopsis

Say a noun in declined form in order to count things

#### Description

Selects and plays the proper singular or plural form of a noun when saying things such as "five calls". English has simple rules for deciding when to say "call" and when to say "calls", but other languages have complicated rules which would be extremely difficult to implement in the Asterisk dialplan language.

The correct sound file is selected by examining the *number* and adding the appropriate suffix to *filename*. If the channel language is English, then the suffix will be either empty or "s". If the channel language is Russian or some other Slavic language, then the suffix will be empty for nominative, "x1" for genitive singular, and "x2" for genitive plural.

Note that combining *filename* with a suffix will not necessarily produce a correctly spelled plural form. For example, SayCountedNoun(2,man) will play the sound file "mans" rather than "men". This behavior is intentional. Since the file name is never seen by the end user, there is no need to implement complicated spelling rules. We simply record the word "men" in the sound file named "mans".

This application does not automatically answer and should be preceded by an application such as Answer() or Progress.

#### Syntax

```
SayCountedNoun(number, filename)
```

#### Arguments

- `number` - The number of things
- `filename` - File name stem for the noun that is the the name of the things

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_SayCountedAdj](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_SayNumber](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_SayCountPL

### SayCountPL()

#### Synopsis

Say Polish counting words.

#### Description

Polish grammar has some funny rules for counting words. for example 1 zloty, 2 zlote, 5 zlotych. This application will take the words for 1, 2-4 and 5 and decide based on grammar rules which one to use with the number you pass to it.

Example: SayCountPL(zloty,zlote,zlotych,122) will give: zlote

#### Syntax



```
SayCountPL(word1,word2,word5,number)
```

#### Arguments

- word1
- word2
- word5
- number

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_SayDigits

### SayDigits()

#### Synopsis

Say Digits.

#### Description

This application will play the sounds that correspond to the digits of the given number. This will use the language that is currently set for the channel.

#### Syntax

```
SayDigits(digits)
```

#### Arguments

- digits

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_SayAlpha](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_SayNumber](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_SayPhonetic](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_CHANNEL](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_SayNumber

## SayNumber()

### Synopsis

Say Number.

### Description

This application will play the sounds that correspond to the given *digits*. Optionally, a *gender* may be specified. This will use the language that is currently set for the channel. See the `LANGUAGE()` function for more information on setting the language for the channel.

### Syntax

```
SayNumber(digits[,gender])
```

### Arguments

- `digits`
- `gender`

### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_SayAlpha](#)

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_SayDigits](#)

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_SayPhonetic](#)

[Asterisk 10 Function\\_CHANNEL](#)

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_SayPhonetic

### SayPhonetic()

### Synopsis

Say Phonetic.

### Description

This application will play the sounds from the phonetic alphabet that correspond to the letters in the given *string*.

### Syntax

```
SayPhonetic(string)
```

### Arguments

- `string`

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_SayAlpha](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_SayDigits](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_SayNumber](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_SayUnixTime

### SayUnixTime()

#### Synopsis

Says a specified time in a custom format.

#### Description

Uses some of the sound files stored in `/var/lib/asterisk/sounds` to construct a phrase saying the specified date and/or time in the specified format.

#### Syntax

```
SayUnixTime([unixtime[,timezone[,format]]])
```

#### Arguments

- `unixtime` - time, in seconds since Jan 1, 1970. May be negative. Defaults to now.
- `timezone` - timezone, see `/usr/share/zoneinfo` for a list. Defaults to machine default.
- `format` - a format the time is to be said in. See `voicemail.conf`. Defaults to `ABdY "digits/at" IMp`

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Function\\_STRFTIME](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_STRPTIME](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_IFTIME](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_SendDTMF

### SendDTMF()

## Synopsis

Sends arbitrary DTMF digits

## Description

DTMF digits sent to a channel with half second pause

It will pass all digits or terminate if it encounters an error.

## Syntax

```
SendDTMF(digits[,timeout_ms[,duration_ms[,channel]])
```

## Arguments

- `digits` - List of digits 0-9,\*,#,abcd
- `timeout_ms` - Amount of time to wait in ms between tones. (defaults to .25s)
- `duration_ms` - Duration of each digit
- `channel` - Channel where digits will be played

## See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_Read](#)

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_SendFAX (app\_fax)

### SendFAX()

## Synopsis

Send a Fax

## Description

Send a given TIFF file to the channel as a FAX.

This application sets the following channel variables:

- `LOCALSTATIONID` - To identify itself to the remote end
- `LOCALHEADERINFO` - To generate a header line on each page
- `FAXSTATUS` -
  - `SUCCESS`
  - `FAILED`
- `FAXERROR` - Cause of failure
- `REMOTESTATIONID` - The CSID of the remote side
- `FAXPAGES` - Number of pages sent
- `FAXBITRATE` - Transmission rate
- `FAXRESOLUTION` - Resolution of sent fax

## Syntax

```
SendFAX(filename[,a])
```

## Arguments

- `filename` - Filename of TIFF file to fax
- `a` - Makes the application behave as the answering machine (Default behavior is as calling machine)

## See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 Application\_SendFAX (res\_fax)

## SendFAX()

## Synopsis

Sends a specified TIFF/F file as a FAX.

## Description

This application is provided by `res_fax`, which is a FAX technology agnostic module that utilizes FAX technology resource modules to complete a FAX transmission.

Session arguments can be set by the `FAXOPT` function and to check results of the `SendFax()` application.

## Syntax

```
SendFAX([filename2[&...]][,options])
```

## Arguments

- `filename`
  - `filename2` - TIFF file to send as a FAX.
- `options`
  - `d` - Enable FAX debugging.
  - `f` - Allow audio fallback FAX transfer on T.38 capable channels.
  - `F` - Force usage of audio mode on T.38 capable channels.
  - `s` - Send progress Manager events (overrides `statusevents` setting in `res_fax.conf`).
  - `z` - Initiate a T.38 reinvite on the channel if the remote end does not.

## See Also

## Asterisk 10 Function\_FAXOPT

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_SendImage

### SendImage()

#### Synopsis

Sends an image file.

#### Description

Send an image file on a channel supporting it.

Result of transmission will be stored in Result of transmission will be stored in `None` - `SENDIMAGESTATUS`

- `SENDIMAGESTATUS` -
  - `SUCCESS` - Transmission succeeded.
  - `FAILURE` - Transmission failed.
  - `UNSUPPORTED` - Image transmission not supported by channel.

#### Syntax

```
SendImage ( filename )
```

#### Arguments

- `filename` - Path of the filename (image) to send.

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_SendText](#)

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_SendURL](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_SendText

### SendText()

#### Synopsis

Send a Text Message.

#### Description

Sends *text* to current channel (callee).

Result of transmission will be stored in the `Result` of transmission will be stored in the `None - SENDTEXTSTATUS`

- `SENDTEXTSTATUS` -
  - `SUCCESS` - Transmission succeeded.
  - `FAILURE` - Transmission failed.
  - `UNSUPPORTED` - Text transmission not supported by channel.

At this moment, text is supposed to be 7 bit ASCII in most channels. At this moment, text is supposed to be 7 bit ASCII in most channels.

### Syntax

```
SendText ( text )
```

### Arguments

- `text`

### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_SendImage](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_SendURL](#)

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_SendURL

### SendURL()

#### Synopsis

Send a URL.

#### Description

Requests client go to *URL* (IAX2) or sends the URL to the client (other channels).

Result is returned in the `Result` is returned in the `None - SENDURLSTATUS` channel variable:

- `SENDURLSTATUS` -
  - `SUCCESS` - URL successfully sent to client.
  - `FAILURE` - Failed to send URL.
  - `NOLOAD` - Client failed to load URL (wait enabled).
  - `UNSUPPORTED` - Channel does not support URL transport.

`SendURL` continues normally if the URL was sent correctly or if the channel does not support HTML transport. Otherwise, the channel is hung up.

### Syntax

```
SendURL(URL[,option])
```

#### Arguments

- URL
- option
  - w - Execution will wait for an acknowledgement that the URL has been loaded before continuing.

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_SendImage](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_SendText](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_Set

### Set()

#### Synopsis

Set channel variable or function value.

#### Description

This function can be used to set the value of channel variables or dialplan functions. When setting variables, if the variable name is prefixed with {}, *the variable will be inherited into channels created from the current channel. If the variable name is prefixed with \_*, the variable will be inherited into channels created from the current channel and all children channels.

If (and only if), in `If (and only if)`, in `/etc/asterisk/asterisk.conf`, you have a `compat` category, and you have `app_set = 1.4` under that, then the behavior of this app changes, and strips surrounding quotes from the right hand side as it did previously in 1.4. The advantages of not stripping out quoting, and not caring about the separator characters (comma and vertical bar) were sufficient to make these changes in 1.6. Confusion about how many backslashes would be needed to properly protect separators and quotes in various database access strings has been greatly reduced by these changes.

#### Syntax

```
Set(name,value)
```

#### Arguments

- name
- value



#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_MSet](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_GLOBAL](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_SET](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_ENV](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_SetAMAFlags

### SetAMAFlags()

#### Synopsis

Set the AMA Flags.

#### Description

This application will set the channel's AMA Flags for billing purposes.

#### Syntax

```
SetAMAFlags([flag])
```

#### Arguments

- `flag`

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Function\\_CDR](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_SetCallerPres

### SetCallerPres()

#### Synopsis

Set CallerID Presentation.

#### Description

Set Caller\*ID presentation on a call.

#### Syntax

```
SetCallerPres(presentation)
```

#### Arguments

- `presentation`
  - `allowed_not_screened` - Presentation Allowed, Not Screened.
  - `allowed_passed_screen` - Presentation Allowed, Passed Screen.
  - `allowed_failed_screen` - Presentation Allowed, Failed Screen.
  - `allowed` - Presentation Allowed, Network Number.
  - `prohib_not_screened` - Presentation Prohibited, Not Screened.
  - `prohib_passed_screen` - Presentation Prohibited, Passed Screen.
  - `prohib_failed_screen` - Presentation Prohibited, Failed Screen.
  - `prohib` - Presentation Prohibited, Network Number.
  - `unavailable` - Number Unavailable.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_SetMusicOnHold

### SetMusicOnHold()

#### Synopsis

Set default Music On Hold class.

#### Description

!!! DEPRECATED. USe Set(CHANNEL(musicclass)=...) instead !!!

Sets the default class for music on hold for a given channel. When music on hold is activated, this class will be used to select which music is played.

!!! DEPRECATED. USe Set(CHANNEL(musicclass)=...) instead !!!

#### Syntax

```
SetMusicOnHold(class)
```

#### Arguments

- `class`

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_SIPAddHeader

### SIPAddHeader()

#### Synopsis

Add a SIP header to the outbound call.

#### Description

Adds a header to a SIP call placed with DIAL.

Remember to use the X-header if you are adding non-standard SIP headers, like `X-Asterisk-Accountcode:`. Use this with care. Adding the wrong headers may jeopardize the SIP dialog.

Always returns 0.

#### Syntax

```
SIPAddHeader ( Header , Content )
```

#### Arguments

- Header
- Content

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_SIPDtmfMode

### SIPDtmfMode()

#### Synopsis

Change the dtmfmode for a SIP call.

#### Description

Changes the dtmfmode for a SIP call.

#### Syntax

SIPDtmfMode(mode)

#### Arguments

- mode
  - inband
  - info
  - rfc2833

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_SIPRemoveHeader

### SIPRemoveHeader()

#### Synopsis

Remove SIP headers previously added with SIPAddHeader

#### Description

SIPRemoveHeader() allows you to remove headers which were previously added with SIPAddHeader(). If no parameter is supplied, all previously added headers will be removed. If a parameter is supplied, only the matching headers will be removed.

For example you have added these 2 headers:

```
SIPAddHeader(P-Asserted-Identity: sip:foo@bar);
```

```
SIPAddHeader(P-Preferred-Identity: sip:bar@foo);
```

```
// remove all headers
```

```
SIPRemoveHeader();
```

```
// remove all P- headers
```

```
SIPRemoveHeader(P-);
```

```
// remove only the PAI header (note the : at the end)
```

```
SIPRemoveHeader(P-Asserted-Identity😊);
```

Always returns 0.

#### Syntax

```
SIPRemoveHeader ( [Header] )
```

#### Arguments

- Header

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_Skel

### Skel()

#### Synopsis

Simple one line explanation.

#### Description

This application is a template to build other applications from. It shows you the basic structure to create your own Asterisk applications.

#### Syntax

```
Skel(dummy[,options])
```

#### Arguments

- dummy
- options
  - a - Option A.
  - b - Option B.
  - c - Option C.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_SLASStation

### SLASStation()

#### Synopsis

Shared Line Appearance Station.

## Description

This application should be executed by an SLA station. The argument depends on how the call was initiated. If the phone was just taken off hook, then the argument *station* should be just the station name. If the call was initiated by pressing a line key, then the station name should be preceded by an underscore and the trunk name associated with that line button.

For example:

`station1_line1`

On exit, this application will set the variable `SLASTATION_STATUS` to one of the following values:

- `SLASTATION_STATUS` -
  - `FAILURE`
  - `CONGESTION`
  - `SUCCESS`

## Syntax

```
SLAStation(station)
```

## Arguments

- `station` - Station name

## See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 Application\_SLATrunk

## SLATrunk()

## Synopsis

Shared Line Appearance Trunk.

## Description

This application should be executed by an SLA trunk on an inbound call. The channel calling this application should correspond to the SLA trunk with the name *trunk* that is being passed as an argument.

On exit, this application will set the variable `SLATRUNK_STATUS` to one of the following values:

- `SLATRUNK_STATUS` -
  - `FAILURE`

- SUCCESS
- UNANSWERED
- RINGTIMEOUT

## Syntax

```
SLATrunk(trunk[,options])
```

## Arguments

- trunk - Trunk name
- options
  - M - Play back the specified MOH *class* instead of ringing
  - class

## See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 Application\_SMS

## SMS()

## Synopsis

Communicates with SMS service centres and SMS capable analogue phones.

## Description

SMS handles exchange of SMS data with a call to/from SMS capable phone or SMS PSTN service center. Can send and/or receive SMS messages. Works to ETSI ES 201 912; compatible with BT SMS PSTN service in UK and Telecom Italia in Italy.

Typical usage is to use to handle calls from the SMS service centre CLI, or to set up a call using `outgoing` or manager interface to connect service centre to `SMS()`.

"Messages are processed as per text file message queues. `smsq` (a separate software) is a command to generate message queues and send messages.

The protocol has tight delay bounds. Please use short frames and disable/keep short the jitter buffer on the ATA to make sure that responses (ACK etc.) are received in time. The protocol has tight delay bounds. Please use short frames and disable/keep short the jitter buffer on the ATA to make sure that responses (ACK etc.) are received in time.

## Syntax

```
SMS(name[,options[,addr[,body]]])
```

## Arguments

- `name` - The name of the queue used in `/var/spool/asterisk/sms`
- `options`
  - `a` - Answer, i.e. send initial FSK packet.
  - `s` - Act as service centre talking to a phone.
  - `t` - Use protocol 2 (default used is protocol 1).
  - `p` - Set the initial delay to N ms (default is 300 ). `addr` and `body` are a deprecated format to send messages out.
  - `r` - Set the Status Report Request (SRR) bit.
  - `o` - The body should be coded as octets not 7-bit symbols.
- `addr`
- `body`

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_SoftHangup

### SoftHangup()

#### Synopsis

Hangs up the requested channel.

#### Description

Hangs up the requested channel. If there are no channels to hangup, the application will report it.

#### Syntax

```
SoftHangup(Technology/Resource[,options])
```

#### Arguments

- `Technology/Resource`
- `options`
  - `a` - Hang up all channels on a specified device instead of a single resource

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_SpeechActivateGrammar

### SpeechActivateGrammar()

#### Synopsis

Activate a grammar.



## Description

This activates the specified grammar to be recognized by the engine. A grammar tells the speech recognition engine what to recognize, and how to portray it back to you in the dialplan. The grammar name is the only argument to this application.

## Syntax

```
SpeechActivateGrammar(grammar_name)
```

## Arguments

- `grammar_name`

## See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 Application\_SpeechBackground

## SpeechBackground()

## Synopsis

Play a sound file and wait for speech to be recognized.

## Description

This application plays a sound file and waits for the person to speak. Once they start speaking playback of the file stops, and silence is heard. Once they stop talking the processing sound is played to indicate the speech recognition engine is working. Once results are available the application returns and results (score and text) are available using dialplan functions.

The first text and score are `${SPEECH_TEXT(0)}` AND `${SPEECH_SCORE(0)}` while the second are `${SPEECH_TEXT(1)}` and `${SPEECH_SCORE(1)}`.

The first argument is the sound file and the second is the timeout integer in seconds.

## Syntax

```
SpeechBackground(sound_file[,timeout[,options]])
```

## Arguments

- `sound_file`
- `timeout` - Timeout integer in seconds. Note the timeout will only start once the sound file has stopped playing.
- `options`
  - `n` - Don't answer the channel if it has not already been answered.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_SpeechCreate

### SpeechCreate()

#### Synopsis

Create a Speech Structure.

#### Description

This application creates information to be used by all the other applications. It must be called before doing any speech recognition activities such as activating a grammar. It takes the engine name to use as the argument, if not specified the default engine will be used.

#### Syntax

```
SpeechCreate(engine_name)
```

#### Arguments

- engine\_name

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_SpeechDeactivateGrammar

### SpeechDeactivateGrammar()

#### Synopsis

Deactivate a grammar.

#### Description

This deactivates the specified grammar so that it is no longer recognized.

#### Syntax

```
SpeechDeactivateGrammar(grammar_name)
```

#### Arguments

- `grammar_name` - The grammar name to deactivate

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_SpeechDestroy

### SpeechDestroy()

#### Synopsis

End speech recognition.

#### Description

This destroys the information used by all the other speech recognition applications. If you call this application but end up wanting to recognize more speech, you must call `SpeechCreate()` again before calling any other application.

#### Syntax

```
SpeechDestroy( )
```

#### Arguments

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_SpeechLoadGrammar

### SpeechLoadGrammar()

#### Synopsis

Load a grammar.

#### Description

Load a grammar only on the channel, not globally.

#### Syntax

```
SpeechLoadGrammar(grammar_name,path)
```

#### Arguments

- grammar\_name
- path

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_SpeechProcessingSound

### SpeechProcessingSound()

#### Synopsis

Change background processing sound.

#### Description

This changes the processing sound that SpeechBackground plays back when the speech recognition engine is processing and working to get results.

#### Syntax

```
SpeechProcessingSound(sound_file)
```

#### Arguments

- sound\_file

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_SpeechStart

### SpeechStart()

#### Synopsis

Start recognizing voice in the audio stream.

#### Description

Tell the speech recognition engine that it should start trying to get results from audio being fed to it.

#### Syntax

```
SpeechStart()
```

#### Arguments

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_SpeechUnloadGrammar

### SpeechUnloadGrammar()

#### Synopsis

Unload a grammar.

#### Description

Unload a grammar.

#### Syntax

```
SpeechUnloadGrammar(grammar_name)
```

#### Arguments

- grammar\_name

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_StackPop

### StackPop()

#### Synopsis

Remove one address from gosub stack.

### Description

Removes last label on the stack, discarding it.

### Syntax

```
StackPop( )
```

### Arguments

### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_Return](#)

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_Gosub](#)

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_StartMusicOnHold

### StartMusicOnHold()

### Synopsis

Play Music On Hold.

### Description

Starts playing music on hold, uses default music class for channel. Starts playing music specified by class. If omitted, the default music source for the channel will be used. Always returns 0.

### Syntax

```
StartMusicOnHold(class)
```

### Arguments

- class

### See Also

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_StopMixMonitor

### StopMixMonitor()

### Synopsis

Stop recording a call through MixMonitor, and free the recording's file handle.

### Description

Stops the audio recording that was started with a call to `MixMonitor()` on the current channel.

### Syntax

```
StopMixMonitor()
```

### Arguments

### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_MixMonitor](#)

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_StopMonitor

### StopMonitor()

### Synopsis

Stop monitoring a channel.

### Description

Stops monitoring a channel. Has no effect if the channel is not monitored.

### Syntax

```
StopMonitor()
```

### Arguments

### See Also

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_StopMusicOnHold

### StopMusicOnHold()

### Synopsis

Stop playing Music On Hold.

### Description

Stops playing music on hold.

### Syntax

```
StopMusicOnHold( )
```

### Arguments

### See Also

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_StopPlayTones

### StopPlayTones()

### Synopsis

Stop playing a tone list.

### Description

Stop playing a tone list, initiated by PlayTones().

### Syntax

```
StopPlayTones( )
```

### Arguments

### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_PlayTones](#)

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_System



## System()

### Synopsis

Execute a system command.

### Description

Executes a command by using `system()`. If the command fails, the console should report a fallthrough.

Result of execution is returned in the `Result` of execution is returned in the `None` - `SYSTEMSTATUS` channel variable:

- `SYSTEMSTATUS` -
  - `FAILURE` - Could not execute the specified command.
  - `SUCCESS` - Specified command successfully executed.

### Syntax

```
System( command )
```

### Arguments

- `command` - Command to execute

### See Also

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_TestClient

### TestClient()

### Synopsis

Execute Interface Test Client.

### Description

Executes test client with given *testid*. Results stored in `/var/log/asterisk/testreports/<testid>-client.txt`

### Syntax

```
TestClient( testid )
```

### Arguments

- `testid` - An ID to identify this test.

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_TestServer](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_TestServer

### TestServer()

#### Synopsis

Execute Interface Test Server.

#### Description

Perform test server function and write call report. Results stored in `/var/log/asterisk/testreports/<testid>-server.txt`

#### Syntax

```
TestServer( )
```

#### Arguments

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_TestClient](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_Transfer

### Transfer()

#### Synopsis

Transfer caller to remote extension.

#### Description

Requests the remote caller be transferred to a given destination. If TECH (SIP, IAX2, LOCAL etc) is used, only an incoming call with the same channel technology will be transferred. Note that

for SIP, if you transfer before call is setup, a 302 redirect SIP message will be returned to the caller.

The result of the application will be reported in the `None - TRANSFERSTATUS` channel variable:

- `TRANSFERSTATUS` -
  - `SUCCESS` - Transfer succeeded.
  - `FAILURE` - Transfer failed.
  - `UNSUPPORTED` - Transfer unsupported by channel driver.

### Syntax

```
Transfer([Tech]destination)
```

### Arguments

- `dest`
  - `Tech`
  - `destination`

### See Also

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_TryExec

### TryExec()

### Synopsis

Executes dialplan application, always returning.

### Description

Allows an arbitrary application to be invoked even when not hard coded into the dialplan. To invoke external applications see the application System. Always returns to the dialplan. The channel variable `TRYSTATUS` will be set to one of:

- `TRYSTATUS` -
  - `SUCCESS` - If the application returned zero.
  - `FAILED` - If the application returned non-zero.
  - `NOAPP` - If the application was not found or was not specified.

### Syntax

```
TryExec(arguments)
```

### Arguments

- `appname`

- arguments

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_TrySystem

### TrySystem()

#### Synopsis

Try executing a system command.

#### Description

Executes a command by using system().

Result of execution is returned in the Result of execution is returned in the None - SYSTEMSTATUS channel variable:

- SYSTEMSTATUS -
  - FAILURE - Could not execute the specified command.
  - SUCCESS - Specified command successfully executed.
  - APPERROR - Specified command successfully executed, but returned error code.

#### Syntax

```
TrySystem( command )
```

#### Arguments

- command - Command to execute

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_UnpauseMonitor

### UnpauseMonitor()

#### Synopsis

Unpause monitoring of a channel.

#### Description

Unpauses monitoring of a channel on which monitoring had previously been paused with `PauseMonitor`.

#### Syntax

```
UnpauseMonitor()
```

#### Arguments

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_PauseMonitor](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_UnpauseQueueMember

### UnpauseQueueMember()

#### Synopsis

Unpauses a queue member.

#### Description

Unpauses (resumes calls to) a queue member. This is the counterpart to `PauseQueueMember()` and operates exactly the same way, except it unpauses instead of pausing the given interface.

This application sets the following channel variable upon completion:

- `UPQMSTATUS` - The status of the attempt to unpause a queue member as a text string.
  - `UNPAUSED`
  - `NOTFOUND`

Example: `UnpauseQueueMember(,SIP/3000)`

#### Syntax

```
UnpauseQueueMember([ queuename , interface[ , options[ , reason ] ] ] )
```

#### Arguments

- `queuename`
- `interface`
- `options`
- `reason` - Is used to add extra information to the appropriate `queue_log` entries and manager events.

#### See Also

Asterisk 10 Application\_Queue  
Asterisk 10 Application\_QueueLog  
Asterisk 10 Application\_AddQueueMember  
Asterisk 10 Application\_RemoveQueueMember  
Asterisk 10 Application\_PauseQueueMember  
Asterisk 10 Application\_UnpauseQueueMember  
Asterisk 10 Function\_QUEUE\_VARIABLES  
Asterisk 10 Function\_QUEUE\_MEMBER  
Asterisk 10 Function\_QUEUE\_MEMBER\_COUNT  
Asterisk 10 Function\_QUEUE\_EXISTS  
Asterisk 10 Function\_QUEUE\_WAITING\_COUNT  
Asterisk 10 Function\_QUEUE\_MEMBER\_LIST  
Asterisk 10 Function\_QUEUE\_MEMBER\_PENALTY

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_UserEvent

### UserEvent()

#### Synopsis

Send an arbitrary event to the manager interface.

#### Description

Sends an arbitrary event to the manager interface, with an optional *body* representing additional arguments. The *body* may be specified as a , delimited list of headers. Each additional argument will be placed on a new line in the event. The format of the event will be:

Event: UserEvent

UserEvent: <specified event name>

body

If no *body* is specified, only Event and UserEvent headers will be present.

#### Syntax

```
UserEvent ( eventname [ ,body ] )
```

#### Arguments

- eventname
- body

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_Verbose

### Verbose()

#### Synopsis

Send arbitrary text to verbose output.

#### Description

Sends an arbitrary text message to verbose output.

#### Syntax

```
Verbose([level,message])
```

#### Arguments

- `level` - Must be an integer value. If not specified, defaults to 0.
- `message` - Output text message.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_VMAAuthenticate

### VMAAuthenticate()

#### Synopsis

Authenticate with Voicemail passwords.

#### Description

This application behaves the same way as the Authenticate application, but the passwords are taken from `voicemail.conf`. If the *mailbox* is specified, only that mailbox's password will be considered valid. If the *mailbox* is not specified, the channel variable `This` application behaves the same way as the Authenticate application, but the passwords are taken from `None` - `AUTH_MAILBOX` will be set with the authenticated mailbox.

The VMAAuthenticate application will exit if the following DTMF digit is entered as Mailbox or

Password, and the extension exists:

Jump to the a extension in the current dialplan context.

#### Syntax

```
VMAuthenticate([mailbox] [@context] [, options])
```

#### Arguments

- mailbox
  - mailbox
  - context
- options
  - s - Skip playing the initial prompts.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_VMSayName

### VMSayName()

#### Synopsis

Play the name of a voicemail user

#### Description

This application will say the recorded name of the voicemail user specified as the argument to this application. If no context is provided, `default` is assumed.

#### Syntax

```
VMSayName([mailbox] [@context])
```

#### Arguments

- mailbox
  - mailbox
  - context

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.



# Asterisk 10 Application\_VoiceMail

## VoiceMail()

### Synopsis

Leave a Voicemail message.

### Description

This application allows the calling party to leave a message for the specified list of mailboxes. When multiple mailboxes are specified, the greeting will be taken from the first mailbox specified. Dialplan execution will stop if the specified mailbox does not exist.

The Voicemail application will exit if any of the following DTMF digits are received:

Jump to the `o` extension in the current dialplan context.

Jump to the `a` extension in the current dialplan context.

This application will set the following channel variable upon completion:

- `VMSTATUS` - This indicates the status of the execution of the VoiceMail application.
  - `SUCCESS`
  - `USEREXIT`
  - `FAILED`

### Syntax

```
VoiceMail(mailbox1[&mailbox2[&...]][,options])
```

### Arguments

- `mailboxes`
  - `mailbox1`
  - `mailbox2`
- `options`
  - `b` - Play the `busy` greeting to the calling party.
  - `d` - Accept digits for a new extension in context `c`, if played during the greeting. Context defaults to the current context.
    - `c`
  - `g` - Use the specified amount of gain when recording the voicemail message. The units are whole-number decibels (dB). Only works on supported technologies, which is DAHDI only.
    - `#`
  - `s` - Skip the playback of instructions for leaving a message to the calling party.
  - `u` - Play the `unavailable` greeting.
  - `U` - Mark message as `URGENT`.
  - `P` - Mark message as `PRIORITY`.

### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_VoiceMailMain](#)

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 Application\_VoiceMailMain

## VoiceMailMain()

### Synopsis

Check Voicemail messages.

### Description

This application allows the calling party to check voicemail messages. A specific *mailbox*, and optional corresponding *context*, may be specified. If a *mailbox* is not provided, the calling party will be prompted to enter one. If a *context* is not specified, the `default` context will be used.

The VoiceMailMain application will exit if the following DTMF digit is entered as Mailbox or Password, and the extension exists:

Jump to the `a` extension in the current dialplan context.

### Syntax

```
VoiceMailMain([mailbox] [@context] [, options])
```

### Arguments

- `mailbox`
  - `mailbox`
  - `context`
- `options`
  - `p` - Consider the *mailbox* parameter as a prefix to the mailbox that is entered by the caller.
  - `g` - Use the specified amount of gain when recording a voicemail message. The units are whole-number decibels (dB).
    - `#`
  - `s` - Skip checking the passcode for the mailbox.
  - `a` - Skip folder prompt and go directly to *folder* specified. Defaults to `INBOX` (or `0` ).
    - `folder`
    - `0` - `INBOX`
    - `1` - `Old`
    - `2` - `Work`
    - `3` - `Family`
    - `4` - `Friends`
    - `5` - `Cust1`
    - `6` - `Cust2`
    - `7` - `Cust3`
    - `8` - `Cust4`
    - `9` - `Cust5`
  - `0` - `INBOX`
  - `1` - `Old`
  - `2` - `Work`
  - `3` - `Family`
  - `4` - `Friends`
  - `5` - `Cust1`
  - `6` - `Cust2`
  - `7` - `Cust3`
  - `8` - `Cust4`
  - `9` - `Cust5`

### See Also

## Asterisk 10 Application\_VoiceMail

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_Wait

### Wait()

#### Synopsis

Waits for some time.

#### Description

This application waits for a specified number of *seconds*.

#### Syntax

```
Wait(seconds)
```

#### Arguments

- *seconds* - Can be passed with fractions of a second. For example, 1.5 will ask the application to wait for 1.5 seconds.

#### See Also

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_WaitExten

### WaitExten()

#### Synopsis

Waits for an extension to be entered.

#### Description

This application waits for the user to enter a new extension for a specified number of *seconds*.

Use of the application `WaitExten` within a macro will not function as expected. Please use the `Read` application in order to read DTMF from a channel currently executing a macro.

#### Syntax

```
WaitExten([seconds[,options]])
```

#### Arguments

- `seconds` - Can be passed with fractions of a second. For example, 1.5 will ask the application to wait for 1.5 seconds.
- `options`
  - `m` - Provide music on hold to the caller while waiting for an extension.
  - `x` - Specify the class for music on hold.

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_BackGround](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_TIMEOUT](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_WaitForNoise

### WaitForNoise()

#### Synopsis

Waits for a specified amount of noise.

#### Description

Waits for up to *noiserequired* milliseconds of noise, *iterations* times. An optional *timeout* specified the number of seconds to return after, even if we do not receive the specified amount of noise. Use *timeout* with caution, as it may defeat the purpose of this application, which is to wait indefinitely until noise is detected on the line.

#### Syntax

```
WaitForNoise(noiserequired[,iterations[,timeout]])
```

#### Arguments

- `noiserequired`
- `iterations` - If not specified, defaults to 1.
- `timeout` - Is specified only to avoid an infinite loop in cases where silence is never achieved.

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_WaitForSilence](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_WaitForRing

### WaitForRing()

#### Synopsis

Wait for Ring Application.

#### Description

Returns 0 after waiting at least *timeout* seconds, and only after the next ring has completed. Returns 0 on success or -1 on hangup.

#### Syntax

```
WaitForRing(timeout)
```

#### Arguments

- `timeout`

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_WaitForSilence

### WaitForSilence()

#### Synopsis

Waits for a specified amount of silence.

#### Description

Waits for up to *silencerequired* milliseconds of silence, *iterations* times. An optional *timeout* specified the number of seconds to return after, even if we do not receive the specified amount of silence. Use *timeout* with caution, as it may defeat the purpose of this application, which is to wait indefinitely until silence is detected on the line. This is particularly useful for reverse-911-type call broadcast applications where you need to wait for an answering machine to complete its spiel before playing a message.

Typically you will want to include two or more calls to WaitForSilence when dealing with an answering machine; first waiting for the spiel to finish, then waiting for the beep, etc.

Examples:

WaitForSilence(500,2) will wait for 1/2 second of silence, twice

WaitForSilence(1000) will wait for 1 second of silence, once

WaitForSilence(300,3,10) will wait for 300ms silence, 3 times, and returns after 10 sec, even if silence is not detected

Sets the channel variable Sets the channel variable `None` - `WAITSTATUS` to one of these values:

- `WAITSTATUS` -
  - `SILENCE` - if exited with silence detected.
  - `TIMEOUT` - if exited without silence detected after timeout.

### Syntax

```
WaitForSilence(silencerequired[,iterations[,timeout]])
```

### Arguments

- `silencerequired`
- `iterations` - If not specified, defaults to 1.
- `timeout` - Is specified only to avoid an infinite loop in cases where silence is never achieved.

### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_WaitForNoise](#)

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_WaitMusicOnHold

### WaitMusicOnHold()

#### Synopsis

Wait, playing Music On Hold.

#### Description

!!! DEPRECATED. Use MusicOnHold instead !!!

Plays hold music specified number of seconds. Returns 0 when done, or -1 on hangup. If no hold music is available, the delay will still occur with no sound.

!!! DEPRECATED. Use MusicOnHold instead !!!

### Syntax

```
WaitMusicOnHold(delay)
```

#### Arguments

- `delay`

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_WaitUntil

### WaitUntil()

#### Synopsis

Wait (sleep) until the current time is the given epoch.

#### Description

Waits until the given *epoch*.

Sets `None` - `WAITUNTILSTATUS` to one of the following values:

- `WAITUNTILSTATUS` -
  - `OK` - Wait succeeded.
  - `FAILURE` - Invalid argument.
  - `HANGUP` - Channel hungup before time elapsed.
  - `PAST` - Time specified had already past.

#### Syntax

```
WaitUntil(epoch)
```

#### Arguments

- `epoch`

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Application\_While

### While()

## Synopsis

Start a while loop.

## Description

Start a While Loop. Execution will return to this point when `EndWhile()` is called until `expr` is no longer true.

## Syntax

```
While(expr)
```

## Arguments

- `expr`

## See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_EndWhile](#)

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_ExitWhile](#)

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_ContinueWhile](#)

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 Application\_Zapateller

## Zapateller()

## Synopsis

Block telemarketers with SIT.

## Description

Generates special information tone to block telemarketers from calling you.

This application will set the following channel variable upon completion:

- `ZAPATELLERSTATUS` - This will contain the last action accomplished by the Zapateller application. Possible values include:
  - `NOTHING`
  - `ANSWERED`
  - `ZAPPED`

## Syntax

```
Zapateller(options)
```

## Arguments



- `options` - Comma delimited list of options.
  - `answer` - Causes the line to be answered before playing the tone.
  - `nocallerid` - Causes Zapateller to only play the tone if there is no callerid information available.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Dialplan Functions

### Asterisk 10 Function\_AES\_DECRYPT

#### AES\_DECRYPT()

##### Synopsis

Decrypt a string encoded in base64 with AES given a 16 character key.

##### Description

Returns the plain text string.

##### Syntax

```
AES_DECRYPT(key,string)
```

##### Arguments

- `key` - AES Key
- `string` - Input string.

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Function\\_AES\\_ENCRYPT](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_BASE64\\_ENCODE](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_BASE64\\_DECODE](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

### Asterisk 10 Function\_AES\_ENCRYPT

#### AES\_ENCRYPT()

##### Synopsis

Encrypt a string with AES given a 16 character key.

#### Description

Returns an AES encrypted string encoded in base64.

#### Syntax

```
AES_ENCRYPT(key,string)
```

#### Arguments

- `key` - AES Key
- `string` - Input string

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Function\\_AES\\_DECRYPT](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_BASE64\\_ENCODE](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_BASE64\\_DECODE](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_AGC

### AGC()

#### Synopsis

Apply automatic gain control to audio on a channel.

#### Description

The AGC function will apply automatic gain control to the audio on the channel that it is executed on. Using `rx` for audio received and `tx` for audio transmitted to the channel. When using this function you set a target audio level. It is primarily intended for use with analog lines, but could be useful for other channels as well. The target volume is set with a number between 1-32768. The larger the number the louder (more gain) the channel will receive.

Examples:

```
exten => 1,1,Set(AGC(rx)=8000)
```

```
exten => 1,2,Set(AGC(tx)=off)
```

#### Syntax

```
AGC(channeldirection)
```

#### Arguments

- `channeldirection` - This can be either `rx` or `tx`

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_AGENT

### AGENT()

#### Synopsis

Gets information about an Agent

#### Description

#### Syntax

```
AGENT(agentid[,item])
```

#### Arguments

- `agentid`
- `item` - The valid items to retrieve are:
  - `status` - (default) The status of the agent (LOGGEDIN | LOGGEDOUT)
  - `password` - The password of the agent
  - `name` - The name of the agent
  - `mohclass` - MusicOnHold class
  - `channel` - The name of the active channel for the Agent (AgentLogin)
  - `fullchannel` - The untruncated name of the active channel for the Agent (AgentLogin)

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_ARRAY

### ARRAY()

#### Synopsis

Allows setting multiple variables at once.

## Description

The comma-delimited list passed as a value to which the function is set will be interpreted as a set of values to which the comma-delimited list of variable names in the argument should be set.

Example: Set(ARRAY(var1,var2)=1,2) will set var1 to 1 and var2 to 2

## Syntax

```
ARRAY(var1[,var2[,...][,varN]])
```

## Arguments

- var1
- var2
- varN

## See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 Function **AST\_CONFIG**

## AST\_CONFIG()

## Synopsis

Retrieve a variable from a configuration file.

## Description

This function reads a variable from an Asterisk configuration file.

## Syntax

```
AST_CONFIG(config_file,category,variable_name)
```

## Arguments

- config\_file
- category
- variable\_name

## See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function `_AUDIOHOOK_INHERIT`

### `AUDIOHOOK_INHERIT()`

#### Synopsis

Set whether an audiohook may be inherited to another channel

#### Description

By enabling audiohook inheritance on the channel, you are giving permission for an audiohook to be inherited by a descendent channel. Inheritance may be disabled at any point as well.

Example scenario:

```
exten => 2000,1,MixMonitor(blah.wav)
```

```
exten => 2000,n,Set(AUDIOHOOK_INHERIT(MixMonitor)=yes)
```

```
exten => 2000,n,Dial(SIP/2000)
```

```
exten => 4000,1,Dial(SIP/4000)
```

```
exten => 5000,1,MixMonitor(blah2.wav)
```

```
exten => 5000,n,Dial(SIP/5000)
```

In this basic dialplan scenario, let's consider the following sample calls

Call 1: Caller dials 2000. The person who answers then executes an attended transfer to 4000.

Result: Since extension 2000 set MixMonitor to be inheritable, after the transfer to 4000 has completed, the call will continue to be recorded to blah.wav

Call 2: Caller dials 5000. The person who answers then executes an attended transfer to 4000.

Result: Since extension 5000 did not set MixMonitor to be inheritable, the recording will stop once the call has been transferred to 4000.

#### Syntax

`AUDIOHOOK_INHERIT( source )`

#### Arguments

- `source` - The built-in sources in Asterisk are Note that the names are not case-sensitive
  - `MixMonitor`
  - `Chanspy`
  - `Volume`
  - `Speex`
  - `JACK_HOOK`

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_BASE64\_DECODE

### BASE64\_DECODE()

#### Synopsis

Decode a base64 string.

#### Description

Returns the plain text string.

#### Syntax

```
BASE64_DECODE(string)
```

#### Arguments

- `string` - Input string.

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Function\\_BASE64\\_ENCODE](#)

[Asterisk 10 Function\\_AES\\_DECRYPT](#)

[Asterisk 10 Function\\_AES\\_ENCRYPT](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_BASE64\_ENCODE

### BASE64\_ENCODE()

#### Synopsis

Encode a string in base64.

### Description

Returns the base64 string.

### Syntax

```
BASE64_ENCODE(string)
```

### Arguments

- `string` - Input string

### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Function\\_BASE64\\_DECODE](#)

[Asterisk 10 Function\\_AES\\_DECRYPT](#)

[Asterisk 10 Function\\_AES\\_ENCRYPT](#)

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_BLACKLIST

### BLACKLIST()

#### Synopsis

Check if the callerid is on the blacklist.

#### Description

Uses astdb to check if the Caller\*ID is in family `blacklist`. Returns 1 or 0.

### Syntax

```
BLACKLIST( )
```

### Arguments

### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Function\\_DB](#)

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_CALENDAR\_BUSY

## CALENDAR\_BUSY()

### Synopsis

Determine if the calendar is marked busy at this time.

### Description

Check the specified calendar's current busy status.

### Syntax

```
CALENDAR_BUSY(calendar)
```

### Arguments

- `calendar`

### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Function\\_CALENDAR\\_EVENT](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_CALENDAR\\_QUERY](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_CALENDAR\\_QUERY\\_RESULT](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_CALENDAR\\_WRITE](#)

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_CALENDAR\_EVENT

## CALENDAR\_EVENT()

### Synopsis

Get calendar event notification data from a notification call.

### Description

Whenever a calendar event notification call is made, the event data may be accessed with this function.

### Syntax

```
CALENDAR_EVENT(field)
```

### Arguments

- `field`



- `summary` - The VEVENT SUMMARY property or Exchange event 'subject'
- `description` - The text description of the event
- `organizer` - The organizer of the event
- `location` - The location of the event
- `categories` - The categories of the event
- `priority` - The priority of the event
- `calendar` - The name of the calendar associated with the event
- `uid` - The unique identifier for this event
- `start` - The start time of the event
- `end` - The end time of the event
- `busystate` - The busy state of the event 0=FREE, 1=TENTATIVE, 2=BUSY

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Function\\_CALENDAR\\_BUSY](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_CALENDAR\\_QUERY](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_CALENDAR\\_QUERY\\_RESULT](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_CALENDAR\\_WRITE](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_CALENDAR\_QUERY

### CALENDAR\_QUERY()

#### Synopsis

Query a calendar server and store the data on a channel

#### Description

Get a list of events in the currently accessible timeframe of the *calendar* The function returns the id for accessing the result with `CALENDAR_QUERY_RESULT()`

#### Syntax

```
CALENDAR_QUERY(calendar[,start[,end]])
```

#### Arguments

- `calendar` - The calendar that should be queried
- `start` - The start time of the query (in seconds since epoch)
- `end` - The end time of the query (in seconds since epoch)

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Function\\_CALENDAR\\_BUSY](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_CALENDAR\\_EVENT](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_CALENDAR\\_QUERY\\_RESULT](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_CALENDAR\\_WRITE](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_CALENDAR\_QUERY\_RESULT

### CALENDAR\_QUERY\_RESULT()

#### Synopsis

Retrieve data from a previously run CALENDAR\_QUERY() call

#### Description

After running CALENDAR\_QUERY and getting a result *id*, calling CALENDAR\_QUERY with that *id* and a *field* will return the data for that field. If multiple events matched the query, and *entry* is provided, information from that event will be returned.

#### Syntax

```
CALENDAR_QUERY_RESULT(id,field[,entry])
```

#### Arguments

- *id* - The query ID returned by CALENDAR\_QUERY
- *field*
  - *getnum* - number of events occurring during time range
  - *summary* - A summary of the event
  - *description* - The full event description
  - *organizer* - The event organizer
  - *location* - The event location
  - *categories* - The categories of the event
  - *priority* - The priority of the event
  - *calendar* - The name of the calendar associated with the event
  - *uid* - The unique identifier for the event
  - *start* - The start time of the event (in seconds since epoch)
  - *end* - The end time of the event (in seconds since epoch)
  - *busystate* - The busy status of the event 0=FREE, 1=TENTATIVE, 2=BUSY
- *entry* - Return data from a specific event returned by the query

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Function\\_CALENDAR\\_BUSY](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_CALENDAR\\_EVENT](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_CALENDAR\\_QUERY](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_CALENDAR\\_WRITE](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_CALENDAR\_WRITE

### CALENDAR\_WRITE()

## Synopsis

Write an event to a calendar

## Description

Example: `CALENDAR_WRITE(calendar,field1,field2,field3)=val1,val2,val3`

The field and value arguments can easily be set/passed using the `HASHKEYS()` and `HASH()` functions

## Syntax

```
CALENDAR_WRITE(calendar,field[,...])
```

## Arguments

- `calendar` - The calendar to write to
- `field`
  - `summary` - A summary of the event
  - `description` - The full event description
  - `organizer` - The event organizer
  - `location` - The event location
  - `categories` - The categories of the event
  - `priority` - The priority of the event
  - `uid` - The unique identifier for the event
  - `start` - The start time of the event (in seconds since epoch)
  - `end` - The end time of the event (in seconds since epoch)
  - `busystate` - The busy status of the event 0=FREE, 1=TENTATIVE, 2=BUSY

## See Also

[Asterisk 10 Function\\_CALENDAR\\_BUSY](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_CALENDAR\\_EVENT](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_CALENDAR\\_QUERY](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_CALENDAR\\_QUERY\\_RESULT](#)

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 Function\_CALLCOMPLETION

## CALLCOMPLETION()

## Synopsis

Get or set a call completion configuration parameter for a channel.

## Description

The `CALLCOMPLETION` function can be used to get or set a call completion configuration parameter for a channel. Note that setting a configuration parameter will only change the

parameter for the duration of the call. For more information see `doc/AST.pdf`. For more information on call completion parameters, see `configs/ccss.conf.sample`.

### Syntax

CALLCOMPLETION(option)

### Arguments

- option - The allowable options are:
  - cc\_agent\_policy
  - cc\_monitor\_policy
  - cc\_offer\_timer
  - ccnr\_available\_timer
  - ccbs\_available\_timer
  - cc\_recall\_timer
  - cc\_max\_agents
  - cc\_max\_monitors
  - cc\_callback\_macro
  - cc\_agent\_dialstring

### See Also

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_CALLERID

### CALLERID()

#### Synopsis

Gets or sets Caller\*ID data on the channel.

#### Description

Gets or sets Caller\*ID data on the channel. Uses channel callerid by default or optional callerid, if specified.

The allowable values for the *name-charset* field are the following:

Unknown

ISO8859-1

Withdrawn

ISO8859-2

ISO8859-3

ISO8859-4

ISO8859-5

ISO8859-7

ISO10646 Bmp String

ISO10646 UTF-8 String

### Syntax

```
CALLERID( datatype[ ,CID] )
```

### Arguments

- `datatype` - The allowable datatypes are:
  - `all`
  - `name`
  - `name-valid`
  - `name-charset`
  - `name-pres`
  - `num`
  - `num-valid`
  - `num-plan`
  - `num-pres`
  - `subaddr`
  - `subaddr-valid`
  - `subaddr-type`
  - `subaddr-odd`
  - `tag`
  - `ANI-all`
  - `ANI-name`
  - `ANI-name-valid`
  - `ANI-name-charset`
  - `ANI-name-pres`
  - `ANI-num`
  - `ANI-num-valid`
  - `ANI-num-plan`
  - `ANI-num-pres`
  - `ANI-tag`
  - `RDNIS`
  - `DNID`
  - `dnid-num-plan`
  - `dnid-subaddr`
  - `dnid-subaddr-valid`
  - `dnid-subaddr-type`
  - `dnid-subaddr-odd`
- `CID` - Optional Caller\*ID

### See Also

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_CALLERPRES

### CALLERPRES()

### Synopsis

Gets or sets Caller\*ID presentation on the channel.

#### Description

Gets or sets Caller\*ID presentation on the channel. This function is deprecated in favor of CALLERID(num-pres) and CALLERID(name-pres). The following values are valid:

Presentation Allowed, Not Screened.

Presentation Allowed, Passed Screen.

Presentation Allowed, Failed Screen.

Presentation Allowed, Network Number.

Presentation Prohibited, Not Screened.

Presentation Prohibited, Passed Screen.

Presentation Prohibited, Failed Screen.

Presentation Prohibited, Network Number.

Number Unavailable.

#### Syntax

```
CALLERPRES ( )
```

#### Arguments

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_CDR

### CDR()

#### Synopsis

Gets or sets a CDR variable.

#### Description

All of the CDR field names are read-only, except for `accountcode`, `userfield`, and `amaflags`. You may, however, supply a name not on the above list, and create your own variable, whose value can be changed with this function, and this variable will be stored on the cdr.

For setting CDR values, the 1 flag does not apply to setting the accountcode, userfield, or amaflags.

Raw values for disposition :

NO ANSWER

NO ANSWER (NULL record)

FAILED

BUSY

ANSWERED

Raw values for amaflags :

OMIT

BILLING

DOCUMENTATION

Example: exten => 1,1,Set(CDR(userfield)=test)

### Syntax

```
CDR(name[,options])
```

### Arguments

- name - CDR field name:
  - clid - Caller ID.
  - lastdata - Last application arguments.
  - disposition - ANSWERED, NO ANSWER, BUSY, FAILED.
  - src - Source.
  - start - Time the call started.
  - amaflags - DOCUMENTATION, BILL, IGNORE, etc.
  - dst - Destination.
  - answer - Time the call was answered.
  - accountcode - The channel's account code.
  - dcontext - Destination context.
  - end - Time the call ended.
  - uniqueid - The channel's unique id.
  - dstchannel - Destination channel.
  - duration - Duration of the call.
  - userfield - The channel's user specified field.
  - lastapp - Last application.
  - billsec - Duration of the call once it was answered.
  - channel - Channel name.
  - sequence - CDR sequence number.
- options
  - f - Returns billsec or duration fields as floating point values.
  - l - Uses the most recent CDR on a channel with multiple records
  - r - Searches the entire stack of CDRs on the channel.
  - s - Skips any CDR's that are marked 'LOCKED' due to forkCDR() calls. (on setting/writing CDR vars only)
  - u - Retrieves the raw, unprocessed value. For example, 'start', 'answer', and 'end' will be retrieved as epoch values, when the u

option is passed, but formatted as YYYY-MM-DD HH:MM:SS otherwise. Similarly, disposition and amaflags will return their raw integral values.

## See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 Function\_CHANNEL

## CHANNEL()

### Synopsis

Gets/sets various pieces of information about the channel.

### Description

Gets/sets various pieces of information about the channel, additional *item* may be available from the channel driver; see its documentation for details. Any *item* requested that is not available on the current channel will return an empty string.

### Syntax

```
CHANNEL ( item )
```

### Arguments

- item* - Standard items (provided by all channel technologies) are: **chan\_sip** provides the following additional options: **chan\_iax2** provides the following additional options: **chan\_dahdi** provides the following additional options: **chan\_ooh323** provides the following additional options:
  - audioreadformat** - R/O format currently being read.
  - audionativeformat** - R/O format used natively for audio.
  - audiowriteformat** - R/O format currently being written.
  - callgroup** - R/W call groups for call pickup.
  - pickupgroup** - R/W call groups for call pickup.
  - channeltype** - R/O technology used for channel.
  - checkhangup** - R/O Whether the channel is hanging up (1/0)
  - language** - R/W language for sounds played.
  - musicclass** - R/W class (from musiconhold.conf) for hold music.
  - name** - The name of the channel
  - parkinglot** - R/W parkinglot for parking.
  - rxgain** - R/W set rxgain level on channel drivers that support it.
  - secure\_bridge\_signaling** - Whether or not channels bridged to this channel require secure signaling
  - secure\_bridge\_media** - Whether or not channels bridged to this channel require secure media
  - state** - R/O state for channel
  - tonezone** - R/W zone for indications played
  - transfercapability** - R/W ISDN Transfer Capability, one of:
    - SPEECH
    - DIGITAL
    - RESTRICTED\_DIGITAL
    - 3K1AUDIO
    - DIGITAL\_W\_TONES
    - VIDEO
  - txgain** - R/W set txgain level on channel drivers that support it.
  - videonativeformat** - R/O format used natively for video
  - trace** - R/W whether or not context tracing is enabled, only available if **CHANNEL\_TRACE** is defined.
  - peerip** - R/O Get the IP address of the peer.
  - recvip** - R/O Get the source IP address of the peer.



- `from` - R/O Get the URI from the From: header.
- `uri` - R/O Get the URI from the Contact: header.
- `useragent` - R/O Get the useragent.
- `peername` - R/O Get the name of the peer.
- `t38passthrough` - R/O 1 if T38 is offered or enabled in this channel, otherwise 0
- `rtpqos` - R/O Get QOS information about the RTP stream This option takes two additional arguments: Argument 1: `audio` Get data about the audio stream `video` Get data about the video stream `text` Get data about the text stream Argument 2:  
`local_ssrc` Local SSRC (stream ID) `local_lostpackets` Local lost packets `local_jitter` Local calculated jitter  
`local_maxjitter` Local calculated jitter (maximum) `local_minjitter` Local calculated jitter (minimum)  
`local_normdevjitter` Local calculated jitter (normal deviation) `local_stdevjitter` Local calculated jitter (standard deviation) `local_count` Number of received packets `remote_ssrc` Remote SSRC (stream ID) `remote_lostpackets`  
Remote lost packets `remote_jitter` Remote reported jitter `remote_maxjitter` Remote calculated jitter (maximum)  
`remote_minjitter` Remote calculated jitter (minimum) `remote_normdevjitter` Remote calculated jitter (normal deviation)  
`remote_stdevjitter` Remote calculated jitter (standard deviation) `remote_count` Number of transmitted packets `rtt`  
Round trip time `maxrtt` Round trip time (maximum) `minrtt` Round trip time (minimum) `normdevrtt` Round trip time (normal deviation) `stdevrtt` Round trip time (standard deviation) `all` All statistics (in a form suited to logging, but not for parsing)
- `rtpdest` - R/O Get remote RTP destination information. This option takes one additional argument: Argument 1:  
`audio` Get audio destination `video` Get video destination `text` Get text destination
- `dahdi_channel` - R/O DAHDI channel related to this channel.
- `dahdi_span` - R/O DAHDI span related to this channel.
- `dahdi_type` - R/O DAHDI channel type, one of:
  - `analog`
  - `mfc/r2`
  - `pri`
  - `pseudo`
  - `ss7`
- `keypad_digits` - R/O PRI Keypad digits that came in with the SETUP message.
- `reversecharge` - R/O PRI Reverse Charging Indication, one of:
  - `-1` - None
  - `{{ 1 }}` - Reverse Charging Requested
- `no_media_path` - R/O PRI Nonzero if the channel has no B channel. The channel is either on hold or a call waiting call.
- `faxdetect` - Fax Detect [R/W] Returns 0 or 1 Write yes or no
- `t38support` - `t38support` [R/W] Returns 0 or 1 Write yes or no
- `h323id` - Returns `h323id` R

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_CHANNELS

### CHANNELS()

#### Synopsis

Gets the list of channels, optionally filtering by a regular expression.

#### Description

Gets the list of channels, optionally filtering by a *regular\_expression*. If no argument is provided, all known channels are returned. The *regular\_expression* must correspond to the POSIX.2 specification, as shown in **regex(7)**. The list returned will be space-delimited.

#### Syntax

```
CHANNELS([regular_expression])
```

#### Arguments

- `regular_expression`

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_CHECKSIPDOMAIN

### CHECKSIPDOMAIN()

#### Synopsis

Checks if domain is a local domain.

#### Description

This function checks if the *domain* in the argument is configured as a local SIP domain that this Asterisk server is configured to handle. Returns the domain name if it is locally handled, otherwise an empty string. Check the `domain=` configuration in `sip.conf`.

#### Syntax

```
CHECKSIPDOMAIN(domain)
```

#### Arguments

- `domain`

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_CONFBRIDGE

### CONFBRIDGE()

#### Synopsis

Set a custom dynamic bridge and user profile on a channel for the ConfBridge application using the same options defined in `confbridge.conf`.

#### Description

---- Example 1 ----

In this example the custom set user profile on this channel will automatically be used by the ConfBridge app.

```
exten => 1,1,Answer()
```

```
exten => 1,n,Set(CONFBRIDGE(user,announce_join_leave)=yes)
```

```
exten => 1,n,Set(CONFBRIDGE(user,startmuted)=yes)
```

```
exten => 1,n,ConfBridge(1)
```

---- Example 2 ----

This example shows how to use a predefined user or bridge profile in `confbridge.conf` as a template for a dynamic profile. Here we make a admin/markd user out of the `default_user` profile that is already defined in `confbridge.conf`.

```
exten => 1,1,Answer()
```

```
exten => 1,n,Set(CONFBRIDGE(user,template)=default_user)
```

```
exten => 1,n,Set(CONFBRIDGE(user,admin)=yes)
```

```
exten => 1,n,Set(CONFBRIDGE(user,marked)=yes)
```

```
exten => 1,n,ConfBridge(1)
```

### Syntax

```
CONFBRIDGE ( type , option )
```

### Arguments

- `type` - Type refers to which type of profile the option belongs too. Type can be `bridge` or `user`.
- `option` - Option refers to `confbridge.conf` option that is being set dynamically on this channel.

### See Also

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_CONFBRIDGE\_INFO

### CONFBRIDGE\_INFO()

### Synopsis

Get information about a ConfBridge conference.

### Description

This function returns a non-negative integer for valid conference identifiers (0 or 1 for `locked`) and "" for invalid conference identifiers.

### Syntax

```
CONFBRIDGE_INFO( type , conf )
```

### Arguments

- `type` - Type can be `parties`, `admins`, `marked`, or `locked`.
- `conf` - Conf refers to the name of the conference being referenced.

### See Also

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function `_CONNECTEDLINE`

### `CONNECTEDLINE()`

#### Synopsis

Gets or sets Connected Line data on the channel.

#### Description

Gets or sets Connected Line data on the channel.

The allowable values for the *name-charset* field are the following:

Unknown

ISO8859-1

Withdrawn

ISO8859-2

ISO8859-3

ISO8859-4

ISO8859-5

ISO8859-7

ISO10646 Bmp String

ISO10646 UTF-8 String

#### Syntax

```
CONNECTEDLINE(datatype[,i])
```

#### Arguments

- `datatype` - The allowable datatypes are:
  - `all`
  - `name`
  - `name-valid`
  - `name-charset`
  - `name-pres`
  - `num`
  - `num-valid`
  - `num-plan`
  - `num-pres`
  - `subaddr`
  - `subaddr-valid`
  - `subaddr-type`
  - `subaddr-odd`
  - `tag`
- `i` - If set, this will prevent the channel from sending out protocol messages because of the value being set

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_CSV\_QUOTE

### CSV\_QUOTE()

#### Synopsis

Quotes a given string for use in a CSV file, escaping embedded quotes as necessary

#### Description

Example: `${CSV_QUOTE("a,b" 123)}` will return `"a,b" 123`

#### Syntax

```
CSV_QUOTE(string)
```

#### Arguments

- `string`

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_CURL

### CURL()

#### Synopsis

Retrieve content from a remote web or ftp server

#### Description

#### Syntax

```
CURL(url[,post-data])
```

#### Arguments

- `url`
- `post-data` - If specified, an HTTP POST will be performed with the content of *post-data*, instead of an HTTP GET (default).

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Function\\_CURLOPT](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_CURLOPT

### CURLOPT()

#### Synopsis

Sets various options for future invocations of CURL.

#### Description

Options may be set globally or per channel. Per-channel settings will override global settings.

#### Syntax

```
CURLOPT(key)
```

#### Arguments

- `key`

- `cookie` - A cookie to send with the request. Multiple cookies are supported.
- `conntimeout` - Number of seconds to wait for a connection to succeed
- `dnstimeout` - Number of seconds to wait for DNS to be resolved
- `ftptext` - For FTP URIs, force a text transfer (boolean)
- `ftptimeout` - For FTP URIs, number of seconds to wait for a server response
- `header` - Include header information in the result (boolean)
- `httptimeout` - For HTTP(S) URIs, number of seconds to wait for a server response
- `maxredirs` - Maximum number of redirects to follow
- `proxy` - Hostname or IP address to use as a proxy server
- `proxytype` - Type of proxy
  - `http`
  - `socks4`
  - `socks5`
- `proxyport` - Port number of the proxy
- `proxyuserpwd` - A *username* : *password* combination to use for authenticating requests through a proxy
- `referer` - Referer URL to use for the request
- `useragent` - UserAgent string to use for the request
- `userpwd` - A *username* : *password* to use for authentication when the server response to an initial request indicates a 401 status code.
- `ssl_verifypeer` - Whether to verify the server certificate against a list of known root certificate authorities (boolean).
- `hashcompat` - Assuming the responses will be in `key1=value1&key2=value2` format, reformat the response such that it can be used by the `HASH` function. `+` to the space character, in violation of current RFC standards.
  - `yes`
  - `no`
  - `legacy` - Also translate `+` to the space character, in violation of current RFC standards.

## See Also

[Asterisk 10 Function\\_CURL](#)

[Asterisk 10 Function\\_HASH](#)

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 Function\_CUT

## CUT()

### Synopsis

Slices and dices strings, based upon a named delimiter.

### Description

Cut out information from a string ( *varname* ), based upon a named delimiter.

### Syntax

```
CUT(varname,char-delim,range-spec)
```

### Arguments

- `varname` - Variable you want cut
- `char-delim` - Delimiter, defaults to `-`
- `range-spec` - Number of the field you want (1-based offset), may also be specified as a range (with `-` ) or group of ranges and fields (with `&` )

## See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 Function\_DB

## DB()

### Synopsis

Read from or write to the Asterisk database.

### Description

This function will read from or write a value to the Asterisk database. On a read, this function returns the corresponding value from the database, or blank if it does not exist. Reading a database value will also set the variable DB\_RESULT. If you wish to find out if an entry exists, use the DB\_EXISTS function.

### Syntax

```
DB(family,key)
```

### Arguments

- family
- key

## See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_DBdel](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_DB\\_DELETE](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_DBdeltree](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_DB\\_EXISTS](#)

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 Function\_DB\_DELETE

## DB\_DELETE()

### Synopsis

Return a value from the database and delete it.

### Description



This function will retrieve a value from the Asterisk database and then remove that key from the database. This function will retrieve a value from the Asterisk database and then remove that key from the database. None - DB\_RESULT will be set to the key's value if it exists.

#### Syntax

```
DB_DELETE( family, key )
```

#### Arguments

- family
- key

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_DBdel](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_DB](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_DBdeltree](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_DB\_EXISTS

### DB\_EXISTS()

#### Synopsis

Check to see if a key exists in the Asterisk database.

#### Description

This function will check to see if a key exists in the Asterisk database. If it exists, the function will return 1. If not, it will return 0. Checking for existence of a database key will also set the variable DB\_RESULT to the key's value if it exists.

#### Syntax

```
DB_EXISTS( family, key )
```

#### Arguments

- family
- key

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Function\\_DB](#)

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_DB\_KEYS

### DB\_KEYS()

#### Synopsis

Obtain a list of keys within the Asterisk database.

#### Description

This function will return a comma-separated list of keys existing at the prefix specified within the Asterisk database. If no argument is provided, then a list of key families will be returned.

#### Syntax

```
DB_KEYS([prefix])
```

#### Arguments

- `prefix`

#### See Also

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_DEC

### DEC()

#### Synopsis

Decrements the value of a variable, while returning the updated value to the dialplan

#### Description

Decrements the value of a variable, while returning the updated value to the dialplan

Example: DEC(MyVAR) - Increments MyVar

Note: DEC(\${MyVAR}) - Is wrong, as INC expects the variable name, not its value

#### Syntax

```
DEC(variable)
```

#### Arguments

- `variable` - The variable name to be manipulated, without the braces.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_DENOISE

### DENOISE()

#### Synopsis

Apply noise reduction to audio on a channel.

#### Description

The DENOISE function will apply noise reduction to audio on the channel that it is executed on. It is very useful for noisy analog lines, especially when adjusting gains or using AGC. Use `rx` for audio received from the channel and `tx` to apply the filter to the audio being sent to the channel.

Examples:

```
exten => 1,1,Set(DENOISE(rx)=on)
```

```
exten => 1,2,Set(DENOISE(tx)=off)
```

#### Syntax

```
DENOISE(channeldirection)
```

#### Arguments

- `channeldirection` - This can be either `rx` or `tx` the values that can be set to this are either `on` and `off`

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_DEVICE\_STATE

## DEVICE\_STATE()

### Synopsis

Get or Set a device state.

### Description

The DEVICE\_STATE function can be used to retrieve the device state from any device state provider. For example:

```
NoOp(SIP/mypeer has state ${DEVICE_STATE(SIP/mypeer)})
```

```
NoOp(Conference number 1234 has state ${DEVICE_STATE(MeetMe:1234)})
```

The DEVICE\_STATE function can also be used to set custom device state from the dialplan. The Custom: prefix must be used. For example:

```
Set(DEVICE_STATE(Custom:lamp1)=BUSY)
```

```
Set(DEVICE_STATE(Custom:lamp2)=NOT_INUSE)
```

You can subscribe to the status of a custom device state using a hint in the dialplan:

```
exten => 1234,hint,Custom:lamp1
```

The possible values for both uses of this function are:

UNKNOWN | NOT\_INUSE | INUSE | BUSY | INVALID | UNAVAILABLE | RINGING |  
RINGINUSE | ONHOLD

### Syntax

```
DEVICE_STATE(device)
```

### Arguments

- device

### See Also

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_DIALGROUP

### DIALGROUP()

### Synopsis

Manages a group of users for dialing.

#### Description

Presents an interface meant to be used in concert with the Dial application, by presenting a list of channels which should be dialled when referenced.

When DIALGROUP is read from, the argument is interpreted as the particular *group* for which a dial should be attempted. When DIALGROUP is written to with no arguments, the entire list is replaced with the argument specified.

Functionality is similar to a queue, except that when no interfaces are available, execution may continue in the dialplan. This is useful when you want certain people to be the first to answer any calls, with immediate fallback to a queue when the front line people are busy or unavailable, but you still want front line people to log in and out of that group, just like a queue.

Example:

```
exten => 1,1,Set(DIALGROUP(mygroup,add)=SIP/10)
```

```
exten => 1,n,Set(DIALGROUP(mygroup,add)=SIP/20)
```

```
exten => 1,n,Dial(${DIALGROUP(mygroup)})
```

#### Syntax

```
DIALGROUP ( group [ , op ] )
```

#### Arguments

- `group`
- `op` - The operation name, possible values are:
  - `add` - add a channel name or interface (write-only)
  - `del` - remove a channel name or interface (write-only)

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_DIALPLAN\_EXISTS

### DIALPLAN\_EXISTS()

#### Synopsis

Checks the existence of a dialplan target.

#### Description

This function returns 1 if the target exists. Otherwise, it returns 0.

#### Syntax

```
DIALPLAN_EXISTS(context[,extension[,priority]])
```

#### Arguments

- context
- extension
- priority

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_DUNDILOOKUP

### DUNDILOOKUP()

#### Synopsis

Do a DUNDi lookup of a phone number.

#### Description

This will do a DUNDi lookup of the given phone number.

This function will return the Technology/Resource found in the first result in the DUNDi lookup. If no results were found, the result will be blank.

#### Syntax

```
DUNDILOOKUP(number[,context[,options]])
```

#### Arguments

- number
- context - If not specified the default will be e164.
- options
  - b - Bypass the internal DUNDi cache

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_DUNDIQUERY

## DUNDIQUERY()

### Synopsis

Initiate a DUNDi query.

### Description

This will do a DUNDi lookup of the given phone number.

The result of this function will be a numeric ID that can be used to retrieve the results with the DUNDIRESULT function.

### Syntax

```
DUNDIQUERY(number[,context[,options]])
```

### Arguments

- `number`
- `context` - If not specified the default will be `e164`.
- `options`
  - `b` - Bypass the internal DUNDi cache

### See Also

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_DUNDIRESULT

## DUNDIRESULT()

### Synopsis

Retrieve results from a DUNDIQUERY.

### Description

This function will retrieve results from a previous use of the DUNDIQUERY function.

### Syntax

```
DUNDIRESULT(id[,resultnum])
```

### Arguments

- `id` - The identifier returned by the DUNDIQUERY function.
- `resultnum`
  - `number` - The number of the result that you want to retrieve, this starts at 1

- `getnum` - The total number of results that are available.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_ENUMLOOKUP

### ENUMLOOKUP()

#### Synopsis

General or specific querying of NAPTR records for ENUM or ENUM-like DNS pointers.

#### Description

For more information see `doc/AST.pdf`.

#### Syntax

```
ENUMLOOKUP(number[,method-type[,options[,record#[,zone-suffix]]]])
```

#### Arguments

- `number`
- `method-type` - If no *method-type* is given, the default will be `sip`.
- `options`
  - `c` - Returns an integer count of the number of NAPTRs of a certain RR type. Combination of `c` and Method-type of `ALL` will return a count of all NAPTRs for the record.
  - `u` - Returns the full URI and does not strip off the URI-scheme.
  - `s` - Triggers ISN specific rewriting.
  - `i` - Looks for branches into an Infrastructure ENUM tree.
  - `d` - for a direct DNS lookup without any flipping of digits.
- `record#` - If no *record#* is given, defaults to 1.
- `zone-suffix` - If no *zone-suffix* is given, the default will be `e164.arpa`

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_ENUMQUERY

### ENUMQUERY()

#### Synopsis

Initiate an ENUM query.

#### Description



This will do a ENUM lookup of the given phone number.

#### Syntax

```
ENUMQUERY(number[,method-type[,zone-suffix]])
```

#### Arguments

- `number`
- `method-type` - If no *method-type* is given, the default will be `sip`.
- `zone-suffix` - If no *zone-suffix* is given, the default will be `e164.arpa`

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_ENUMRESULT

### ENUMRESULT()

#### Synopsis

Retrieve results from a ENUMQUERY.

#### Description

This function will retrieve results from a previous use of the ENUMQUERY function.

#### Syntax

```
ENUMRESULT(id,resultnum)
```

#### Arguments

- `id` - The identifier returned by the ENUMQUERY function.
- `resultnum` - The number of the result that you want to retrieve. Results start at 1. If this argument is specified as `getnum`, then it will return the total number of results that are available.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_ENV

### ENV()

### Synopsis

Gets or sets the environment variable specified.

### Description

Variables starting with `AST_` are reserved to the system and may not be set.

### Syntax

```
ENV(varname)
```

### Arguments

- `varname` - Environment variable name

### See Also

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_EVAL

### EVAL()

### Synopsis

Evaluate stored variables

### Description

Using EVAL basically causes a string to be evaluated twice. When a variable or expression is in the dialplan, it will be evaluated at runtime. However, if the results of the evaluation is in fact another variable or expression, using EVAL will have it evaluated a second time.

Example: If the `None - MYVAR` contains `Example: If the None - OTHERVAR, then the result of ${EVAL( Example: If the None - MYVAR )} in the dialplan will be the contents of Example: If the None - OTHERVAR. Normally just putting Example: If the None - MYVAR in the dialplan the result would be Example: If the None - OTHERVAR.`

### Syntax

```
EVAL(variable)
```

### Arguments

- `variable`

### See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_EXCEPTION

### EXCEPTION()

#### Synopsis

Retrieve the details of the current dialplan exception.

#### Description

Retrieve the details (specified *field* ) of the current dialplan exception.

#### Syntax

```
EXCEPTION(field)
```

#### Arguments

- *field* - The following fields are available for retrieval:
  - *reason* - INVALID, ERROR, RESPONSETIMEOUT, ABSOLUTETIMEOUT, or custom value set by the RaiseException() application
  - *context* - The context executing when the exception occurred.
  - *exten* - The extension executing when the exception occurred.
  - *priority* - The numeric priority executing when the exception occurred.

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_RaiseException](#)

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_EXISTS

### EXISTS()

#### Synopsis

Test the existence of a value.

#### Description

Returns 1 if exists, 0 otherwise.

#### Syntax

```
EXISTS(data)
```

#### Arguments

- data

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_EXTENSION\_STATE

### EXTENSION\_STATE()

#### Synopsis

Get an extension's state.

#### Description

The EXTENSION\_STATE function can be used to retrieve the state from any hinted extension. For example:

NoOp(1234@default has state \${EXTENSION\_STATE(1234)})

NoOp(4567@home has state \${EXTENSION\_STATE(4567@home)})

The possible values returned by this function are:

UNKNOWN | NOT\_INUSE | INUSE | BUSY | INVALID | UNAVAILABLE | RINGING |  
RINGINUSE | HOLDINUSE | ONHOLD

#### Syntax

```
EXTENSION_STATE(extension[,context])
```

#### Arguments

- extension
- context - If it is not specified defaults to default.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_FAXOPT

### FAXOPT()

#### Synopsis

Gets/sets various pieces of information about a fax session.

#### Description

FAXOPT can be used to override the settings for a FAX session listed in `res_fax.conf`, it can also be used to retrieve information about a FAX session that has finished eg. pages/status.

#### Syntax

```
FAXOPT(item)
```

#### Arguments

- `item`
  - `ecm` - R/W Error Correction Mode (ECM) enable with 'yes', disable with 'no'.
  - `error` - R/O FAX transmission error code upon failure.
  - `filename` - R/O Filename of the first file of the FAX transmission.
  - `filenames` - R/O Filenames of all of the files in the FAX transmission (comma separated).
  - `headerinfo` - R/W FAX header information.
  - `localstationid` - R/W Local Station Identification.
  - `minrate` - R/W Minimum transfer rate set before transmission.
  - `maxrate` - R/W Maximum transfer rate set before transmission.
  - `modem` - R/W Modem type (v17/v27/v29).
  - `gateway` - R/W T38 fax gateway, with optional fax activity timeout in seconds (yes,timeout/no).
  - `pages` - R/O Number of pages transferred.
  - `rate` - R/O Negotiated transmission rate.
  - `remotestationid` - R/O Remote Station Identification after transmission.
  - `resolution` - R/O Negotiated image resolution after transmission.
  - `sessionid` - R/O Session ID of the FAX transmission.
  - `status` - R/O Result Status of the FAX transmission.
  - `statusstr` - R/O Verbose Result Status of the FAX transmission.

#### See Also

Asterisk 10 Application\_ReceiveFax  
Asterisk 10 Application\_SendFax

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_FIELDNUM

### FIELDNUM()

#### Synopsis

Return the 1-based offset of a field in a list

## Description

Search the variable named *varname* for the string *value* delimited by *delim* and return a 1-based offset as to its location. If not found or an error occurred, return 0.

The delimiter may be specified as a special or extended ASCII character, by encoding it. The characters `\n`, `\r`, and `\t` are all recognized as the newline, carriage return, and tab characters, respectively. Also, octal and hexadecimal specifications are recognized by the patterns `\0nnn` and `\xHH`, respectively. For example, if you wanted to encode a comma as the delimiter, you could use either `\054` or `\x2C`.

Example: If `${example}` contains `ex-amp-le`, then `${FIELDNUM(example,-,amp)}` returns 2.

## Syntax

```
FIELDNUM(varname,delim,value)
```

## Arguments

- `varname`
- `delim`
- `value`

## See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 Function `_FIELDQTY`

## `FIELDQTY()`

## Synopsis

Count the fields with an arbitrary delimiter

## Description

The delimiter may be specified as a special or extended ASCII character, by encoding it. The characters `\n`, `\r`, and `\t` are all recognized as the newline, carriage return, and tab characters, respectively. Also, octal and hexadecimal specifications are recognized by the patterns `\0nnn` and `\xHH`, respectively. For example, if you wanted to encode a comma as the delimiter, you could use either `\054` or `\x2C`.

Example: If `${example}` contains `ex-amp-le`, then `${FIELDQTY(example,-)}` returns 3.

## Syntax

`FIELDQTY(varname, delim)`

#### Arguments

- varname
- delim

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_FILE

### FILE()

#### Synopsis

Read or write text file.

#### Description

Read and write text file in character and line mode.

Examples:

Read mode (byte):

;reads the entire content of the file.

Set(foo=\${FILE(/tmp/test.txt)})

;reads from the 11th byte to the end of the file (i.e. skips the first 10).

Set(foo=\${FILE(/tmp/test.txt,10)})

;reads from the 11th to 20th byte in the file (i.e. skip the first 10, then read 10 bytes).

Set(foo=\${FILE(/tmp/test.txt,10,10)})

Read mode (line):

; reads the 3rd line of the file.

Set(foo=\${FILE(/tmp/test.txt,3,1,l)})

; reads the 3rd and 4th lines of the file.

```
Set(foo=${FILE(/tmp/test.txt,3,2,l)})
```

; reads from the third line to the end of the file.

```
Set(foo=${FILE(/tmp/test.txt,3,,l)})
```

; reads the last three lines of the file.

```
Set(foo=${FILE(/tmp/test.txt,-3,,l)})
```

; reads the 3rd line of a DOS-formatted file.

```
Set(foo=${FILE(/tmp/test.txt,3,1,l,d)})
```

Write mode (byte):

; truncate the file and write "bar"

```
Set(FILE(/tmp/test.txt)=bar)
```

; Append "bar"

```
Set(FILE(/tmp/test.txt,,,a)=bar)
```

; Replace the first byte with "bar" (replaces 1 character with 3)

```
Set(FILE(/tmp/test.txt,0,1)=bar)
```

; Replace 10 bytes beginning at the 21st byte of the file with "bar"

```
Set(FILE(/tmp/test.txt,20,10)=bar)
```

; Replace all bytes from the 21st with "bar"

```
Set(FILE(/tmp/test.txt,20)=bar)
```

; Insert "bar" after the 4th character

```
Set(FILE(/tmp/test.txt,4,0)=bar)
```

Write mode (line):

; Replace the first line of the file with "bar"

```
Set(FILE(/tmp/foo.txt,0,1,l)=bar)
```

; Replace the last line of the file with "bar"

```
Set(FILE(/tmp/foo.txt,-1,,l)=bar)
```



; Append "bar" to the file with a newline

Set(FILE(/tmp/foo.txt,,a)=bar)

### Syntax

```
FILE(filename[,offset[,length[,options[,format]]]])
```

### Arguments

- `filename`
- `offset` - Maybe specified as any number. If negative, *offset* specifies the number of bytes back from the end of the file.
- `length` - If specified, will limit the length of the data read to that size. If negative, trims *length* bytes from the end of the file.
- `options`
  - `l` - Line mode: offset and length are assumed to be measured in lines, instead of byte offsets.
  - `a` - In write mode only, the append option is used to append to the end of the file, instead of overwriting the existing file.
  - `d` - In write mode and line mode only, this option does not automatically append a newline string to the end of a value. This is useful for deleting lines, instead of setting them to blank.
- `format` - The *format* parameter may be used to delimit the type of line terminators in line mode.
  - `u` - Unix newline format.
  - `d` - DOS newline format.
  - `m` - Macintosh newline format.

### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Function\\_FILE\\_COUNT\\_LINE](#)

[Asterisk 10 Function\\_FILE\\_FORMAT](#)

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_FILE\_COUNT\_LINE

### FILE\_COUNT\_LINE()

#### Synopsis

Obtains the number of lines of a text file.

#### Description

Returns the number of lines, or -1 on error.

### Syntax

```
FILE_COUNT_LINE(filename[,format])
```

### Arguments

- `filename`
- `format` - Format may be one of the following: If not specified, an attempt will be made to determine the newline format type. If not specified, an attempt will be made to determine the newline format type.
  - `u` - Unix newline format.

- `d` - DOS newline format.
- `m` - Macintosh newline format.

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Function\\_FILE](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_FILE\\_FORMAT](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_FILE\_FORMAT

### FILE\_FORMAT()

#### Synopsis

Return the newline format of a text file.

#### Description

Return the line terminator type:

'u' - Unix "\n" format

'd' - DOS "\r\n" format

'm' - Macintosh "\r" format

'x' - Cannot be determined

#### Syntax

```
FILE_FORMAT(filename)
```

#### Arguments

- `filename`

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Function\\_FILE](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_FILE\\_COUNT\\_LINE](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_FILTER

## **FILTER()**

### **Synopsis**

Filter the string to include only the allowed characters

### **Description**

Permits all characters listed in *allowed-chars*, filtering all others outs. In addition to literally listing the characters, you may also use ranges of characters (delimited by a –

Hexadecimal characters started with a \x (i.e. \x20)

Octal characters started with a \0 (i.e. \040)

Also \t, \n and \r are recognized.

If you want the – character it needs to be prefixed with a {}

### **Syntax**

```
FILTER(allowed-chars,string)
```

### **Arguments**

- `allowed-chars`
- `string`

### **See Also**

### **Import Version**

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## **Asterisk 10 Function\_FRAME\_TRACE**

### **FRAME\_TRACE()**

### **Synopsis**

View internal ast\_frames as they are read and written on a channel.

### **Description**

Examples:

exten => 1,1,Set(FRAME\_TRACE(white)=DTMF\_BEGIN,DTMF\_END); view only DTMF frames.

exten => 1,1,Set(FRAME\_TRACE()=DTMF\_BEGIN,DTMF\_END); view only DTMF frames.

exten => 1,1,Set(FRAME\_TRACE(black)=DTMF\_BEGIN,DTMF\_END); view everything except DTMF frames.

### Syntax

```
FRAME_TRACE(filter list type)
```

### Arguments

- `filter list type` - A filter can be applied to the trace to limit what frames are viewed. This filter can either be a `white` or `black` list of frame types. When no filter type is present, `white` is used. If no arguments are provided at all, all frames will be output. Below are the different types of frames that can be filtered.
  - DTMF\_BEGIN
  - DTMF\_END
  - VOICE
  - VIDEO
  - CONTROL
  - NULL
  - IAX
  - TEXT
  - IMAGE
  - HTML
  - CNG
  - MODEM

### See Also

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_GLOBAL

### GLOBAL()

#### Synopsis

Gets or sets the global variable specified.

#### Description

Set or get the value of a global variable specified in *varname*

### Syntax

```
GLOBAL(varname)
```

### Arguments

- `varname` - Global variable name

### See Also

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_GROUP

### GROUP()

#### Synopsis

Gets or sets the channel group.

#### Description

*category* can be employed for more fine grained group management. Each channel can only be member of exactly one group per *category*.

#### Syntax

```
GROUP([category])
```

#### Arguments

- *category* - Category name.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_GROUP\_COUNT

### GROUP\_COUNT()

#### Synopsis

Counts the number of channels in the specified group.

#### Description

Calculates the group count for the specified group, or uses the channel's current group if not specified (and non-empty).

#### Syntax

```
GROUP_COUNT([groupname[,category]])
```

#### Arguments

- *groupname* - Group name.
- *category* - Category name

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_GROUP\_LIST

### GROUP\_LIST()

#### Synopsis

Gets a list of the groups set on a channel.

#### Description

Gets a list of the groups set on a channel.

#### Syntax

```
GROUP_LIST( )
```

#### Arguments

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_GROUP\_MATCH\_COUNT

### GROUP\_MATCH\_COUNT()

#### Synopsis

Counts the number of channels in the groups matching the specified pattern.

#### Description

Calculates the group count for all groups that match the specified pattern. Note: category matching is applied after matching based on group. Uses standard regular expression matching on both (see regex(7)).

#### Syntax

```
GROUP_MATCH_COUNT(groupmatch[,category])
```

#### Arguments

- `groupmatch` - A standard regular expression used to match a group name.
- `category` - A standard regular expression used to match a category name.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_HASH

### HASH()

#### Synopsis

Implementation of a dialplan associative array

#### Description

In two arguments mode, gets and sets values to corresponding keys within a named associative array. The single-argument mode will only work when assigned to from a function defined by `func_odbc`

#### Syntax

```
HASH(hashname[,hashkey])
```

#### Arguments

- `hashname`
- `hashkey`

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_HASHKEYS

### HASHKEYS()

#### Synopsis

Retrieve the keys of the HASH() function.

#### Description

Returns a comma-delimited list of the current keys of the associative array defined by the

HASH() function. Note that if you iterate over the keys of the result, adding keys during iteration will cause the result of the HASHKEYS() function to change.

#### Syntax

```
HASHKEYS ( hashname )
```

#### Arguments

- hashname

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_HINT

### HINT()

#### Synopsis

Get the devices set for a dialplan hint.

#### Description

The HINT function can be used to retrieve the list of devices that are mapped to a dialplan hint. For example:

NoOp(Hint for Extension 1234 is \${HINT(1234)})

#### Syntax

```
HINT(extension[@context][,options])
```

#### Arguments

- extension
  - extension
  - context
- options
  - n - Retrieve name on the hint instead of list of devices.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_IAXPEER



## IAXPEER()

### Synopsis

Gets IAX peer information.

### Description

### Syntax

```
IAXPEER(peername[ , item])
```

### Arguments

- `peername`
  - `CURRENTCHANNEL` - If *peername* is specified to this value, return the IP address of the endpoint of the current channel
- `item` - If *peername* is specified, valid items are:
  - `ip` - (default) The IP address.
  - `status` - The peer's status (if `qualify=yes` )
  - `mailbox` - The configured mailbox.
  - `context` - The configured context.
  - `expire` - The epoch time of the next expire.
  - `dynamic` - Is it dynamic? (yes/no).
  - `callerid_name` - The configured Caller ID name.
  - `callerid_num` - The configured Caller ID number.
  - `codecs` - The configured codecs.
  - `codecx` - Preferred codec index number *x* (beginning with 0 )

### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Function\\_SIPPEER](#)

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_IAXVAR

## IAXVAR()

### Synopsis

Sets or retrieves a remote variable.

### Description

### Syntax

```
IAXVAR(varname)
```

### Arguments

- `varname`

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_ICONV

### ICONV()

#### Synopsis

Converts charsets of strings.

#### Description

Converts string from *in-charset* into *out-charset*. For available charsets, use `iconv -l` on your shell command line.

Due to limitations within the API, ICONV will not currently work with charsets with embedded NULLs. If found, the string will terminate. Due to limitations within the API, ICONV will not currently work with charsets with embedded NULLs. If found, the string will terminate.

#### Syntax

```
ICONV(in-charset,out-charset,string)
```

#### Arguments

- *in-charset* - Input charset
- *out-charset* - Output charset
- *string* - String to convert, from *in-charset* to *out-charset*

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_IF

### IF()

#### Synopsis

Check for an expression.

#### Description

Returns the data following ? if true, else the data following :

#### Syntax

```
IF(expression?[true][:false])
```

#### Arguments

- `expression`
- `retvalue`
  - `true`
  - `false`

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_IFMODULE

### IFMODULE()

#### Synopsis

Checks if an Asterisk module is loaded in memory.

#### Description

Checks if a module is loaded. Use the full module name as shown by the list in `module list`. Returns 1 if module exists in memory, otherwise 0

#### Syntax

```
IFMODULE(modulename.so)
```

#### Arguments

- `modulename.so` - Module name complete with `.so`

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_IFTIME

### IFTIME()

## Synopsis

Temporal Conditional.

## Description

Returns the data following ? if true, else the data following :

## Syntax

```
IFTIME(timespec?[true][:false])
```

## Arguments

- timespec
- retvalue
  - true
  - false

## See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_IMPORT

### IMPORT()

## Synopsis

Retrieve the value of a variable from another channel.

## Description

## Syntax

```
IMPORT(channel,variable)
```

## Arguments

- channel
- variable

## See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_INC

## INC()

### Synopsis

Increments the value of a variable, while returning the updated value to the dialplan

### Description

Increments the value of a variable, while returning the updated value to the dialplan

Example: INC(MyVAR) - Increments MyVar

Note: INC(\${MyVAR}) - Is wrong, as INC expects the variable name, not its value

### Syntax

```
INC(variable)
```

### Arguments

- `variable` - The variable name to be manipulated, without the braces.

### See Also

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function ISNULL

## ISNULL()

### Synopsis

Check if a value is NULL.

### Description

Returns 1 if NULL or 0 otherwise.

### Syntax

```
ISNULL(data)
```

### Arguments

- `data`

### See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_JABBER\_RECEIVE

### JABBER\_RECEIVE()

#### Synopsis

Reads XMPP messages.

#### Description

Receives a text message on the given *account* from the buddy identified by *jid* and returns the contents.

Example: `${JABBER_RECEIVE(asterisk,bob@domain.com)}` returns an XMPP message sent from *bob@domain.com* (or nothing in case of a time out), to the *asterisk* XMPP account configured in `jabber.conf`.

#### Syntax

```
JABBER_RECEIVE(account,jid[,timeout])
```

#### Arguments

- *account* - The local named account to listen on (specified in `jabber.conf`)
- *jid* - Jabber ID of the buddy to receive message from. It can be a bare JID (`username@domain`) or a full JID (`username@domain/resource`).
- *timeout* - In seconds, defaults to 20.

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Function\\_JABBER\\_STATUS](#)

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_JabberSend](#)

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_JABBER\_STATUS

### JABBER\_STATUS()

#### Synopsis

Retrieves a buddy's status.

#### Description

Retrieves the numeric status associated with the buddy identified by *jid*. If the buddy does not exist in the buddylist, returns 7.

Status will be 1-7.

1=Online, 2=Chatty, 3=Away, 4=XAway, 5=DND, 6=Offline

If not in roster variable will be set to 7.

Example: `${JABBER_STATUS(asterisk,bob@domain.com)}` returns 1 if *bob@domain.com* is online. *asterisk* is the associated XMPP account configured in *jabber.conf*.

#### Syntax

```
JABBER_STATUS(account,jid)
```

#### Arguments

- *account* - The local named account to listen on (specified in *jabber.conf*)
- *jid* - Jabber ID of the buddy to receive message from. It can be a bare JID (*username@domain*) or a full JID (*username@domain/resource*).

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Function\\_JABBER\\_RECEIVE](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_JabberSend](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_JITTERBUFFER

### JITTERBUFFER()

#### Synopsis

Add a Jitterbuffer to the Read side of the channel. This dejitters the audio stream before it reaches the Asterisk core. This is a write only function.

#### Description

*max\_size*: Defaults to 200 ms

Length in milliseconds of buffer.

*resync\_threshold*: Defaults to 1000ms

The length in milliseconds over which a timestamp difference will result in resyncing the jitterbuffer.

target\_extra: Defaults to 40ms

This option only affects the adaptive jitterbuffer. It represents the amount time in milliseconds by which the new jitter buffer will pad its size.

Examples:

exten => 1,1,Set(JITTERBUFFER(fixed)=default);Fixed with defaults.

exten => 1,1,Set(JITTERBUFFER(fixed)=200);Fixed with max size 200ms, default resync threshold and target extra.

exten => 1,1,Set(JITTERBUFFER(fixed)=200,1500);Fixed with max size 200ms resync threshold 1500.

exten => 1,1,Set(JITTERBUFFER(adaptive)=default);Adaptive with defaults.

exten => 1,1,Set(JITTERBUFFER(adaptive)=200,,60);Adaptive with max size 200ms, default resync threshold and 40ms target extra.

#### Syntax

```
JITTERBUFFER(jitterbuffer type)
```

#### Arguments

- jitterbuffer type - Jitterbuffer type can be either fixed or adaptive. Used as follows.  
Set(JITTERBUFFER(type)=max\_size[,resync\_threshold,target\_extra]) Set(JITTERBUFFER(type)=default)

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_KEYPADHASH

### KEYPADHASH()

#### Synopsis

Hash the letters in string into equivalent keypad numbers.

#### Description

Example: \${KEYPADHASH(Les)} returns "537"

#### Syntax



```
KEYPADHASH(string)
```

#### Arguments

- `string`

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_LEN

### LEN()

#### Synopsis

Return the length of the string given.

#### Description

Example: `${LEN(example)}` returns 7

#### Syntax

```
LEN(string)
```

#### Arguments

- `string`

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_LISTFILTER

### LISTFILTER()

#### Synopsis

Remove an item from a list, by name.

#### Description

Remove *value* from the list contained in the *varname* variable, where the list delimiter is specified

by the *delim* parameter. This is very useful for removing a single channel name from a list of channels, for example.

#### Syntax

```
LISTFILTER(varname,delim,value)
```

#### Arguments

- varname
- delim
- value

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_LOCAL

### LOCAL()

#### Synopsis

Manage variables local to the gosub stack frame.

#### Description

Read and write a variable local to the gosub stack frame, once we Return() it will be lost (or it will go back to whatever value it had before the Gosub()).

#### Syntax

```
LOCAL(varname)
```

#### Arguments

- varname

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_Gosub](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_GosubIf](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_Return](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_LOCAL\_PEEK

### LOCAL\_PEEK()

#### Synopsis

Retrieve variables hidden by the local gosub stack frame.

#### Description

Read a variable *varname* hidden by *n* levels of gosub stack frames. Note that `$_{LOCAL_PEEK(0,foo)}` is the same as Read a variable `None - foo`, since the value of *n* peeks under 0 levels of stack frames; in other words, 0 is the current level. If *n* exceeds the available number of stack frames, then an empty string is returned.

#### Syntax

```
LOCAL_PEEK(n, varname)
```

#### Arguments

- *n*
- *varname*

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_Gosub](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_GosubIf](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_Return](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_LOCK

### LOCK()

#### Synopsis

Attempt to obtain a named mutex.

#### Description

Attempts to grab a named lock exclusively, and prevents other channels from obtaining the same lock. LOCK will wait for the lock to become available. Returns 1 if the lock was obtained or 0 on error.

To avoid the possibility of a deadlock, LOCK will only attempt to obtain the lock for 3 seconds if the channel already has another lock. To avoid the possibility of a deadlock, LOCK will only

attempt to obtain the lock for 3 seconds if the channel already has another lock.

#### Syntax

```
LOCK ( lockname )
```

#### Arguments

- `lockname`

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_MAILBOX\_EXISTS

### MAILBOX\_EXISTS()

#### Synopsis

Tell if a mailbox is configured.

#### Description

Returns a boolean of whether the corresponding *mailbox* exists. If *context* is not specified, defaults to the `default` context.

#### Syntax

```
MAILBOX_EXISTS ( mailbox[ , context ] )
```

#### Arguments

- `mailbox`
- `context`

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_MASTER\_CHANNEL

### MASTER\_CHANNEL()

#### Synopsis

Gets or sets variables on the master channel

#### Description

Allows access to the channel which created the current channel, if any. If the channel is already a master channel, then accesses local channel variables.

#### Syntax

```
MASTER_CHANNEL ( )
```

#### Arguments

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_MATH

### MATH()

#### Synopsis

Performs Mathematical Functions.

#### Description

Performs mathematical functions based on two parameters and an operator. The returned value type is *type*

Example: Set(i=\${MATH(123%16,int)}) - sets var i=11

#### Syntax

```
MATH(expression[,type])
```

#### Arguments

- *expression* - Is of the form: *number1 op number2* where the possible values for *op* are: +, -, /, \*, %, <, >, ^, AND, OR, XOR, <, %gt;, >=, <=, == (and behave as their C equivalents)
- *type* - Wanted type of result: f, float - float(default) i, int - integer h, hex - hex c, char - char

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_MD5

### MD5()

#### Synopsis

Computes an MD5 digest.

#### Description

Computes an MD5 digest.

#### Syntax

```
MD5 (data)
```

#### Arguments

- data

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_MEETME\_INFO

### MEETME\_INFO()

#### Synopsis

Query a given conference of various properties.

#### Description

#### Syntax

```
MEETME_INFO (keyword, confno)
```

#### Arguments

- keyword - Options:
  - lock - Boolean of whether the corresponding conference is locked.
  - parties - Number of parties in a given conference
  - activity - Duration of conference in seconds.
  - dynamic - Boolean of whether the corresponding conference is dynamic.
- confno - Conference number to retrieve information from.

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_MeetMe](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_MeetMeCount](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_MeetMeAdmin](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_MeetMeChannelAdmin](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_MESSAGE

### MESSAGE()

#### Synopsis

Create a message or read fields from a message.

#### Description

This function will read from or write a value to a text message. It is used both to read the data out of an incoming message, as well as modify or create a message that will be sent outbound.

#### Syntax

```
MESSAGE ( argument )
```

#### Arguments

- `argument` - Field of the message to get or set.
  - `to` - Read-only. The destination of the message. When processing an incoming message, this will be set to the destination listed as the recipient of the message that was received by Asterisk.
  - `from` - Read-only. The source of the message. When processing an incoming message, this will be set to the source of the message.
  - `body` - Read/Write. The message body. When processing an incoming message, this includes the body of the message that Asterisk received. When `MessageSend()` is executed, the contents of this field are used as the body of the outgoing message. The body will always be UTF-8.

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_MessageSend](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_MESSAGE\_DATA

### MESSAGE\_DATA()

#### Synopsis

Read or write custom data attached to a message.

#### Description

This function will read from or write a value to a text message. It is used both to read the data out of an incoming message, as well as modify a message that will be sent outbound.

NOTE: If you want to set an outbound message to carry data in the current message, do `Set(MESSAGE_DATA(key)=${MESSAGE_DATA(key)})`.

#### Syntax

```
MESSAGE_DATA( argument )
```

#### Arguments

- `argument` - Field of the message to get or set.

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_MessageSend](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_MINIVMACCOUNT

### MINIVMACCOUNT()

#### Synopsis

Gets MiniVoicemail account information.

#### Description

#### Syntax

```
MINIVMACCOUNT( account , item )
```

#### Arguments

- `account`
- `item` - Valid items are:
  - `path` - Path to account mailbox (if account exists, otherwise temporary mailbox).
  - `hasaccount` - 1 is static Minivm account exists, 0 otherwise.
  - `fullname` - Full name of account owner.
  - `email` - Email address used for account.
  - `etemplate` - Email template for account (default template if none is configured).
  - `ptemplate` - Pager template for account (default template if none is configured).
  - `accountcode` - Account code for the voicemail account.
  - `pincode` - Pin code for voicemail account.
  - `timezone` - Time zone for voicemail account.



- `language` - Language for voicemail account.
- `<channel variable name>` - Channel variable value (set in configuration for account).

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_MinivmRecord](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_MinivmGreet](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_MinivmNotify](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_MinivmDelete](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_MinivmAccMess](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_MinivmMWI](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_MINIVMCOUNTER](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_MINIVMCOUNTER

### MINIVMCOUNTER()

#### Synopsis

Reads or sets counters for MiniVoicemail message.

#### Description

The operation is atomic and the counter is locked while changing the value. The counters are stored as text files in the minivm account directories. It might be better to use realtime functions if you are using a database to operate your Asterisk.

#### Syntax

```
MINIVMCOUNTER( account , name [ , operand ] )
```

#### Arguments

- `account` - If account is given and it exists, the counter is specific for the account. If account is a domain and the domain directory exists, counters are specific for a domain.
- `name` - The name of the counter is a string, up to 10 characters.
- `operand` - The counters never goes below zero. Valid operands for changing the value of a counter when assigning a value are:
  - `i` - Increment by value.
  - `d` - Decrement by value.
  - `s` - Set to value.

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_MinivmRecord](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_MinivmGreet](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_MinivmNotify](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_MinivmDelete](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_MinivmAccMess](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_MUTEAUDIO

### MUTEAUDIO()

#### Synopsis

Muting audio streams in the channel

#### Description

The MUTEAUDIO function can be used to mute inbound (to the PBX) or outbound audio in a call.  
Example:

MUTEAUDIO(in)=on MUTEAUDIO(in)=off

#### Syntax

`MUTEAUDIO(direction)`

#### Arguments

- `direction` - Must be one of
  - `in` - Inbound stream (to the PBX)
  - `out` - Outbound stream (from the PBX)
  - `all` - Both streams

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_ODBC

### ODBC()

#### Synopsis

Controls ODBC transaction properties.

#### Description

The ODBC() function allows setting several properties to influence how a connected database

processes transactions.

#### Syntax

```
ODBC(property[,argument])
```

#### Arguments

- `property`
  - `transaction` - Gets or sets the active transaction ID. If set, and the transaction ID does not exist and a *database name* is specified as an argument, it will be created.
  - `forcecommit` - Controls whether a transaction will be automatically committed when the channel hangs up. Defaults to false. If a *transaction ID* is specified in the optional argument, the property will be applied to that ID, otherwise to the current active ID.
  - `isolation` - Controls the data isolation on uncommitted transactions. May be one of the following: `read_committed`, `read_uncommitted`, `repeatable_read`, or `serializable`. Defaults to the database setting in `res_odbc.conf` or `read_committed` if not specified. If a *transaction ID* is specified as an optional argument, it will be applied to that ID, otherwise the current active ID.
- `argument`

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_ODBC\_FETCH

### ODBC\_FETCH()

#### Synopsis

Fetch a row from a multirow query.

#### Description

For queries which are marked as `mode=multirow`, the original query returns a *result-id* from which results may be fetched. This function implements the actual fetch of the results.

This also sets `None` - `ODBC_FETCH_STATUS`.

- `ODBC_FETCH_STATUS` -
  - `SUCCESS` - If rows are available.
  - `FAILURE` - If no rows are available.

#### Syntax

```
ODBC_FETCH(result-id)
```

#### Arguments

- `result-id`

#### See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_PASSTHRU

### PASSTHRU()

#### Synopsis

Pass the given argument back as a value.

#### Description

Literally returns the given *string*. The intent is to permit other dialplan functions which take a variable name as an argument to be able to take a literal string, instead.

#### Syntax

```
PASSTHRU([string])
```

#### Arguments

- *string*

#### See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_PITCH\_SHIFT

### PITCH\_SHIFT()

#### Synopsis

Pitch shift both tx and rx audio streams on a channel.

#### Description

Examples:

exten => 1,1,Set(PITCH\_SHIFT(tx)=highest); raises pitch an octave

exten => 1,1,Set(PITCH\_SHIFT(rx)=higher) ; raises pitch more

exten => 1,1,Set(PITCH\_SHIFT(both)=high) ; raises pitch

exten => 1,1,Set(PITCH\_SHIFT(rx)=low) ; lowers pitch

exten => 1,1,Set(PITCH\_SHIFT(tx)=lower) ; lowers pitch more

exten => 1,1,Set(PITCH\_SHIFT(both)=lowest) ; lowers pitch an octave

exten => 1,1,Set(PITCH\_SHIFT(rx)=0.8) ; lowers pitch

exten => 1,1,Set(PITCH\_SHIFT(tx)=1.5) ; raises pitch

#### Syntax

```
PITCH_SHIFT(channel direction)
```

#### Arguments

- `channel direction` - Direction can be either `rx`, `tx`, or `both`. The direction can either be set to a valid floating point number between 0.1 and 4.0 or one of the enum values listed below. A value of 1.0 has no effect. Greater than 1 raises the pitch. Lower than 1 lowers the pitch. The pitch amount can also be set by the following values
  - `highest`
  - `higher`
  - `high`
  - `low`
  - `lower`
  - `lowest`

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_POP

### POP()

#### Synopsis

Removes and returns the last item off of a variable containing delimited text

#### Description

Example:

```
exten => s,1,Set(array=one,two,three)
```

```
exten => s,n,While($["${SET(var=${POP(array)})}" != ""])
```

```
exten => s,n,NoOp(var is ${var})
```

```
exten => s,n,EndWhile
```

This would iterate over each value in array, right to left, and would result in `NoOp(var is three)`, `NoOp(var is two)`, and `NoOp(var is one)` being executed.

## Syntax

```
POP(varname[,delimiter])
```

## Arguments

- `varname`
- `delimiter`

## See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 Function\_PP\_EACH\_EXTENSION

## PP\_EACH\_EXTENSION()

## Synopsis

Execute specified template for each extension.

## Description

Output the specified template for each extension associated with the specified MAC address.

## Syntax

```
PP_EACH_EXTENSION(mac,template)
```

## Arguments

- `mac`
- `template`

## See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 Function\_PP\_EACH\_USER

## PP\_EACH\_USER()

## Synopsis

Generate a string for each phoneprov user.

### Description

Pass in a string, with phoneprov variables you want substituted in the format of %{VARNAME}, and you will get the string rendered for each user in phoneprov excluding ones with MAC address *exclude\_mac*. Probably not useful outside of res\_phoneprov.

Example: `${PP_EACH_USER(<item><fn>%{DISPLAY_NAME}</fn></item>|${MAC})}`

### Syntax

```
PP_EACH_USER(string,exclude_mac)
```

### Arguments

- `string`
- `exclude_mac`

### See Also

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_PUSH

### PUSH()

### Synopsis

Appends one or more values to the end of a variable containing delimited text

### Description

Example: `Set(PUSH(array)=one,two,three)` would append one, two, and three to the end of the values stored in the variable "array".

### Syntax

```
PUSH(varname[,delimiter])
```

### Arguments

- `varname`
- `delimiter`

### See Also

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_QUEUE\_EXISTS

### QUEUE\_EXISTS()

#### Synopsis

Check if a named queue exists on this server

#### Description

Returns 1 if the specified queue exists, 0 if it does not

#### Syntax

```
QUEUE_EXISTS( [ queueName ] )
```

#### Arguments

- queueName

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_Queue](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_QueueLog](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_AddQueueMember](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_RemoveQueueMember](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_PauseQueueMember](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_UnpauseQueueMember](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_QUEUE\\_VARIABLES](#)  
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[Asterisk 10 Function\\_QUEUE\\_WAITING\\_COUNT](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_QUEUE\\_MEMBER\\_LIST](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_QUEUE\\_MEMBER\\_PENALTY](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_QUEUE\_MEMBER

### QUEUE\_MEMBER()

#### Synopsis

Count number of members answering a queue.

#### Description



Allows access to queue counts R and member information [R/W].

*queuename* is required for all operations *interface* is required for all member operations.

#### Syntax

```
QUEUE_MEMBER(queuename,option[,interface])
```

#### Arguments

- *queuename*
- *option*
  - *logged* - Returns the number of logged-in members for the specified queue.
  - *free* - Returns the number of logged-in members for the specified queue that either can take calls or are currently wrapping up after a previous call.
  - *ready* - Returns the number of logged-in members for the specified queue that are immediately available to answer a call.
  - *count* - Returns the total number of members for the specified queue.
  - *penalty* - Gets or sets queue member penalty.
  - *paused* - Gets or sets queue member paused status.
  - *ignorebusy* - Gets or sets queue member ignorebusy.
- *interface*

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_Queue](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_QueueLog](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_AddQueueMember](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_RemoveQueueMember](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_PauseQueueMember](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_UnpauseQueueMember](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_QUEUE\\_VARIABLES](#)  
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[Asterisk 10 Function\\_QUEUE\\_MEMBER\\_PENALTY](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_QUEUE\_MEMBER\_COUNT

### QUEUE\_MEMBER\_COUNT()

#### Synopsis

Count number of members answering a queue.

#### Description

Returns the number of members currently associated with the specified *queuename*.

This function has been deprecated in favor of the `QUEUE_MEMBER( )` function

#### Syntax

```
QUEUE_MEMBER_COUNT( queuename )
```

#### Arguments

- *queuename*

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_Queue](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_QueueLog](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_AddQueueMember](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_RemoveQueueMember](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_PauseQueueMember](#)  
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[Asterisk 10 Function\\_QUEUE\\_MEMBER\\_PENALTY](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_QUEUE\_MEMBER\_LIST

### QUEUE\_MEMBER\_LIST()

#### Synopsis

Returns a list of interfaces on a queue.

#### Description

Returns a comma-separated list of members associated with the specified *queuename*.

#### Syntax

```
QUEUE_MEMBER_LIST( queuename )
```

#### Arguments

- `queuename`

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_Queue](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_QueueLog](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_AddQueueMember](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_RemoveQueueMember](#)  
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[Asterisk 10 Function\\_QUEUE\\_MEMBER\\_PENALTY](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_QUEUE\_MEMBER\_PENALTY

### QUEUE\_MEMBER\_PENALTY()

#### Synopsis

Gets or sets queue members penalty.

#### Description

Gets or sets queue members penalty.

This function has been deprecated in favor of the `QUEUE_MEMBER( )` function

#### Syntax

```
QUEUE_MEMBER_PENALTY(queuename,interface)
```

#### Arguments

- `queuename`
- `interface`

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_Queue](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_QueueLog](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_AddQueueMember](#)

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_RemoveQueueMember](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_PauseQueueMember](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_UnpauseQueueMember](#)  
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[Asterisk 10 Function\\_QUEUE\\_MEMBER\\_PENALTY](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_QUEUE\_VARIABLES

### QUEUE\_VARIABLES()

#### Synopsis

Return Queue information in variables.

#### Description

Makes the following queue variables available.

Returns 0 if queue is found and setqueuevar is defined, -1 otherwise.

#### Syntax

```
QUEUE_VARIABLES ( queueName )
```

#### Arguments

- queueName
  - QUEUEMAX - Maximum number of calls allowed.
  - QUEUESTRATEGY - The strategy of the queue.
  - QUEUECALLS - Number of calls currently in the queue.
  - QUEUEHOLDTIME - Current average hold time.
  - QUEUECOMPLETED - Number of completed calls for the queue.
  - QUEUEABANDONED - Number of abandoned calls.
  - QUEUESRVLEVEL - Queue service level.
  - QUEUESRVLEVELPERF - Current service level performance.

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_Queue](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_QueueLog](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_AddQueueMember](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_RemoveQueueMember](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_PauseQueueMember](#)

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[Asterisk 10 Function\\_QUEUE\\_MEMBER\\_PENALTY](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_QUEUE\_WAITING\_COUNT

### QUEUE\_WAITING\_COUNT()

#### Synopsis

Count number of calls currently waiting in a queue.

#### Description

Returns the number of callers currently waiting in the specified *queuename*.

#### Syntax

```
QUEUE_WAITING_COUNT ( [ queuename ] )
```

#### Arguments

- *queuename*

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application\\_Queue](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_QueueLog](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_AddQueueMember](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_RemoveQueueMember](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Application\\_PauseQueueMember](#)  
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[Asterisk 10 Function\\_QUEUE\\_MEMBER\\_PENALTY](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_QUOTE

### QUOTE()

#### Synopsis

Quotes a given string, escaping embedded quotes as necessary

#### Description

Example: `${QUOTE(ab"cd"e)}` will return "abcde"

#### Syntax

```
QUOTE(string)
```

#### Arguments

- `string`

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_RANDOM

### RAND()

#### Synopsis

Choose a random number in a range.

#### Description

Choose a random number between *min* and *max*. *min* defaults to 0, if not specified, while *max* defaults to `RAND_MAX` (2147483647 on many systems).

Example: `Set(junky=${RAND(1,8)})`; Sets junky to a random number between 1 and 8, inclusive.

#### Syntax

```
RAND([min[,max]])
```

#### Arguments

- min
- max

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_REALTIME

### REALTIME()

#### Synopsis

RealTime Read/Write Functions.

#### Description

This function will read or write values from/to a RealTime repository. REALTIME(...) will read names/values from the repository, and REALTIME(...)= will write a new value/field to the repository. On a read, this function returns a delimited text string. The name/value pairs are delimited by *delim1*, and the name and value are delimited between each other with *delim2*. If there is no match, NULL will be returned by the function. On a write, this function will always return NULL.

#### Syntax

```
REALTIME( family, fieldmatch[ , value[ , delim1 | field[ , delim2]] ] )
```

#### Arguments

- family
- fieldmatch
- value
- delim1 | field - Use *delim1* with *delim2* on read and *field* without *delim2* on write. If we are reading and *delim1* is not specified, defaults to ,
- delim2 - Parameter only used when reading, if not specified defaults to =

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Function\\_REALTIME\\_STORE](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_REALTIME\\_DESTROY](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_REALTIME\\_FIELD](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_REALTIME\\_HASH](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_REALTIME\_DESTROY

## REALTIME\_DESTROY()

### Synopsis

RealTime Destroy Function.

### Description

This function acts in the same way as `REALTIME(...)` does, except that it destroys the matched record in the RT engine.

### Syntax

```
REALTIME_DESTROY(family,fieldmatch[,value[,delim1[,delim2]]])
```

### Arguments

- `family`
- `fieldmatch`
- `value`
- `delim1`
- `delim2`

### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Function\\_REALTIME](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_REALTIME\\_STORE](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_REALTIME\\_FIELD](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_REALTIME\\_HASH](#)

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_REALTIME\_FIELD

## REALTIME\_FIELD()

### Synopsis

RealTime query function.

### Description

This function retrieves a single item, *fieldname* from the RT engine, where *fieldmatch* contains the value *value*. When written to, the `REALTIME_FIELD()` function performs identically to the `REALTIME()` function.

### Syntax



```
REALTIME_FIELD(family,fieldmatch,value,fieldname)
```

#### Arguments

- family
- fieldmatch
- value
- fieldname

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Function\\_REALTIME](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_REALTIME\\_STORE](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_REALTIME\\_DESTROY](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_REALTIME\\_HASH](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_REALTIME\_HASH

### REALTIME\_HASH()

#### Synopsis

RealTime query function.

#### Description

This function retrieves a single record from the RT engine, where *fieldmatch* contains the value *value* and formats the output suitably, such that it can be assigned to the HASH() function. The HASH() function then provides a suitable method for retrieving each field value of the record.

#### Syntax

```
REALTIME_HASH(family,fieldmatch,value)
```

#### Arguments

- family
- fieldmatch
- value

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Function\\_REALTIME](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_REALTIME\\_STORE](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_REALTIME\\_DESTROY](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_REALTIME\\_FIELD](#)

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_REALTIME\_STORE

### REALTIME\_STORE()

#### Synopsis

RealTime Store Function.

#### Description

This function will insert a new set of values into the RealTime repository. If RT engine provides an unique ID of the stored record, REALTIME\_STORE(...)=.. creates channel variable named RTSTOREID, which contains value of unique ID. Currently, a maximum of 30 field/value pairs is supported.

#### Syntax

```
REALTIME_STORE(family,field1,fieldN[,...],field30)
```

#### Arguments

- family
- field1
- fieldN
- field30

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Function\\_REALTIME](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_REALTIME\\_DESTROY](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_REALTIME\\_FIELD](#)  
[Asterisk 10 Function\\_REALTIME\\_HASH](#)

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_REDIRECTING

### REDIRECTING()

#### Synopsis

Gets or sets Redirecting data on the channel.

#### Description

Gets or sets Redirecting data on the channel.

The allowable values for the *reason* field are the following:

Unknown

Call Forwarding Busy

Call Forwarding No Reply

Callee is Unavailable

Time of Day

Do Not Disturb

Call Deflection

Follow Me

Called DTE Out-Of-Order

Callee is Away

Call Forwarding By The Called DTE

Call Forwarding Unconditional

The allowable values for the *xxx-name-charset* field are the following:

Unknown

ISO8859-1

Withdrawn

ISO8859-2

ISO8859-3

ISO8859-4

ISO8859-5

ISO8859-7

ISO10646 Bmp String

ISO10646 UTF-8 String

## Syntax

```
REDIRECTING(datatype[,i])
```

## Arguments

- `datatype` - The allowable datatypes are:
  - `from-all`
  - `from-name`
  - `from-name-valid`
  - `from-name-charset`
  - `from-name-pres`
  - `from-num`
  - `from-num-valid`
  - `from-num-plan`
  - `from-num-pres`
  - `from-subaddr`
  - `from-subaddr-valid`
  - `from-subaddr-type`
  - `from-subaddr-odd`
  - `from-tag`
  - `to-all`
  - `to-name`
  - `to-name-valid`
  - `to-name-charset`
  - `to-name-pres`
  - `to-num`
  - `to-num-valid`
  - `to-num-plan`
  - `to-num-pres`
  - `to-subaddr`
  - `to-subaddr-valid`
  - `to-subaddr-type`
  - `to-subaddr-odd`
  - `to-tag`
  - `reason`
  - `count`
- `i` - If set, this will prevent the channel from sending out protocol messages because of the value being set

## See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_REGEX

### REGEX()

#### Synopsis

Check string against a regular expression.

#### Description

Return 1 on regular expression match or 0 otherwise

Please note that the space following the double quotes separating the regex from the data is optional and if present, is skipped. If a space is desired at the beginning of the data, then put two spaces there; the second will not be skipped.

## Syntax

```
REGEX("regular expression",string)
```

## Arguments

- "regular expression"
- string

## See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 Function\_REPLACE

## REPLACE()

## Synopsis

Replace a set of characters in a given string with another character.

## Description

Iterates through a string replacing all the *find-chars* with *replace-char*. *replace-char* may be either empty or contain one character. If empty, all *find-chars* will be deleted from the output.

The replacement only occurs in the output. The original variable is not altered. The replacement only occurs in the output. The original variable is not altered.

## Syntax

```
REPLACE(varname,find-chars[,replace-char])
```

## Arguments

- varname
- find-chars
- replace-char

## See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 Function\_SET

## SET()

### Synopsis

SET assigns a value to a channel variable.

### Description

### Syntax

```
SET(varname[,value])
```

### Arguments

- varname
- value

### See Also

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_SHA1

### SHA1()

### Synopsis

Computes a SHA1 digest.

### Description

Generate a SHA1 digest via the SHA1 algorythm.

Example: Set(shahash=\${SHA1(junky)})

Sets the asterisk variable shahash to the string  
60fa5675b9303eb62f99a9cd47f9f5837d18f9a0 which is known as his hash

### Syntax

```
SHA1(data)
```

### Arguments

- data - Input string

### See Also

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_SHARED

### SHARED()

#### Synopsis

Gets or sets the shared variable specified.

#### Description

Implements a shared variable area, in which you may share variables between channels.

The variables used in this space are separate from the general namespace of the channel and thus `None - SHARED(foo)` and `The variables used in this space are separate from the general namespace of the channel and thus None - foo represent two completely different variables, despite sharing the same name.`

Finally, realize that there is an inherent race between channels operating at the same time, fiddling with each others' internal variables, which is why this special variable namespace exists; it is to remind you that variables in the SHARED namespace may change at any time, without warning. You should therefore take special care to ensure that when using the SHARED namespace, you retrieve the variable and store it in a regular channel variable before using it in a set of calculations (or you might be surprised by the result).

#### Syntax

```
SHARED( varname[ , channel ] )
```

#### Arguments

- `varname` - Variable name
- `channel` - If not specified will default to current channel. It is the complete channel name: `SIP/12-abcd1234` or the prefix only `SIP/12`.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_SHELL

### SHELL()

#### Synopsis

Executes a command as if you were at a shell.

## Description

Returns the value from a system command

Example:

```
Set (foo=${SHELL}(echo \bar))
```

When using the SHELL() dialplan function, your \SHELL\ is /bin/sh, which may differ as to the underlying shell, depending upon your production platform. Also keep in mind that if you are using a common path, you should be mindful of race conditions that could result from two calls running SHELL() simultaneously. When using the SHELL() dialplan function, your \SHELL\ is /bin/sh, which may differ as to the underlying shell, depending upon your production platform. Also keep in mind that if you are using a common path, you should be mindful of race conditions that could result from two calls running SHELL() simultaneously.

## Syntax

```
SHELL ( command )
```

## Arguments

- `command` - This is the argument to the function, the command you want to pass to the shell.

## See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 Function\_SHIFT

## SHIFT()

### Synopsis

Removes and returns the first item off of a variable containing delimited text

### Description

Example:

```
exten => s,1,Set(array=one,two,three)
```

```
exten => s,n,While("${SET(var=${SHIFT(array)})}" != "")
```

```
exten => s,n,NoOp(var is ${var})
```

```
exten => s,n,EndWhile
```



This would iterate over each value in array, left to right, and would result in NoOp(var is one), NoOp(var is two), and NoOp(var is three) being executed.

#### Syntax

```
SHIFT(varname[,delimiter])
```

#### Arguments

- varname
- delimiter

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_SIP\_HEADER

### SIP\_HEADER()

#### Synopsis

Gets the specified SIP header from an incoming INVITE message.

#### Description

Since there are several headers (such as Via) which can occur multiple times, SIP\_HEADER takes an optional second argument to specify which header with that name to retrieve. Headers start at offset 1.

#### Syntax

```
SIP_HEADER(name[,number])
```

#### Arguments

- name
- number - If not specified, defaults to 1.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_SIPCHANINFO

### SIPCHANINFO()

## Synopsis

Gets the specified SIP parameter from the current channel.

## Description

## Syntax

```
SIPCHANINFO(item)
```

## Arguments

- *item*
  - *peerip* - The IP address of the peer.
  - *recvip* - The source IP address of the peer.
  - *from* - The URI from the `From:` header.
  - *uri* - The URI from the `Contact:` header.
  - *useragent* - The `useragent`.
  - *peername* - The name of the peer.
  - *t38passthrough* - 1 if T38 is offered or enabled in this channel, otherwise 0.

## See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 Function\_SIPPEER

## SIPPEER()

## Synopsis

Gets SIP peer information.

## Description

## Syntax

```
SIPPEER(peername[ , item ])
```

## Arguments

- *peername*
- *item*
  - *ip* - (default) The ip address.
  - *port* - The port number.
  - *mailbox* - The configured mailbox.
  - *context* - The configured context.
  - *expire* - The epoch time of the next expire.
  - *dynamic* - Is it dynamic? (yes/no).
  - *callerid\_name* - The configured Caller ID name.
  - *callerid\_num* - The configured Caller ID number.
  - *callgroup* - The configured Callgroup.
  - *pickupgroup* - The configured Pickupgroup.

- `codecs` - The configured codecs.
- `status` - Status (if `qualify=yes`).
- `regexten` - Registration extension.
- `limit` - Call limit (call-limit).
- `busylevel` - Configured call level for signalling busy.
- `curcalls` - Current amount of calls. Only available if call-limit is set.
- `language` - Default language for peer.
- `accountcode` - Account code for this peer.
- `useragent` - Current user agent id for peer.
- `maxforwards` - The value used for SIP loop prevention in outbound requests
- `chanvarname` - A channel variable configured with setvar for this peer.
- `codecx` - Preferred codec index number *x* (beginning with zero).

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_SMDI\_MSG

### SMDI\_MSG()

#### Synopsis

Retrieve details about an SMDI message.

#### Description

This function is used to access details of an SMDI message that was pulled from the incoming SMDI message queue using the `SMDI_MSG_RETRIEVE()` function.

#### Syntax

```
SMDI_MSG(message_id, component)
```

#### Arguments

- `message_id`
- `component` - Valid message components are:
  - `number` - The message desk number
  - `terminal` - The message desk terminal
  - `station` - The forwarding station
  - `callerid` - The callerID of the calling party that was forwarded
  - `type` - The call type. The value here is the exact character that came in on the SMDI link. Typically, example values are:
    - Options:
    - `D` - Direct Calls
    - `A` - Forward All Calls
    - `B` - Forward Busy Calls
    - `N` - Forward No Answer Calls

#### See Also

### Asterisk 10 Function\_SMDI\_MSG\_RETRIEVE

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_SMDI\_MSG\_RETRIEVE

### SMDI\_MSG\_RETRIEVE()

#### Synopsis

Retrieve an SMDI message.

#### Description

This function is used to retrieve an incoming SMDI message. It returns an ID which can be used with the SMDI\_MSG() function to access details of the message. Note that this is a destructive function in the sense that once an SMDI message is retrieved using this function, it is no longer in the global SMDI message queue, and can not be accessed by any other Asterisk channels. The timeout for this function is optional, and the default is 3 seconds. When providing a timeout, it should be in milliseconds.

The default search is done on the forwarding station ID. However, if you set one of the search key options in the options field, you can change this behavior.

#### Syntax

```
SMDI_MSG_RETRIEVE(smdi port,search key[,timeout[,options]])
```

#### Arguments

- smdi port
- search key
- timeout
- options
  - t - Instead of searching on the forwarding station, search on the message desk terminal.
  - n - Instead of searching on the forwarding station, search on the message desk number.

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Function\\_SMDI\\_MSG](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_SORT

### SORT()

#### Synopsis

Sorts a list of key/vals into a list of keys, based upon the vals.

### Description

Takes a comma-separated list of keys and values, each separated by a colon, and returns a comma-separated list of the keys, sorted by their values. Values will be evaluated as floating-point numbers.

### Syntax

```
SORT(key1val1[,key2val2[,...]])
```

### Arguments

- keyval
  - key1
  - val1
- keyvaln
  - key2
  - val2

### See Also

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_SPEECH

### SPEECH()

### Synopsis

Gets information about speech recognition results.

### Description

Gets information about speech recognition results.

### Syntax

```
SPEECH(argument)
```

### Arguments

- argument
  - status - Returns 1 upon speech object existing, or 0 if not
  - spoke - Returns 1 if spoker spoke, or 0 if not
  - results - Returns number of results that were recognized.

### See Also

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_SPEECH\_ENGINE

### SPEECH\_ENGINE()

#### Synopsis

Change a speech engine specific attribute.

#### Description

Changes a speech engine specific attribute.

#### Syntax

```
SPEECH_ENGINE ( name )
```

#### Arguments

- name

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_SPEECH\_GRAMMAR

### SPEECH\_GRAMMAR()

#### Synopsis

Gets the matched grammar of a result if available.

#### Description

Gets the matched grammar of a result if available.

#### Syntax

```
SPEECH_GRAMMAR ( [ nbest_number , result_number ] )
```

#### Arguments

- nbest\_number
- result\_number

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function `SPEECH_RESULTS_TYPE`

### `SPEECH_RESULTS_TYPE()`

#### Synopsis

Sets the type of results that will be returned.

#### Description

Sets the type of results that will be returned. Valid options are normal or nbest.

#### Syntax

```
SPEECH_RESULTS_TYPE( )
```

#### Arguments

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function `SPEECH_SCORE`

### `SPEECH_SCORE()`

#### Synopsis

Gets the confidence score of a result.

#### Description

Gets the confidence score of a result.

#### Syntax

```
SPEECH_SCORE( [nbest_number, result_number] )
```

#### Arguments

- `nbest_number`
- `result_number`

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function `SPEECH_TEXT`

### `SPEECH_TEXT()`

#### Synopsis

Gets the recognized text of a result.

#### Description

Gets the recognized text of a result.

#### Syntax

```
SPEECH_TEXT([nbest_number,result_number])
```

#### Arguments

- `nbest_number`
- `result_number`

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function `SPRINTF`

### `SPRINTF()`

#### Synopsis

Format a variable according to a format string.

#### Description

Parses the format string specified and returns a string matching that format. Supports most options found in **`sprintf(3)`**. Returns a shortened string if a format specifier is not recognized.

#### Syntax

```
SPRINTF(format,arg1[,arg2[,...][,argN]])
```

#### Arguments



- `format`
- `arg1`
- `arg2`
- `argN`

#### See Also

`sprintf(3)`

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_SQL\_ESC

### SQL\_ESC()

#### Synopsis

Escapes single ticks for use in SQL statements.

#### Description

Used in SQL templates to escape data which may contain single ticks ' which are otherwise used to delimit data.

Example: `SELECT foo FROM bar WHERE baz='${SQL_ESC(${ARG1}})'`

#### Syntax

```
SQL_ESC(string)
```

#### Arguments

- `string`

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_SRVQUERY

### SRVQUERY()

#### Synopsis

Initiate an SRV query.

## Description

This will do an SRV lookup of the given service.

## Syntax

```
SRVQUERY(service)
```

## Arguments

- `service` - The service for which to look up SRV records. An example would be something like `_sip._udp.example.com`

## See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 Function `_SRVRESULT`

## `SRVRESULT()`

## Synopsis

Retrieve results from an SRVQUERY.

## Description

This function will retrieve results from a previous use of the SRVQUERY function.

## Syntax

```
SRVRESULT(id,resultnum)
```

## Arguments

- `id` - The identifier returned by the SRVQUERY function.
- `resultnum` - The number of the result that you want to retrieve. Results start at 1. If this argument is specified as `getnum`, then it will return the total number of results that are available.

## See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 Function `_STAT`

## `STAT()`

## Synopsis

Does a check on the specified file.

## Description

## Syntax

```
STAT(flag, filename)
```

## Arguments

- `flag` - Flag may be one of the following: `d` - Checks if the file is a directory. `e` - Checks if the file exists. `f` - Checks if the file is a regular file. `m` - Returns the file mode (in octal) `s` - Returns the size (in bytes) of the file `A` - Returns the epoch at which the file was last accessed. `C` - Returns the epoch at which the inode was last changed. `M` - Returns the epoch at which the file was last modified.
- `filename`

## See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 Function\_STRFTIME

## STRFTIME()

## Synopsis

Returns the current date/time in the specified format.

## Description

STRFTIME supports all of the same formats as the underlying C function **strftime(3)**. It also supports the following format:

`%nq` - fractions of a second, with leading zeros.

Example:

`%3q` will give milliseconds and `%1q` will give tenths of a second. The default is set at milliseconds (`n=3`). The common case is to use it in combination with `%S`, as in `%S.%3q`.

## Syntax

```
STRFTIME([epoch[, timezone[, format]]])
```

## Arguments

- `epoch`
- `timezone`
- `format`

## See Also

`strftime(3)`

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function `_STRPTIME`

### `STRPTIME()`

#### Synopsis

Returns the epoch of the arbitrary date/time string structured as described by the format.

#### Description

This is useful for converting a date into `EPOCH` time, possibly to pass to an application like `SayUnixTime` or to calculate the difference between the two date strings

Example: `${STRPTIME(2006-03-01 07:30:35,America/Chicago,%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S)}`  
returns 1141219835

#### Syntax

```
STRPTIME(datetime,timezone,format)
```

#### Arguments

- `datetime`
- `timezone`
- `format`

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function `_STRREPLACE`

### `STRREPLACE()`

#### Synopsis

Replace instances of a substring within a string with another string.

#### Description

Searches for all instances of the *find-string* in provided variable and replaces them with

*replace-string*. If *replace-string* is an empty string, this will effectively delete that substring. If *max-replacements* is specified, this function will stop after performing replacements *max-replacements* times.

The replacement only occurs in the output. The original variable is not altered. The replacement only occurs in the output. The original variable is not altered.

#### Syntax

```
STRREPLACE(varname,find-string[,replace-string[,max-replacements]])
```

#### Arguments

- `varname`
- `find-string`
- `replace-string`
- `max-replacements`

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_SYSINFO

### SYSINFO()

#### Synopsis

Returns system information specified by parameter.

#### Description

Returns information from a given parameter.

#### Syntax

```
SYSINFO(parameter)
```

#### Arguments

- `parameter`
  - `loadavg` - System load average from past minute.
  - `numcalls` - Number of active calls currently in progress.
  - `uptime` - System uptime in hours. This parameter is dependant upon operating system. This parameter is dependant upon operating system.
  - `totalram` - Total usable main memory size in KiB. This parameter is dependant upon operating system. This parameter is dependant upon operating system.
  - `freeram` - Available memory size in KiB. This parameter is dependant upon operating system. This parameter is dependant upon operating system.
  - `bufferram` - Memory used by buffers in KiB. This parameter is dependant upon operating system. This parameter is dependant upon operating system.
  - `totalswap` - Total swap space still available in KiB. This parameter is dependant upon operating system. This parameter is

- dependant upon operating system.
- `freeswap` - Free swap space still available in KiB. This parameter is dependant upon operating system. This parameter is dependant upon operating system.
- `numprocs` - Number of current processes. This parameter is dependant upon operating system. This parameter is dependant upon operating system.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function `TESTTIME`

### `TESTTIME()`

#### Synopsis

Sets a time to be used with the channel to test logical conditions.

#### Description

To test dialplan timing conditions at times other than the current time, use this function to set an alternate date and time. For example, you may wish to evaluate whether a location will correctly identify to callers that the area is closed on Christmas Day, when Christmas would otherwise fall on a day when the office is normally open.

#### Syntax

```
TESTTIME(date time[,zone])
```

#### Arguments

- `date` - Date in ISO 8601 format
- `time` - Time in HH:MM:SS format (24-hour time)
- `zone` - Timezone name

#### See Also

[Asterisk 10 Application `Gotolftime`](#)

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function `TIMEOUT`

### `TIMEOUT()`

#### Synopsis

Gets or sets timeouts on the channel. Timeout values are in seconds.

## Description

The timeouts that can be manipulated are:

`absolute` : The absolute maximum amount of time permitted for a call. Setting of 0 disables the timeout. `digit` : The maximum amount of time permitted between digits when the user is typing in an extension. When this timeout expires, after the user has started to type in an extension, the extension will be considered complete, and will be interpreted. Note that if an extension typed in is valid, it will not have to timeout to be tested, so typically at the expiry of this timeout, the extension will be considered invalid (and thus control would be passed to the `i` extension, or if it doesn't exist the call would be terminated). The default timeout is 5 seconds. `response` : The maximum amount of time permitted after falling through a series of priorities for a channel in which the user may begin typing an extension. If the user does not type an extension in this amount of time, control will pass to the `t` extension if it exists, and if not the call would be terminated. The default timeout is 10 seconds.

## Syntax

```
TIMEOUT(timeouttype)
```

## Arguments

- `timeouttype` - The timeout that will be manipulated. The possible timeout types are: `absolute`, `digit` or `response`

## See Also

## Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

# Asterisk 10 Function `_TOLOWER`

## `TOLOWER()`

## Synopsis

Convert string to all lowercase letters.

## Description

Example: `${TOLOWER(Example)}` returns "example"

## Syntax

```
TOLOWER(string)
```

## Arguments

- `string`

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_TOUPPER

### TOUPPER()

#### Synopsis

Convert string to all uppercase letters.

#### Description

Example: `${TOUPPER(Example)}` returns "EXAMPLE"

#### Syntax

```
TOUPPER(string)
```

#### Arguments

- `string`

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_TRYLOCK

### TRYLOCK()

#### Synopsis

Attempt to obtain a named mutex.

#### Description

Attempts to grab a named lock exclusively, and prevents other channels from obtaining the same lock. Returns 1 if the lock was available or 0 otherwise.

#### Syntax

```
TRYLOCK(lockname)
```



#### Arguments

- `lockname`

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_TXTCIDNAME

### TXTCIDNAME()

#### Synopsis

TXTCIDNAME looks up a caller name via DNS.

#### Description

This function looks up the given phone number in DNS to retrieve the caller id name. The result will either be blank or be the value found in the TXT record in DNS.

#### Syntax

```
TXTCIDNAME(number[ , zone-suffix])
```

#### Arguments

- `number`
- `zone-suffix` - If no *zone-suffix* is given, the default will be `e164.arpa`

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_UNLOCK

### UNLOCK()

#### Synopsis

Unlocks a named mutex.

#### Description

Unlocks a previously locked mutex. Returns 1 if the channel had a lock or 0 otherwise.

It is generally unnecessary to unlock in a hangup routine, as any locks held are automatically freed when the channel is destroyed. It is generally unnecessary to unlock in a hangup routine, as any locks held are automatically freed when the channel is destroyed.

#### Syntax

```
UNLOCK(lockname)
```

#### Arguments

- lockname

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_UNSHIFT

### UNSHIFT()

#### Synopsis

Inserts one or more values to the beginning of a variable containing delimited text

#### Description

Example: Set(UNSHIFT(array)=one,two,three) would insert one, two, and three before the values stored in the variable "array".

#### Syntax

```
UNSHIFT(varname[,delimiter])
```

#### Arguments

- varname
- delimiter

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_URIDECODE

### URIDECODE()

### Synopsis

Decodes a URI-encoded string according to RFC 2396.

### Description

Returns the decoded URI-encoded *data* string.

### Syntax

```
URIDECODE ( data )
```

### Arguments

- *data* - Input string to be decoded.

### See Also

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_URIENCODE

### URIENCODE()

### Synopsis

Encodes a string to URI-safe encoding according to RFC 2396.

### Description

Returns the encoded string defined in *data*.

### Syntax

```
URIENCODE ( data )
```

### Arguments

- *data* - Input string to be encoded.

### See Also

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_VALID\_EXTEN

## VALID\_EXTEN()

### Synopsis

Determine whether an extension exists or not.

### Description

Returns a true value if the indicated *context*, *extension*, and *priority* exist.

This function has been deprecated in favor of the `DIALPLAN_EXISTS()` function

### Syntax

```
VALID_EXTEN([context,extension[,priority]])
```

### Arguments

- `context` - Defaults to the current context
- `extension`
- `priority` - Priority defaults to 1.

### See Also

### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_VERSION

## VERSION()

### Synopsis

Return the Version info for this Asterisk.

### Description

If there are no arguments, return the version of Asterisk in this format: SVN-branch-1.4-r44830M

Example: `Set(junky=${VERSION()});`

Sets junky to the string `SVN-branch-1.6-r74830M`, or possibly, `SVN-trunk-r45126M`.

### Syntax

```
VERSION([info])
```

### Arguments

- `info` - The possible values are:
  - `ASTERISK_VERSION_NUM` - A string of digits is returned (right now fixed at 999999).
  - `BUILD_USER` - The string representing the user's name whose account was used to configure Asterisk, is returned.
  - `BUILD_HOSTNAME` - The string representing the name of the host on which Asterisk was configured, is returned.
  - `BUILD_MACHINE` - The string representing the type of machine on which Asterisk was configured, is returned.
  - `BUILD_OS` - The string representing the OS of the machine on which Asterisk was configured, is returned.
  - `BUILD_DATE` - The string representing the date on which Asterisk was configured, is returned.
  - `BUILD_KERNEL` - The string representing the kernel version of the machine on which Asterisk was configured, is returned.

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_VMCOUNT

### VMCOUNT()

#### Synopsis

Count the voicemails in a specified mailbox.

#### Description

Count the number of voicemails in a specified mailbox, you could also specify the *context* and the mailbox *folder*.

Example:

```
exten => s,1,Set(foo=${VMCOUNT(125)})
```

#### Syntax

```
VMCOUNT(vmbox[@context][,folder])
```

#### Arguments

- `vmbox`
  - `vmbox`
  - `context` - If not specified, defaults to default.
- `folder` - If not specified, defaults to `INBOX`

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.

## Asterisk 10 Function\_VOLUME

### VOLUME()

#### Synopsis

Set the TX or RX volume of a channel.

#### Description

The VOLUME function can be used to increase or decrease the `tx` or `rx` gain of any channel.

For example:

```
Set(VOLUME(TX)=3)
```

```
Set(VOLUME(RX)=2)
```

```
Set(VOLUME(TX,p)=3)
```

```
Set(VOLUME(RX,p)=3>
```

#### Syntax

```
VOLUME(direction[,options])
```

#### Arguments

- `direction` - Must be TX or RX.
- `options`
  - `p` - Enable DTMF volume control

#### See Also

#### Import Version

This documentation was imported from Asterisk version SVN-branch-10-r340810.